



# Latest Results From JLab Longitudinal Spin Experiments

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# Outline

- QCD and spin physics
- Polarized DIS and spin structure functions
- Experiments at Jefferson Lab for  $g_1$  and  $g_2$
- SANE and EG4
- Other experiments for  $g_2$
- Summary

# Nucleon Spin Structure

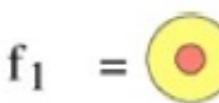
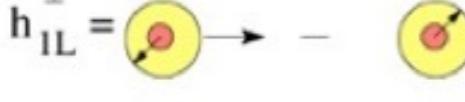
- Explaining nucleon spin in terms of quarks and gluons (QCD)
- Nucleon spin is  $1/2$ 
  - De-composition is not trivial
  - ~30% from quark spins
  - Little or no polarized gluons

# Solving the Puzzle

- Spin structure functions  $g_1$  and  $g_2$ 
  - Electron scattering on polarized targets ( $p, d, {}^3\text{He}$ )
- Gluon polarization
  - Direct measurement from polarized pp scattering (PHENIX, STAR)
  - QCD evolution from spin structure functions
- Orbital Angular Momentum (OAM)
  - Generalized Parton Distributions

# All Eight Quark Distributions Are Probed in Semi-Inclusive DIS

$$d^6\sigma = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2 s_x}{Q^4} \times$$

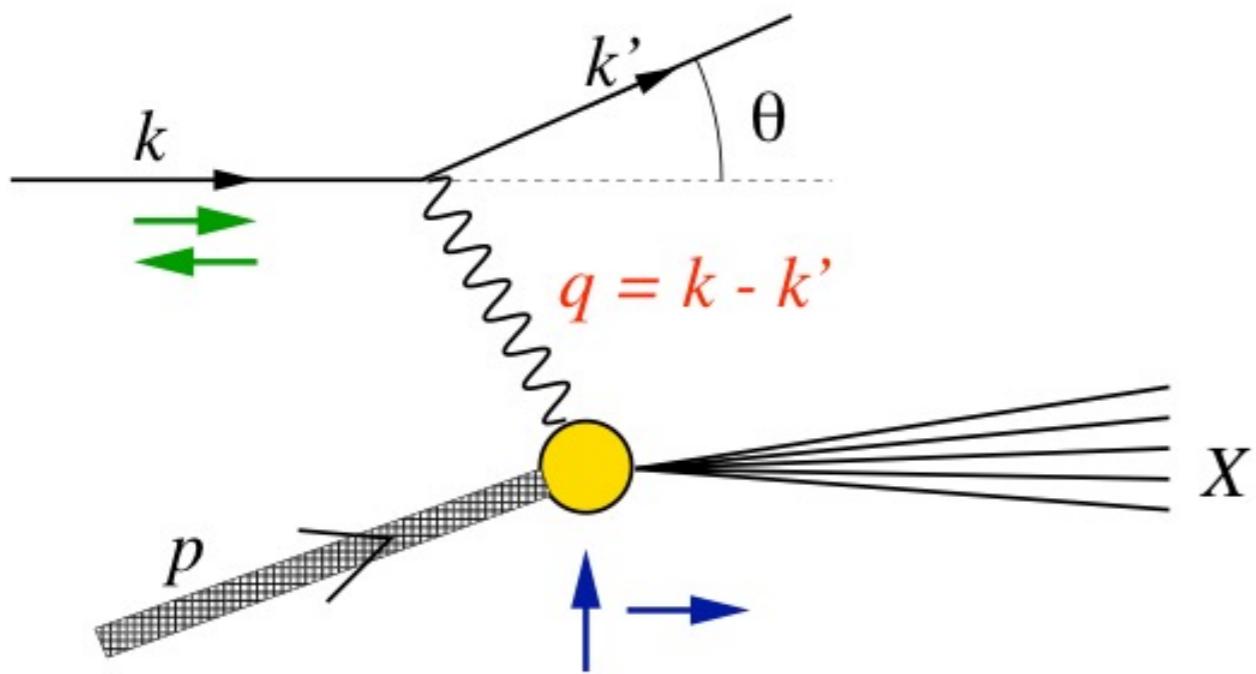
 <b>f<sub>1</sub></b>	$\{ [1 + (1 - y)^2] \sum_{q,\bar{q}} e_q^2 f_1^q(x) D_1^q(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	Unpolarized
 <b>Boer-Mulder</b> $h_1^\perp =$	$+ (1 - y) \frac{P_{h\perp}^2}{4z^2 M_N M_h} \cos(2\phi_h^l) \sum_{q,\bar{q}} e_q^2 h_1^{\perp(1)q}(x) H_1^{\perp q}(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	
 <b>Transversity</b> $h_{1L}^\perp =$	$-  S_L (1 - y) \frac{P_{h\perp}^2}{4z^2 M_N M_h} \sin(2\phi_h^l) \sum_{q,\bar{q}} e_q^2 h_{1L}^{\perp(1)q}(x) H_1^{\perp q}(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	
 <b>Sivers</b> $f_{1T}^\perp =$	$+  S_T (1 - y) \frac{P_{h\perp}}{z M_h} \sin(\phi_h^l + \phi_S^l) \sum_{q,\bar{q}} e_q^2 h_1^q(x) H_1^{\perp q}(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	Polarized target
 $h_{1T}^\perp =$	$+  S_T (1 - y + \frac{1}{2}y^2) \frac{P_{h\perp}}{z M_N} \sin(\phi_h^l - \phi_S^l) \sum_{q,\bar{q}} e_q^2 f_{1T}^{\perp(1)q}(x) D_1^q(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	
 $g_{1L}^\perp =$	$+  S_T (1 - y) \frac{P_{h\perp}^3}{6z^3 M_N^2 M_h} \sin(3\phi_h^l - \phi_S^l) \sum_{q,\bar{q}} e_q^2 h_{1T}^{\perp(2)q}(x) H_1^{\perp q}(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	
 $g_{1T}^\perp =$	$+ \lambda_e  S_L  y (1 - \frac{1}{2}y) \sum_{q,\bar{q}} e_q^2 g_1^q(x) D_1^q(z, P_{h\perp}^2)$	Polarized beam and target
	$+ \lambda_e  S_T  y (1 - \frac{1}{2}y) \frac{P_{h\perp}}{z M_N} \cos(\phi_h^l - \phi_S^l) \sum_{q,\bar{q}} e_q^2 g_{1T}^{(1)q}(x) D_1^q(z, P_{h\perp}^2) \}$	

$S_L$  and  $S_T$ : Target Polarizations;  $\lambda_e$ : Beam Polarization



# Inclusive $e$ - $N$ Scattering

## Deep Inelastic Scattering



$$x_{\text{Bjorken}} = \frac{Q^2}{2M_N\nu}$$

- Four-momentum transfer

$$Q^2 = -q^2 = 4EE' \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$$

- Energy transfer to the hadron

$$\nu = E - E'$$

- Mass of the hadronic residual (or invariant mass)

$$\begin{aligned} W &= \sqrt{(p+q)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{M_N^2 + 2M_N\nu - Q^2} \end{aligned}$$

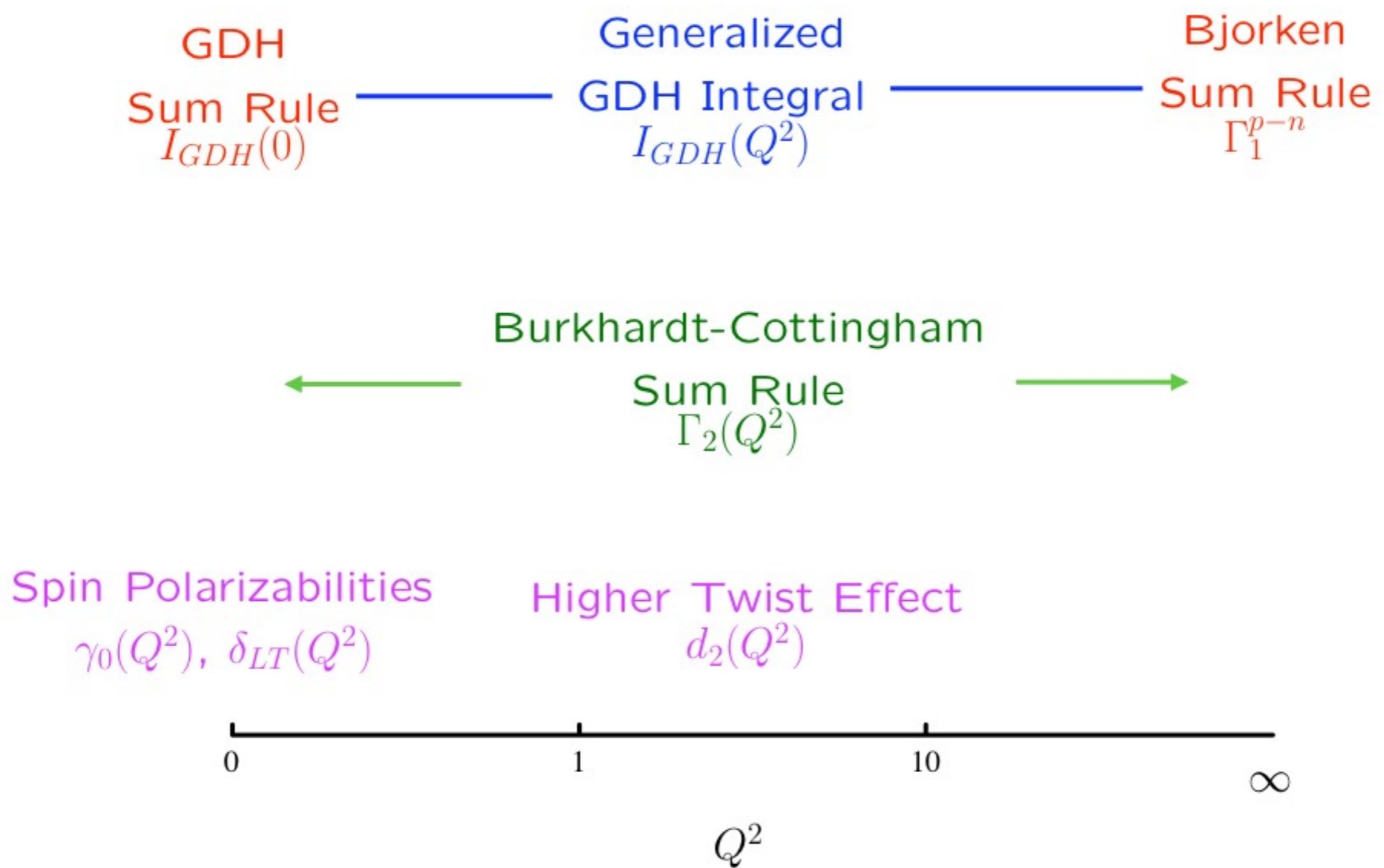
# Cross Section & Spin Structure Functions

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{d\Omega dE'} = \frac{4\alpha^2 E'^2 \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2}}{Q^4} \left[ \frac{F_2}{\nu} + 2 \frac{F_1}{M} \tan^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \right]$$

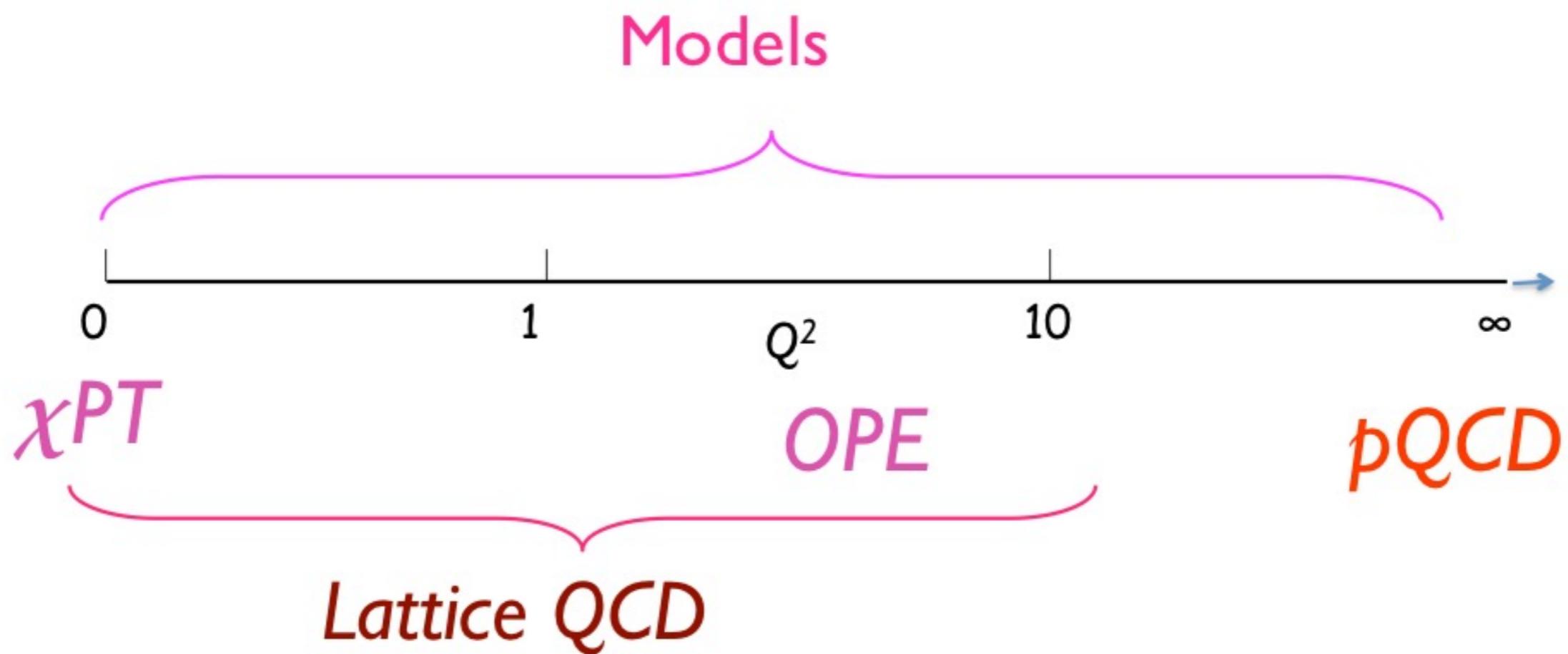
$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dE' d\Omega} (\downarrow\uparrow - \uparrow\uparrow) = \frac{4\alpha^2}{MQ^2} \frac{E'}{\nu E} \left[ (E + E' \cos \theta) \textcolor{red}{g}_1 - \frac{Q^2}{\nu} \textcolor{red}{g}_2 \right]$$

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dE' d\Omega} (\downarrow\Rightarrow - \uparrow\Rightarrow) = \frac{4\alpha^2 \sin \theta}{MQ^2} \frac{{E'}^2}{E} \frac{1}{\nu^2} (\nu \textcolor{red}{g}_1 + 2E \textcolor{red}{g}_2)$$

# What to do with $g_1$ and $g_2$



# Probe Resolution and Theory Tools



# Moment of $g_1$

$$\Gamma_1(Q^2) = \int_0^1 g_1(x, Q^2) dx$$

- $Q^2 \rightarrow 0$

$$\Gamma_1(Q^2) = -\frac{Q^2}{8M^2} \kappa^2 + O\left(\frac{Q^4}{M^4}\right) \quad (\text{GDH Sum Rule as } Q^2 \rightarrow 0)$$

- $Q^2 \rightarrow \infty$

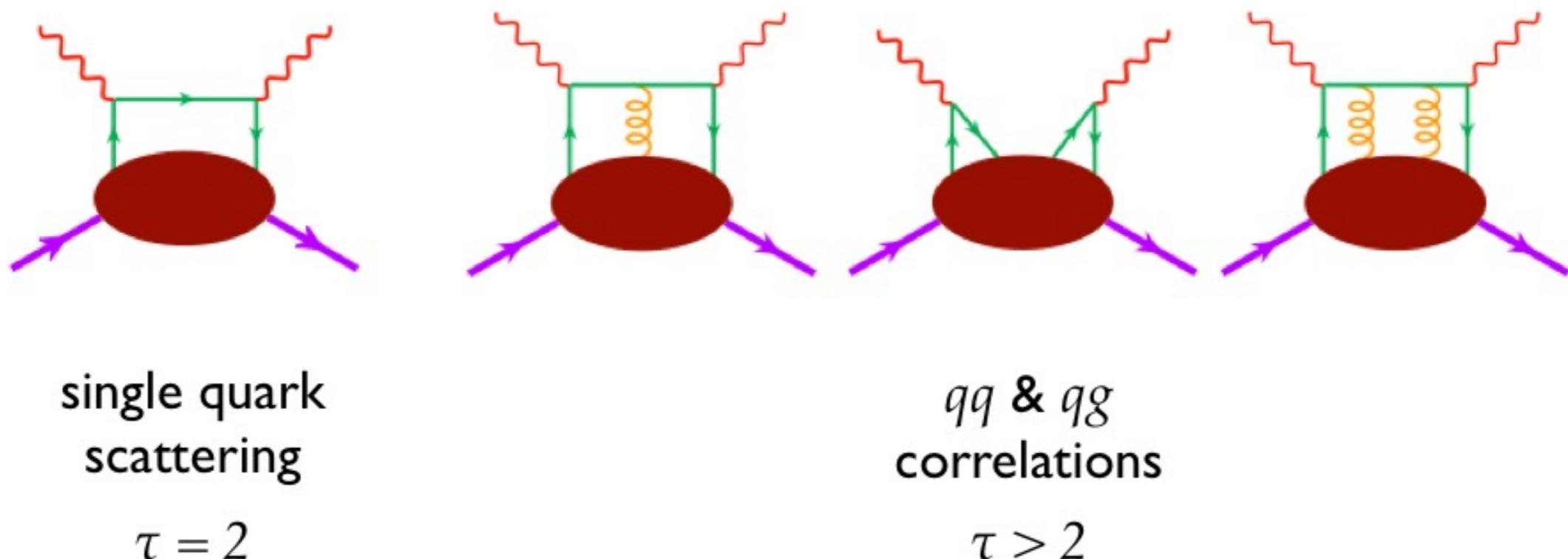
$$\Gamma_1(Q^2) = \frac{1}{2}a^{(0)} + \frac{M^2}{9Q^2}(a^{(2)} + 4d^{(2)} + 4f^{(2)}) + O\left(\frac{M^4}{Q^4}\right)$$

$$\Gamma_1^p(Q^2) - \Gamma_1^n(Q^2) = \frac{1}{6} \left| \frac{g_A}{g_V} \right| \quad \text{as } Q^2 \rightarrow \infty \quad (\text{Bjorken Sum Rule})$$

# $g_2$ and Higher Twists

- Decomposition of  $g_2$

$$g_2(x, Q^2) = g_2^{WW}(x, Q^2) + \bar{g}_2(x, Q^2)$$



# $d_2$ Matrix Element

- Dynamical twist-3 matrix element

$$d_2(Q^2) = 3 \int_0^1 x^2 \bar{g}_2(x, Q^2) dx$$

$$d_2(Q^2) = \int_0^1 x^2 \left[ 3g_2(x, Q^2) + 2g_1(x, Q^2) \right] dx$$

# World Data on $g_1$ and $g_2$

Observable	H target	D target	$^3\text{He}$ target
$g_1, g_2$ at high $Q^2$	SLAC COMPASS HERMES <a href="#">JLab SANE</a>	SLAC COMPASS HERMES	SLAC <a href="#">JLab E97-117</a> <a href="#">JLab E01-012</a> <a href="#">JLab E06-014</a>
$g_1, g_2$ at low $Q^2$	COMPASS HERMES <a href="#">JLab RSS</a>	COMPASS HERMES <a href="#">JLab RSS</a>	<a href="#">JLab E94-010</a> <a href="#">JLab E97-103</a>
$g_1, g_2$ at $Q^2 \sim 0$	COMPASS <a href="#">JLab E08-027</a>	COMPASS	<a href="#">JLab E97-110</a>
$g_1$ at high $Q^2$	SMC, HERMES <a href="#">JLab EGI</a>	SMC, HERMES <a href="#">JLab EGI</a>	HERMES
$g_1$ at low $Q^2$	SLAC, HERMES <a href="#">JLab EGI</a>	SLAC, HERMES <a href="#">JLab EGI</a>	HERMES
$g_1$ at $Q^2 \sim 0$	<a href="#">JLab EG4</a>	<a href="#">JLab EG4</a>	

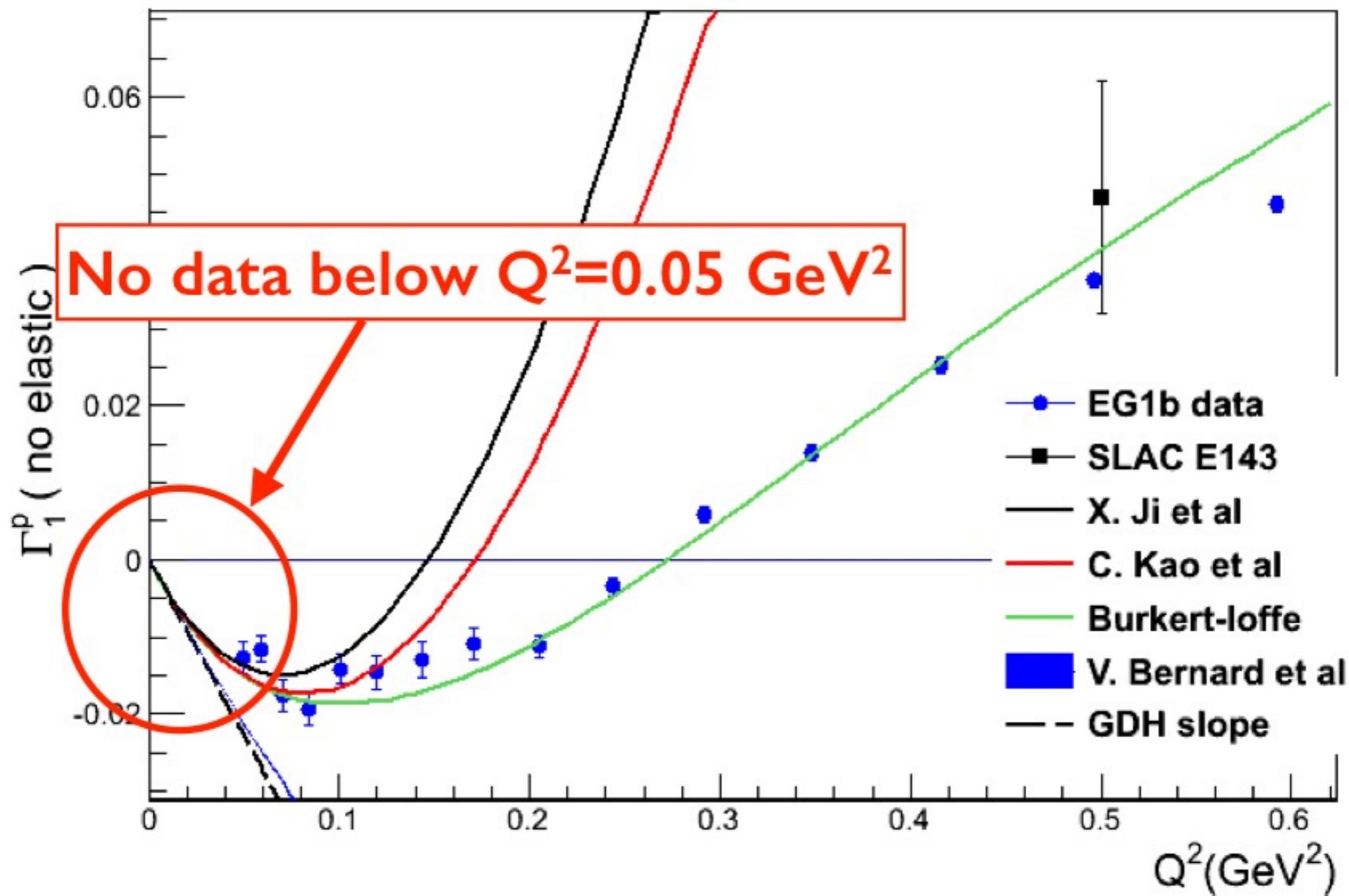
# JLab Data on $g_1$ and $g_2$

Observable	H target	D target	$^3\text{He}$ target
$g_1, g_2$ at high $Q^2$	JLab SANE		JLab E97-117 JLab E01-012 " " E06-014
$g_1, g_2$ at low $Q^2$	JLab RSS	JLab RSS	Hall-C 94-010 JLab E97-103
$g_1, g_2$ at $Q^2 \sim 0$	JLab E08-027		JLab E110
$g_1$ at high $Q^2$	JLab EGI		Will be briefly mentioned
$g_1$ at low $Q^2$	JLab EGI	JLab EGI	Hall-B
$g_1$ at $Q^2 \sim 0$	JLab EG4	JLab EG4	

# **CLAS eg4**

# **Proton Spin at Low $Q^2$**

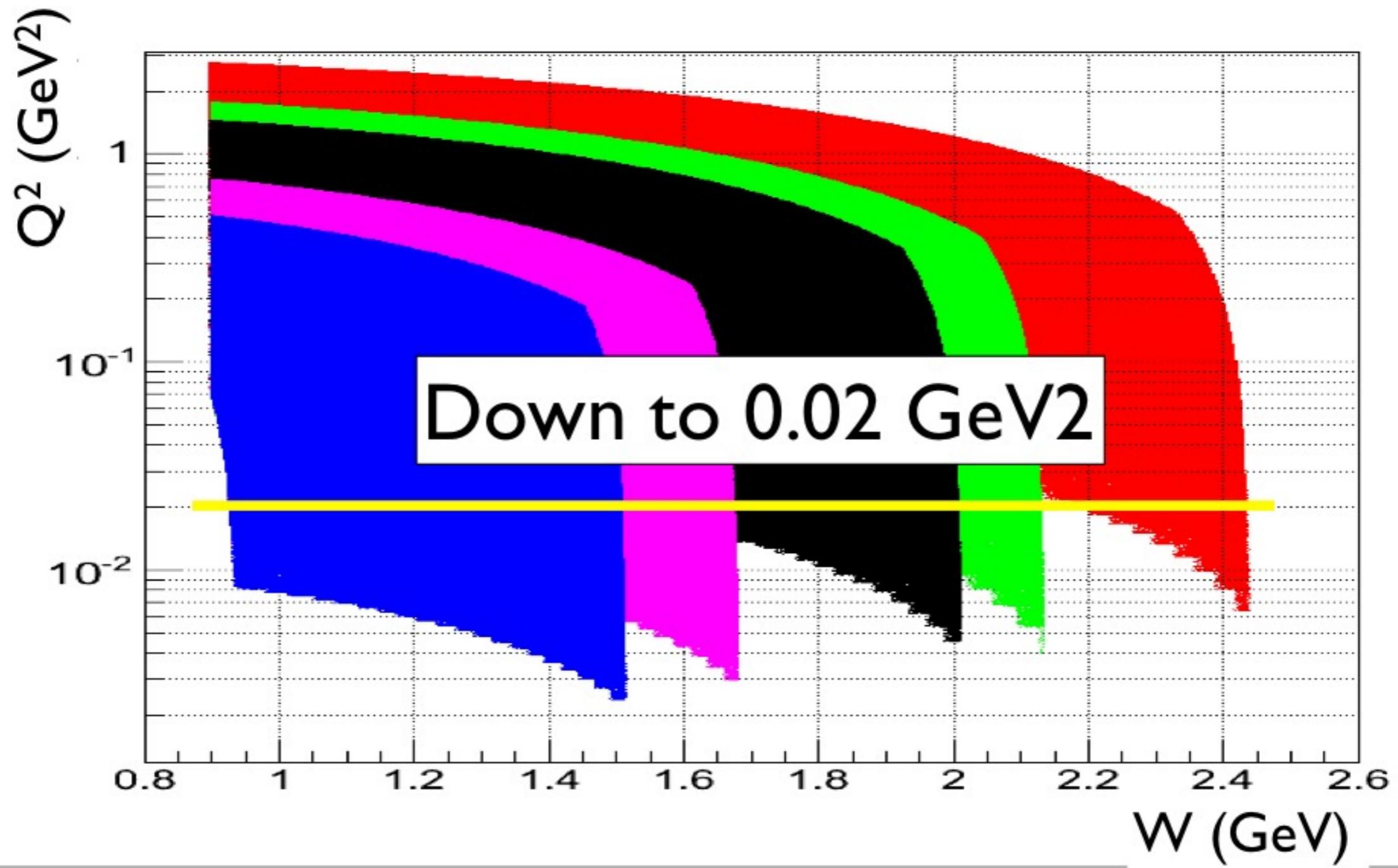
# Previous Results



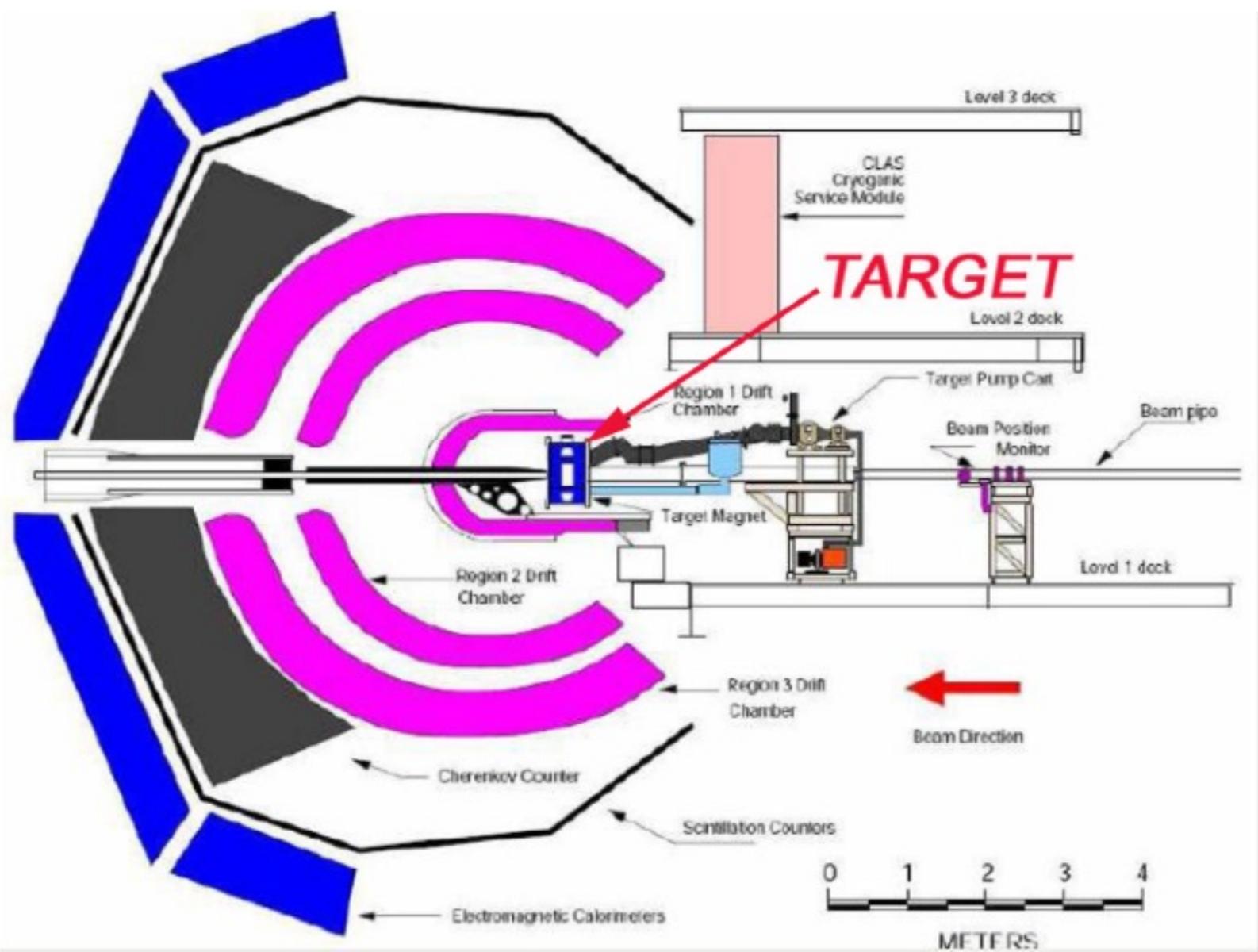
# Experiment Summary

- **Beam**: polarized electron beam (Jefferson Lab) at **1.0, 1.3, 2.0, 2.3** and **3.0** GeV
- **Target**: Polarized **Proton** ( $\text{NH}_3$ ) and **Deuteron** ( $\text{ND}_3$ ) target
  - Orientation: parallel ( $180^\circ$ )
  - **Detectors**: **CLAS** or Hall-B
  - Scattering angle:  $\sim 8^\circ$  to  $\sim 30^\circ$

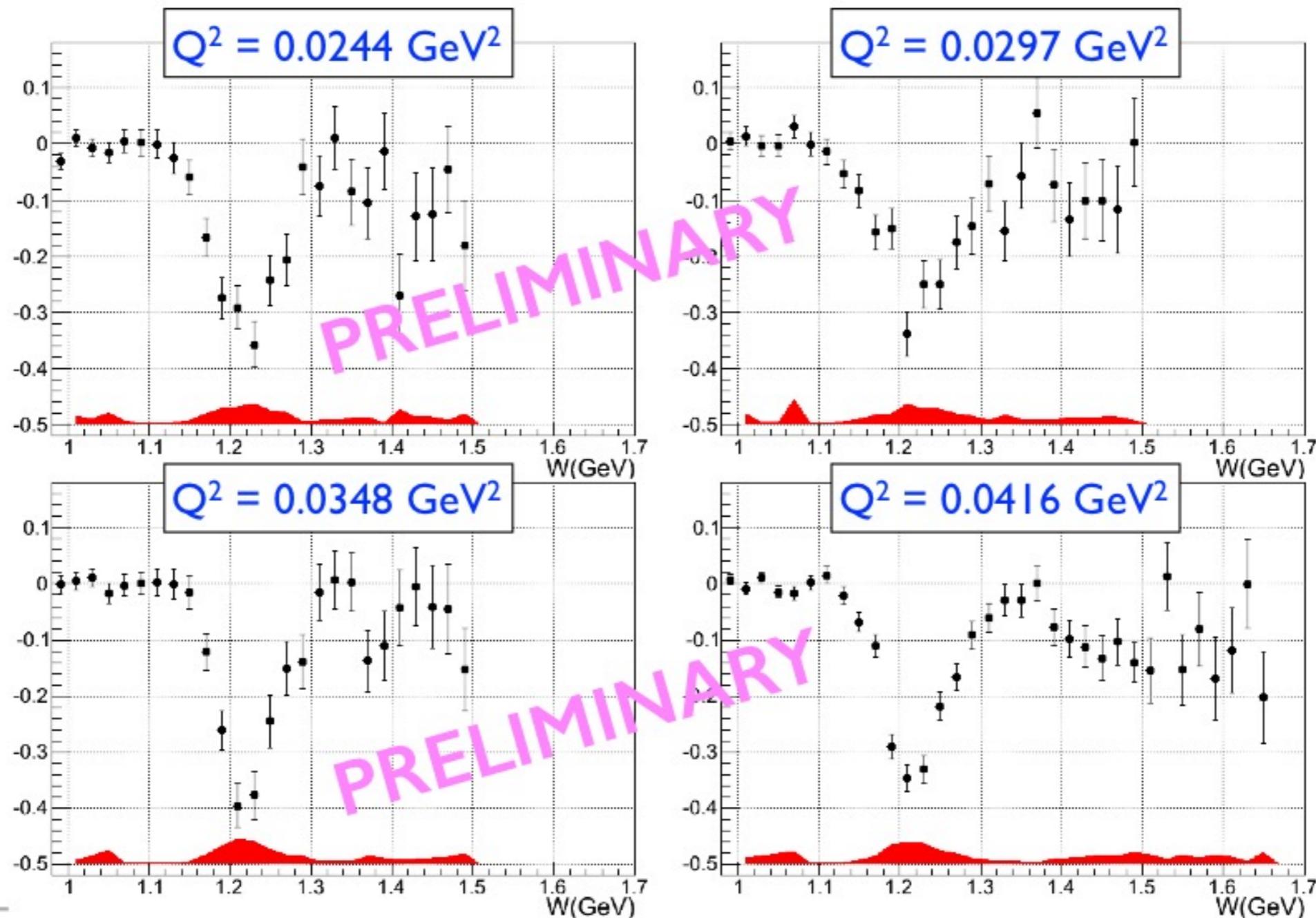
# Kinematic Coverage



# CLAS at JLab

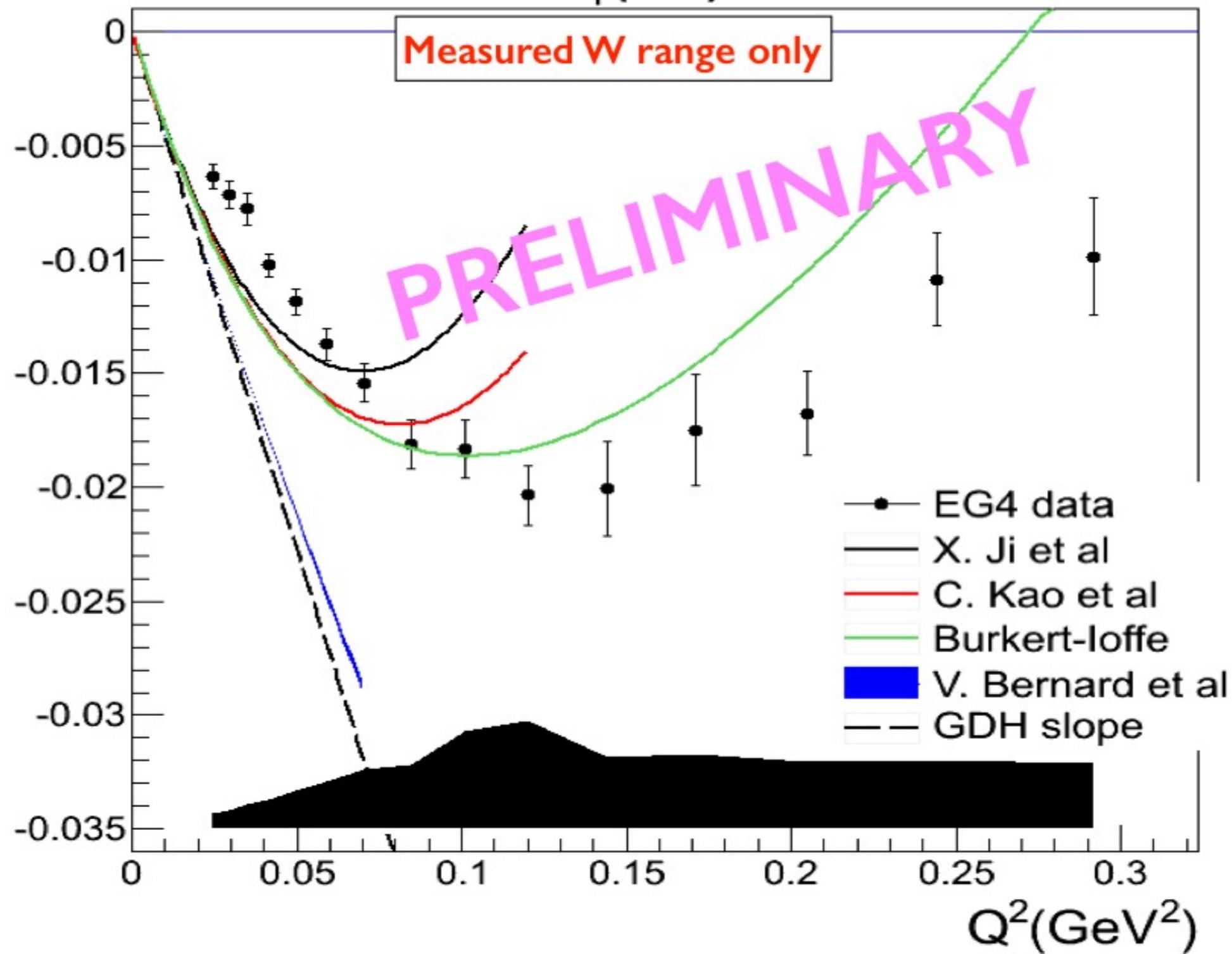


# Spin Structure Function $g_1$

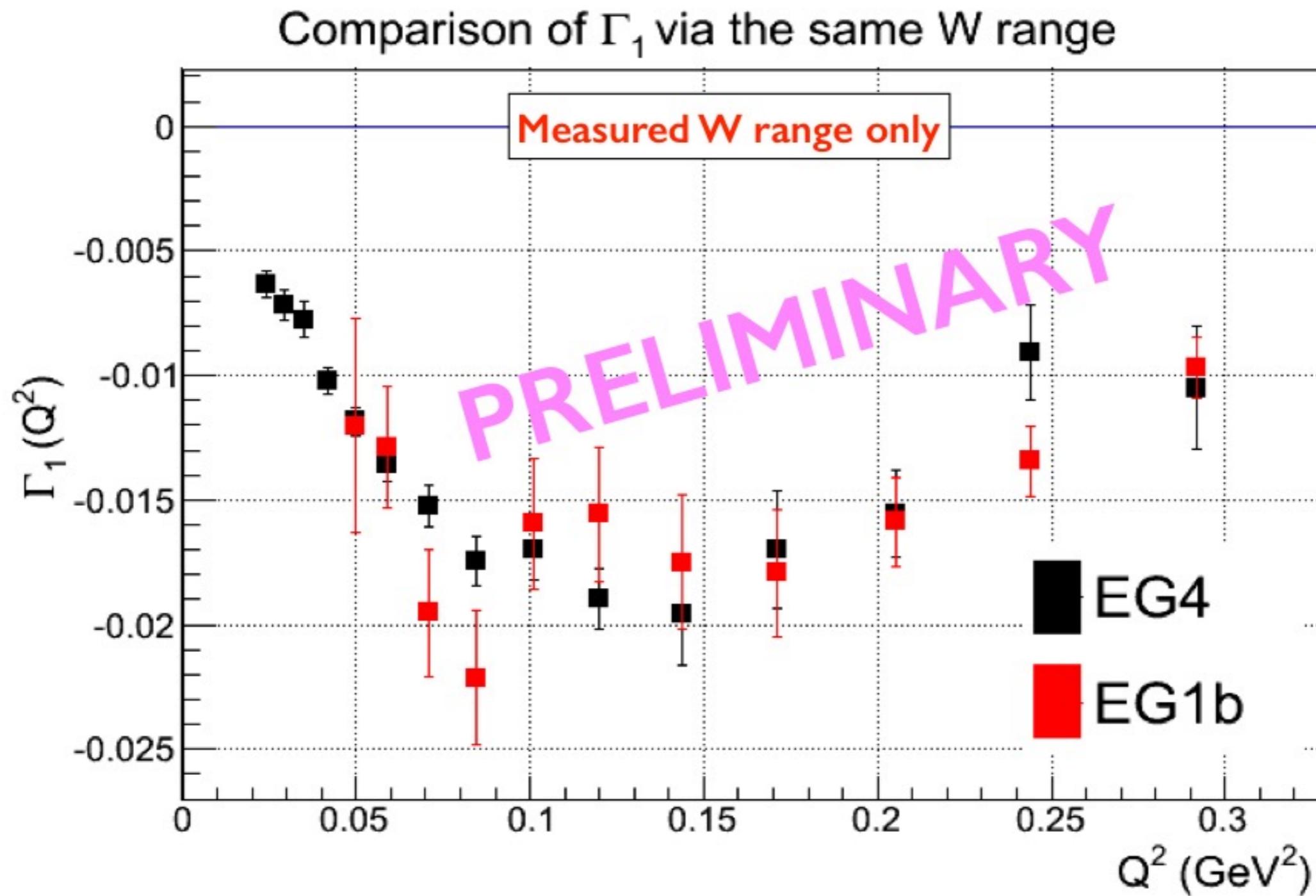


# First Moment

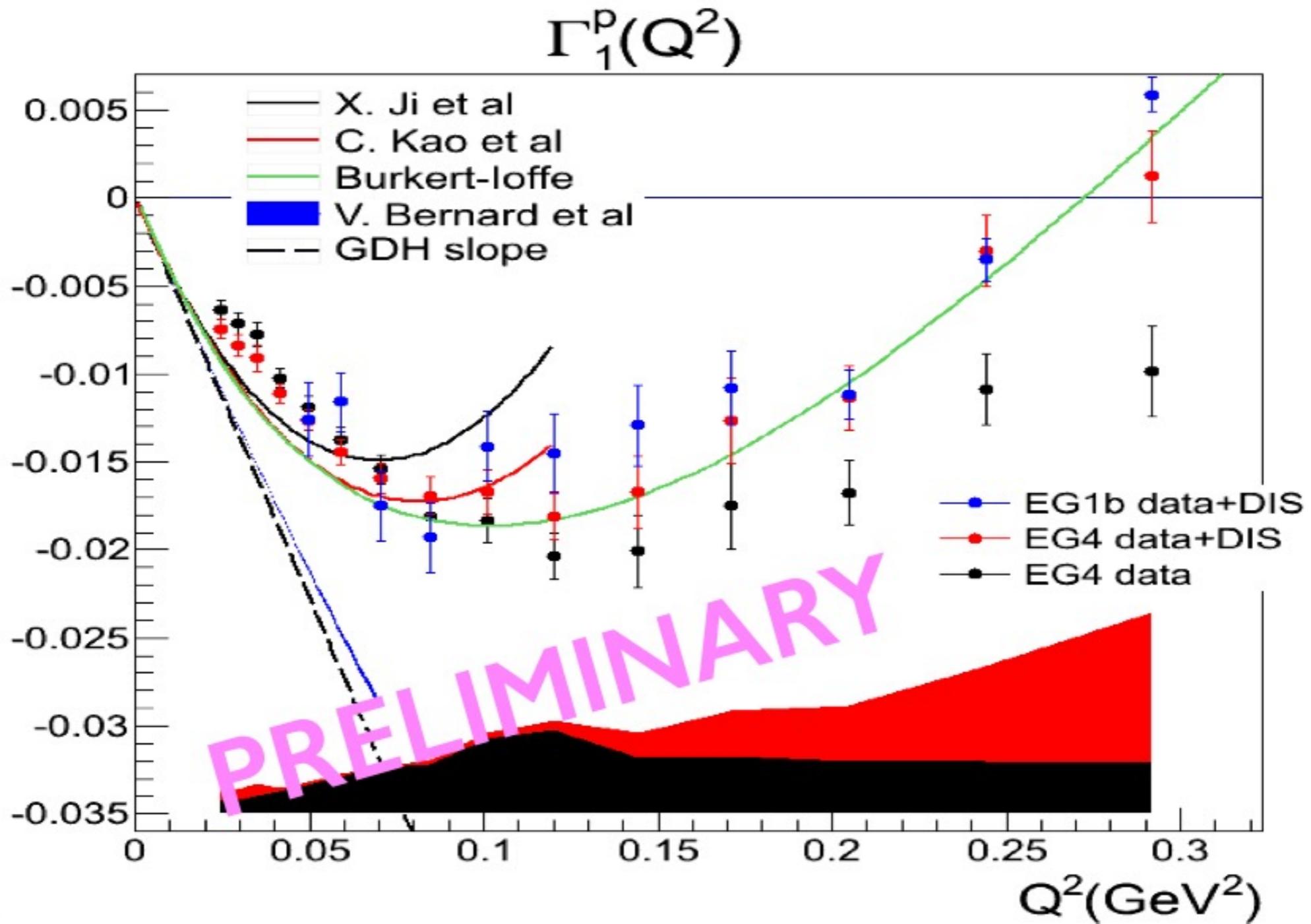
$$\Gamma_1^p(Q^2)$$



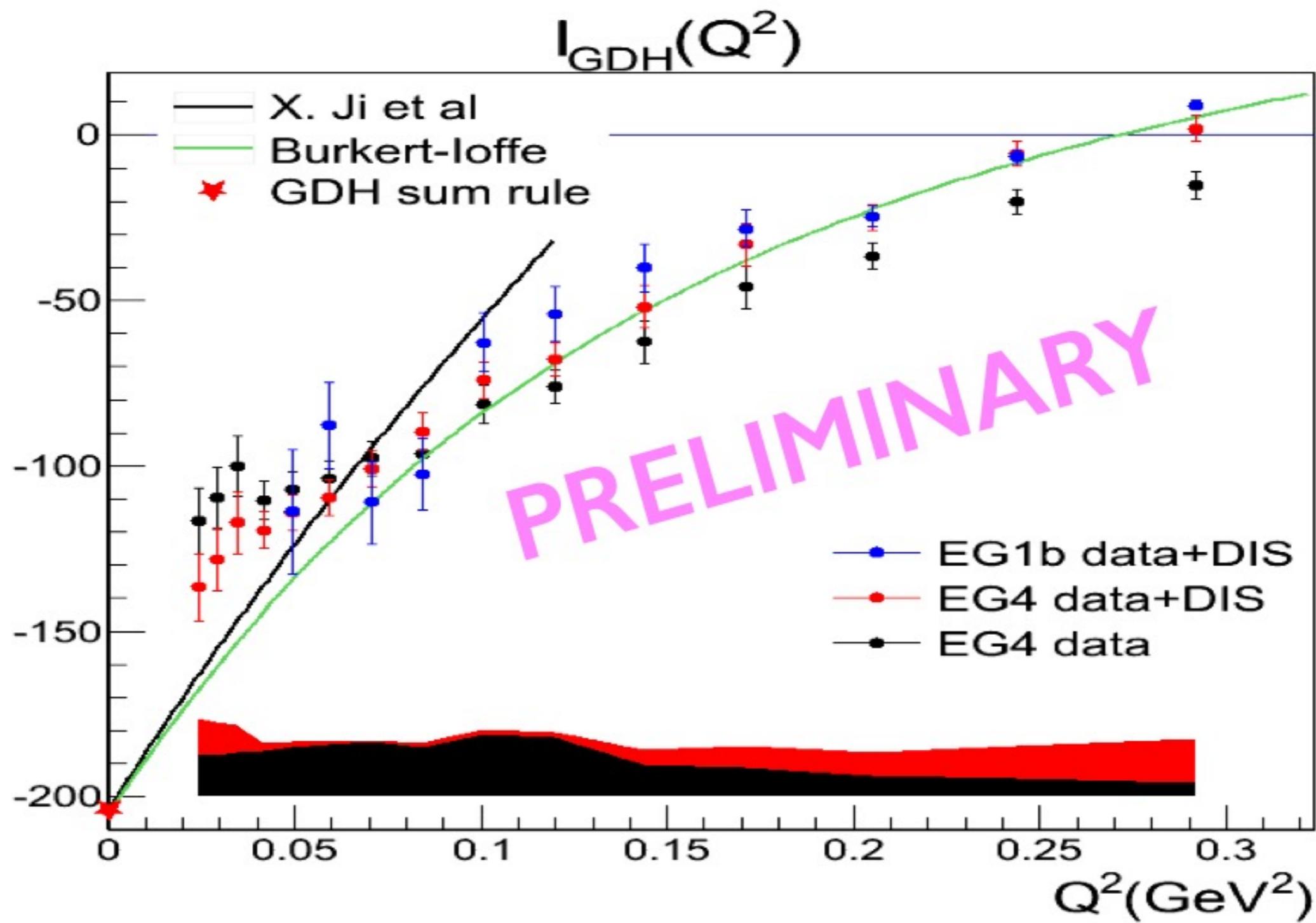
# Comparison with eg1b



# First Moment with DIS



# GDH Integral with DIS



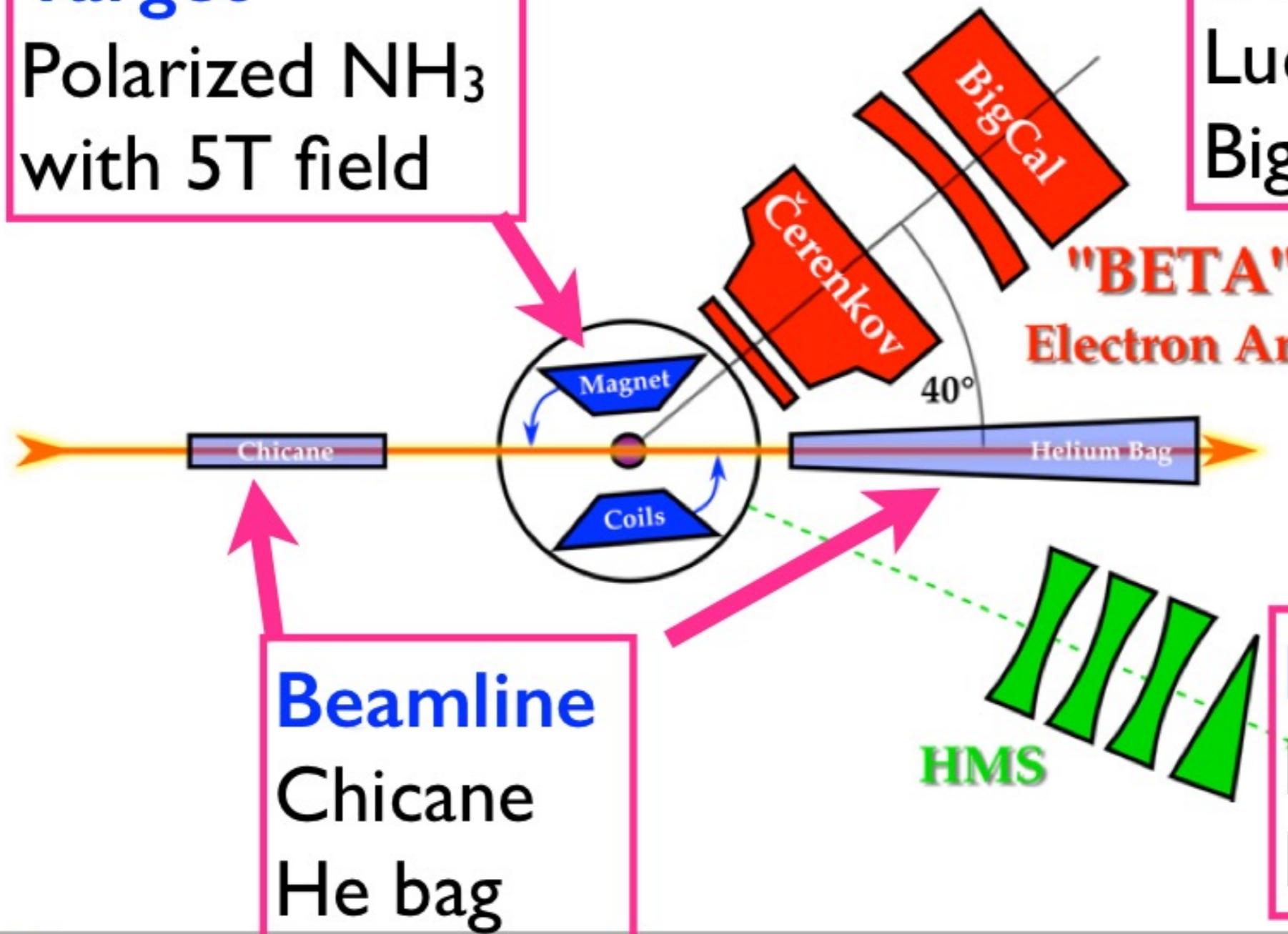
# **Spin Asymmetries of the Nucleon Experiment**

# Experiment Summary

- **Beam**: polarized electron beam (Jefferson Lab) at **4.7** and **5.9** GeV
- **Target**: Polarized **Proton** ( $\text{NH}_3$ ) target
  - Polarization:  $\sim 71\%$
  - Orientation: parallel ( $180^\circ$ ) or “perpendicular” ( $80^\circ$ )
- **Detectors**: **BETA** and **HMS** of Hall-C
- Scattering angle:  $40^\circ$  for **BETA**,  $15.5^\circ$  or  $20^\circ$  for **HMS**

# Setup

**Target**  
Polarized NH<sub>3</sub>  
with 5T field



**Electron Arm**  
Tracker  
Cerenkov  
Lucite  
BigCal

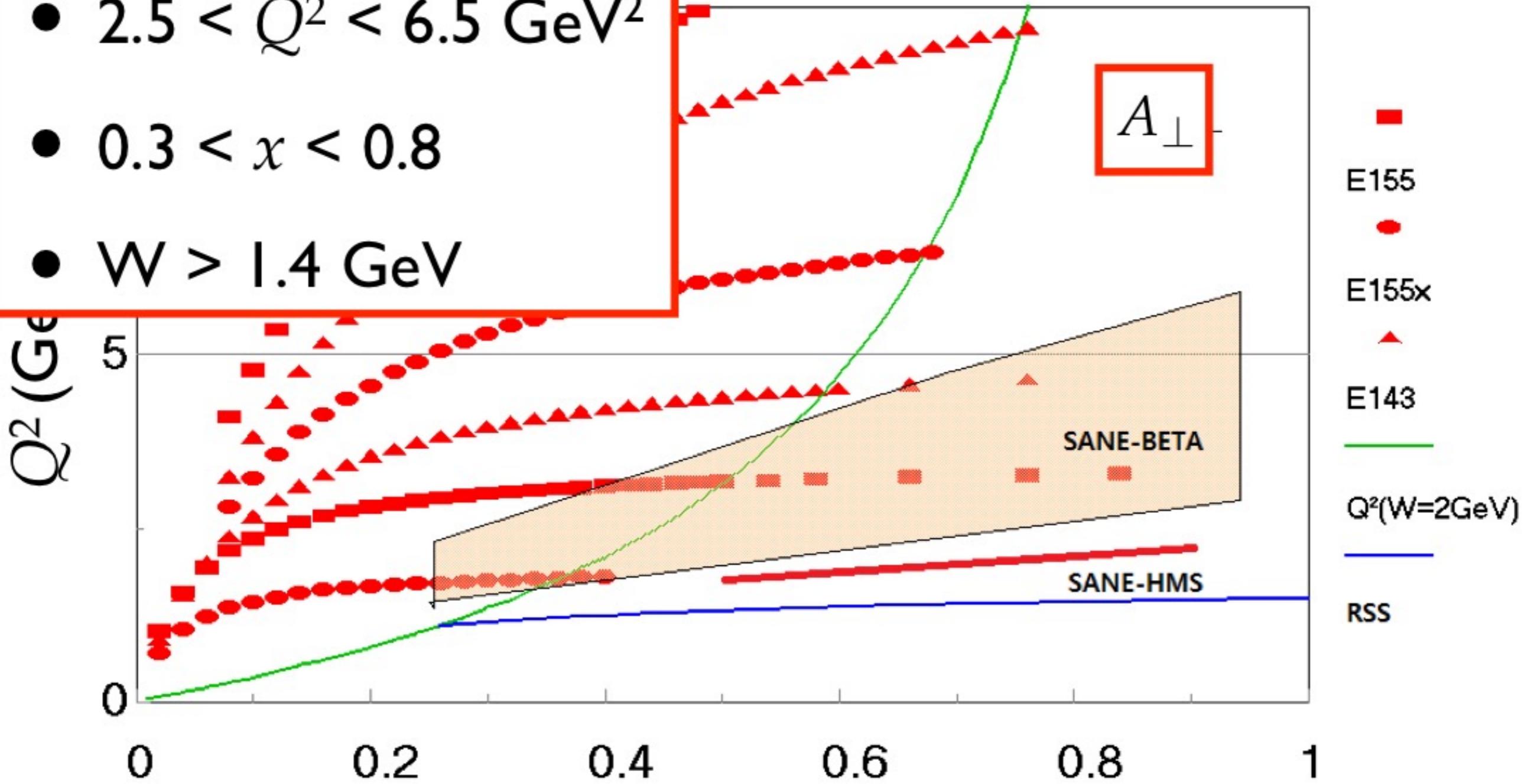
"BETA"  
Electron Arm

**Beamline**  
Chicane  
He bag

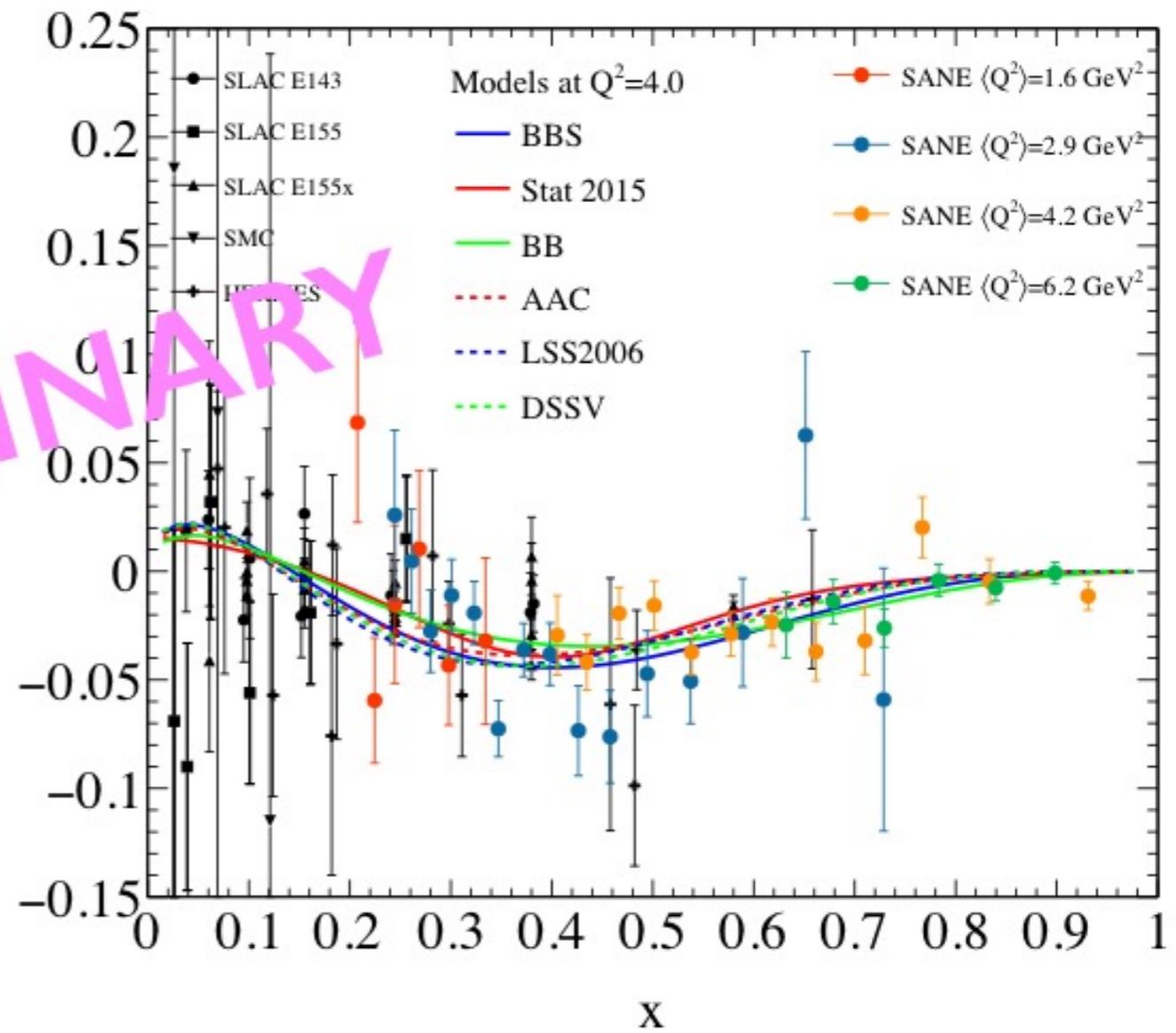
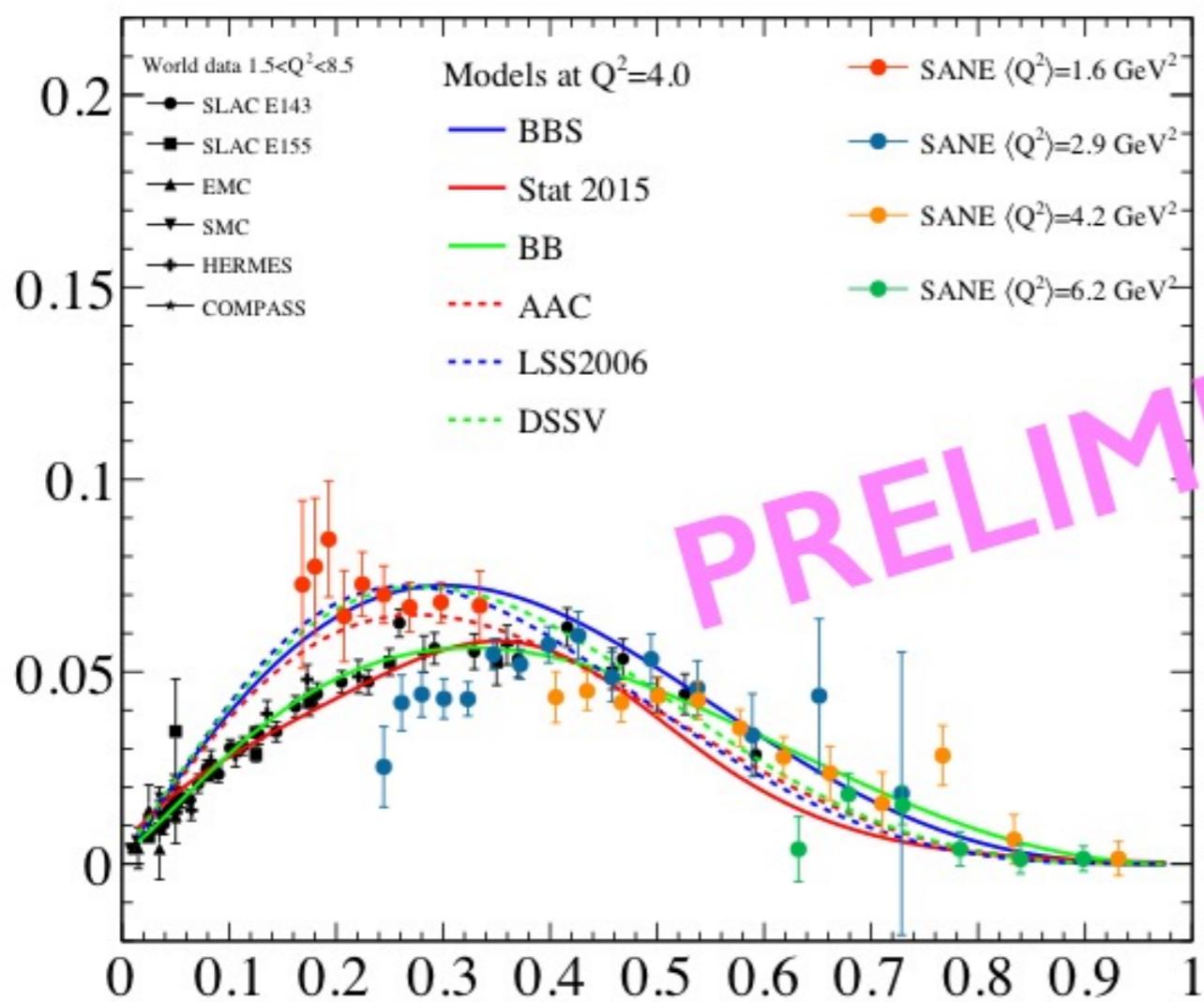
**HMS**  
Packing fractions  
Monitoring

# Kinematic Coverage

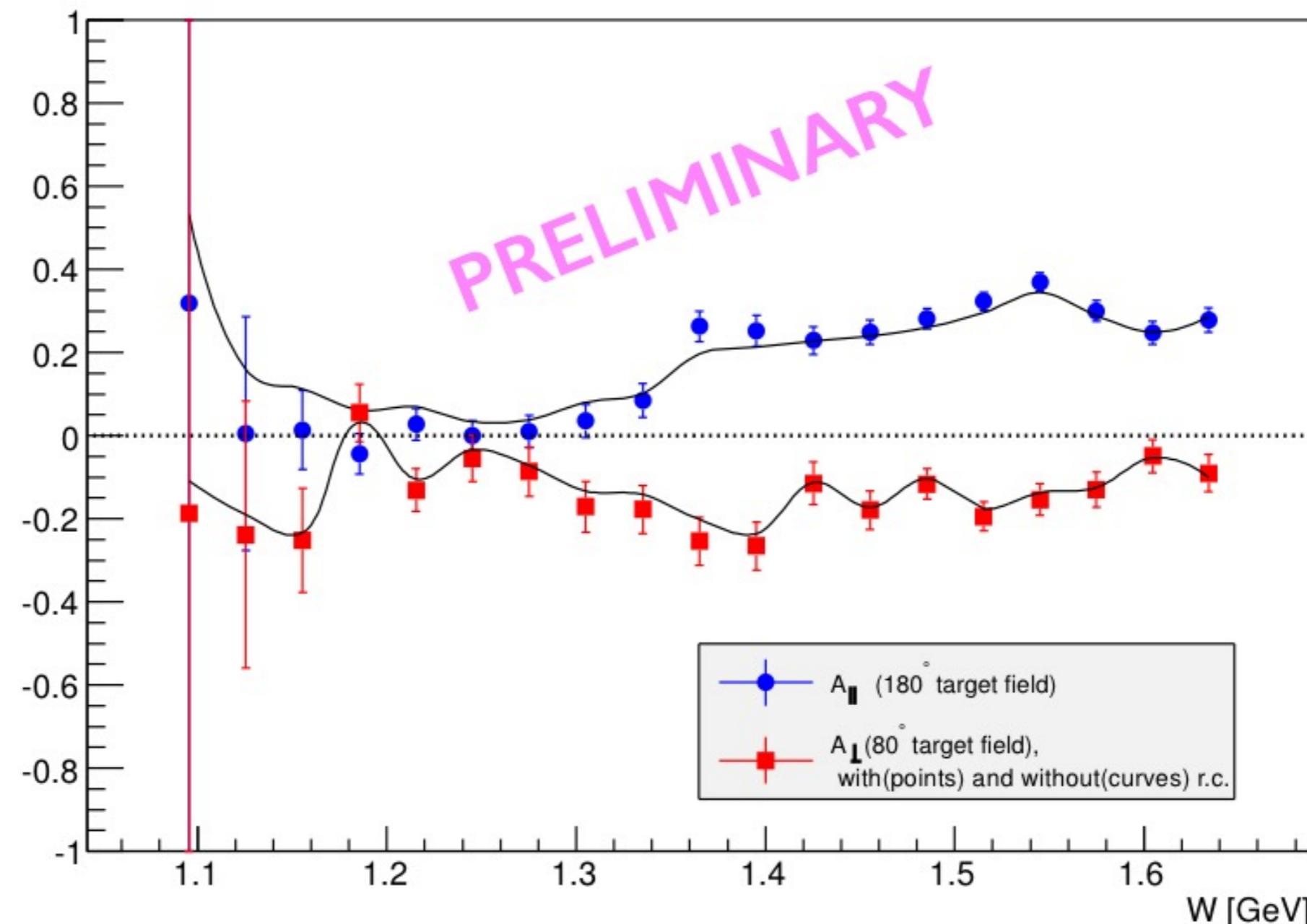
- $2.5 < Q^2 < 6.5 \text{ GeV}^2$
- $0.3 < x < 0.8$
- $W > 1.4 \text{ GeV}$



# Proton $g_1$ and $g_2$

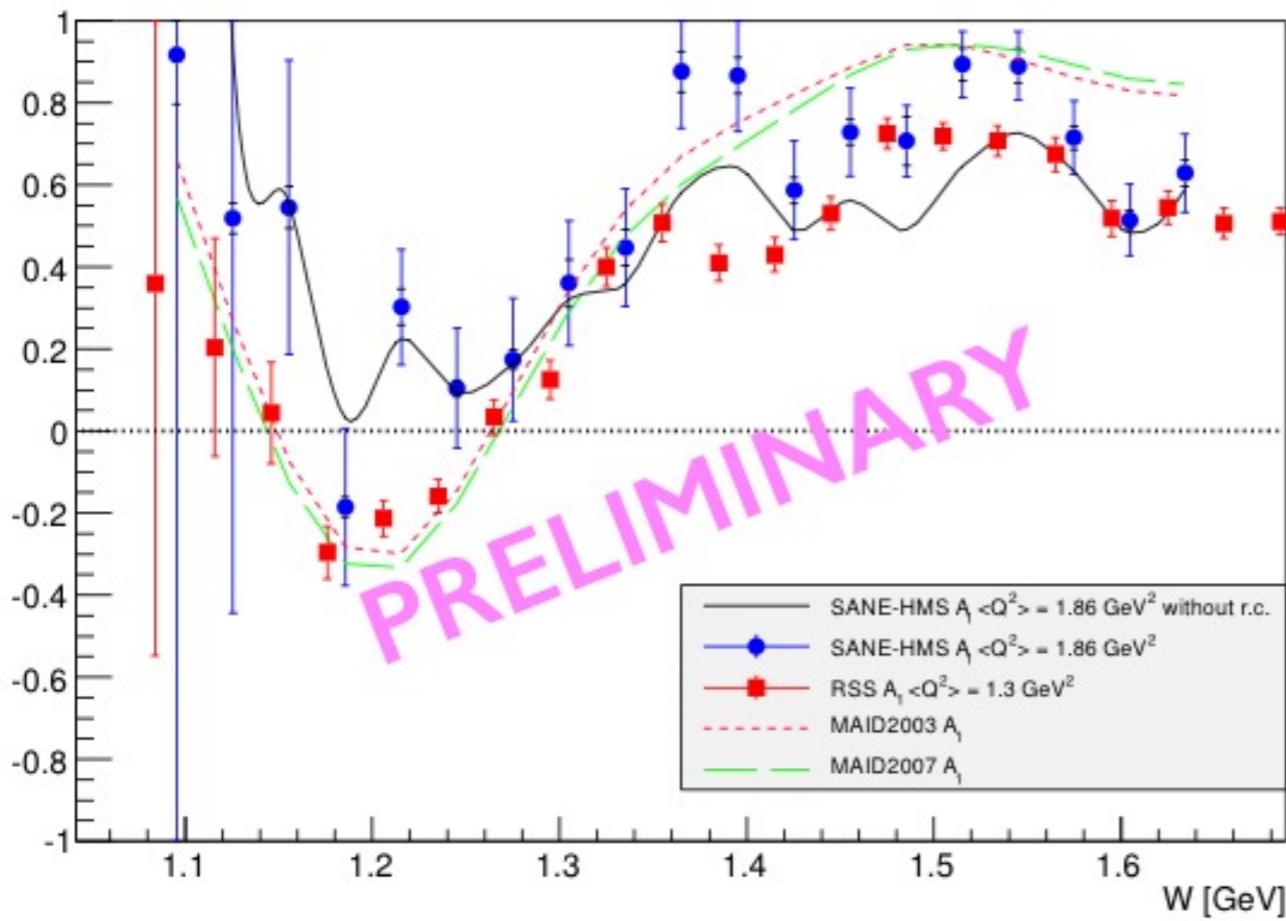


# Parallel & Perpendicular Asymmetries

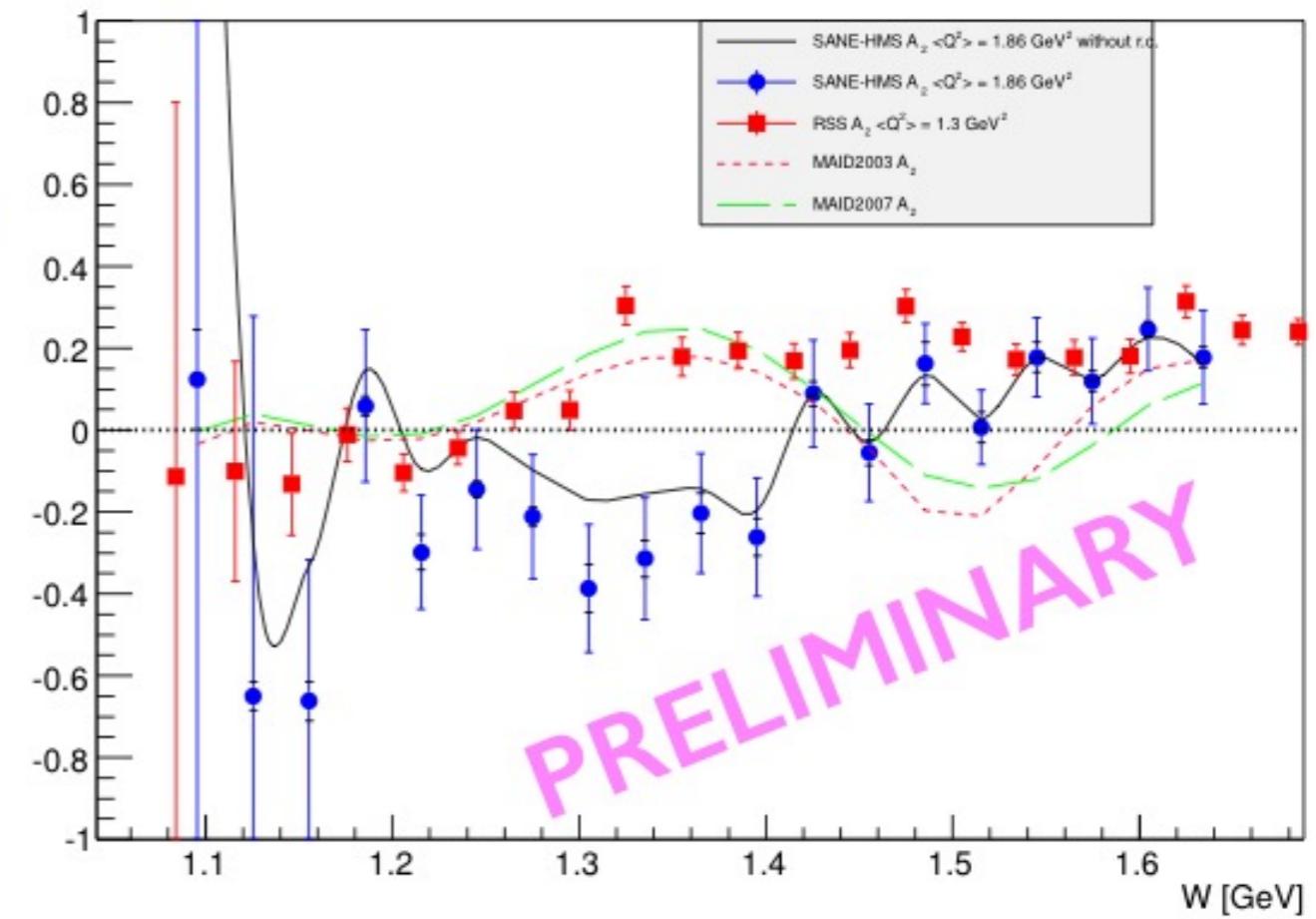


# $A_1$ and $A_2$ with HMS

$A_1$



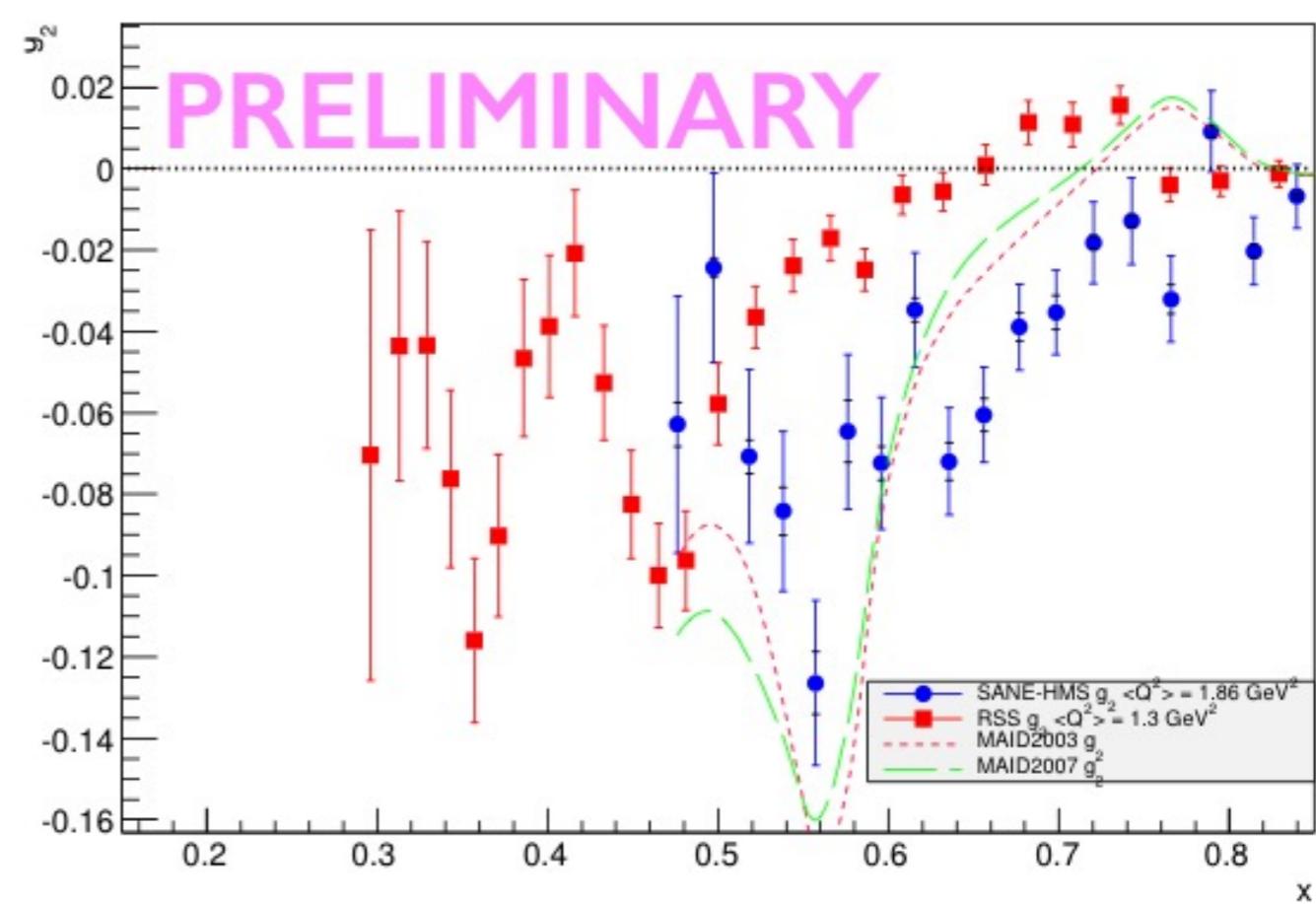
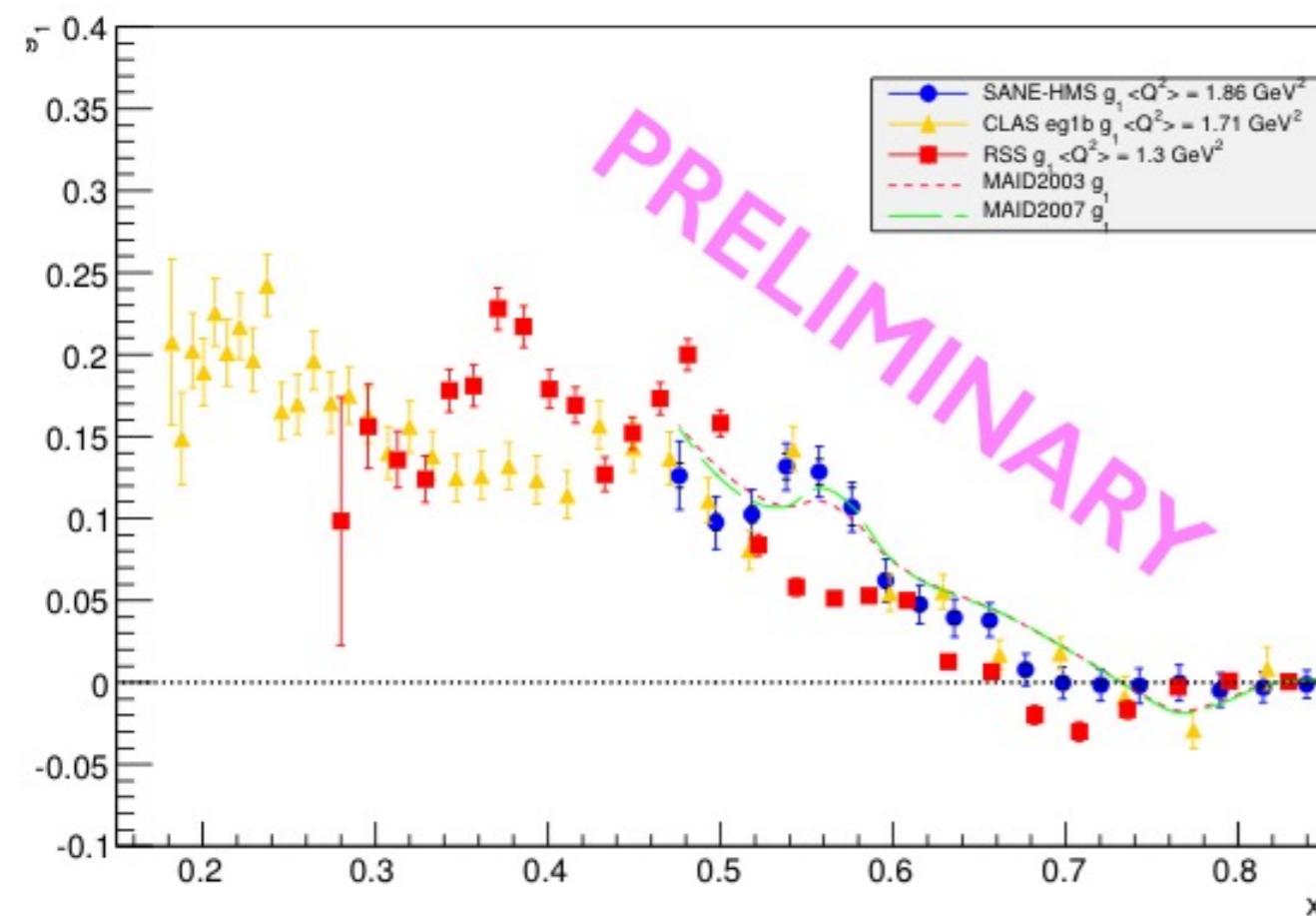
$A_2$



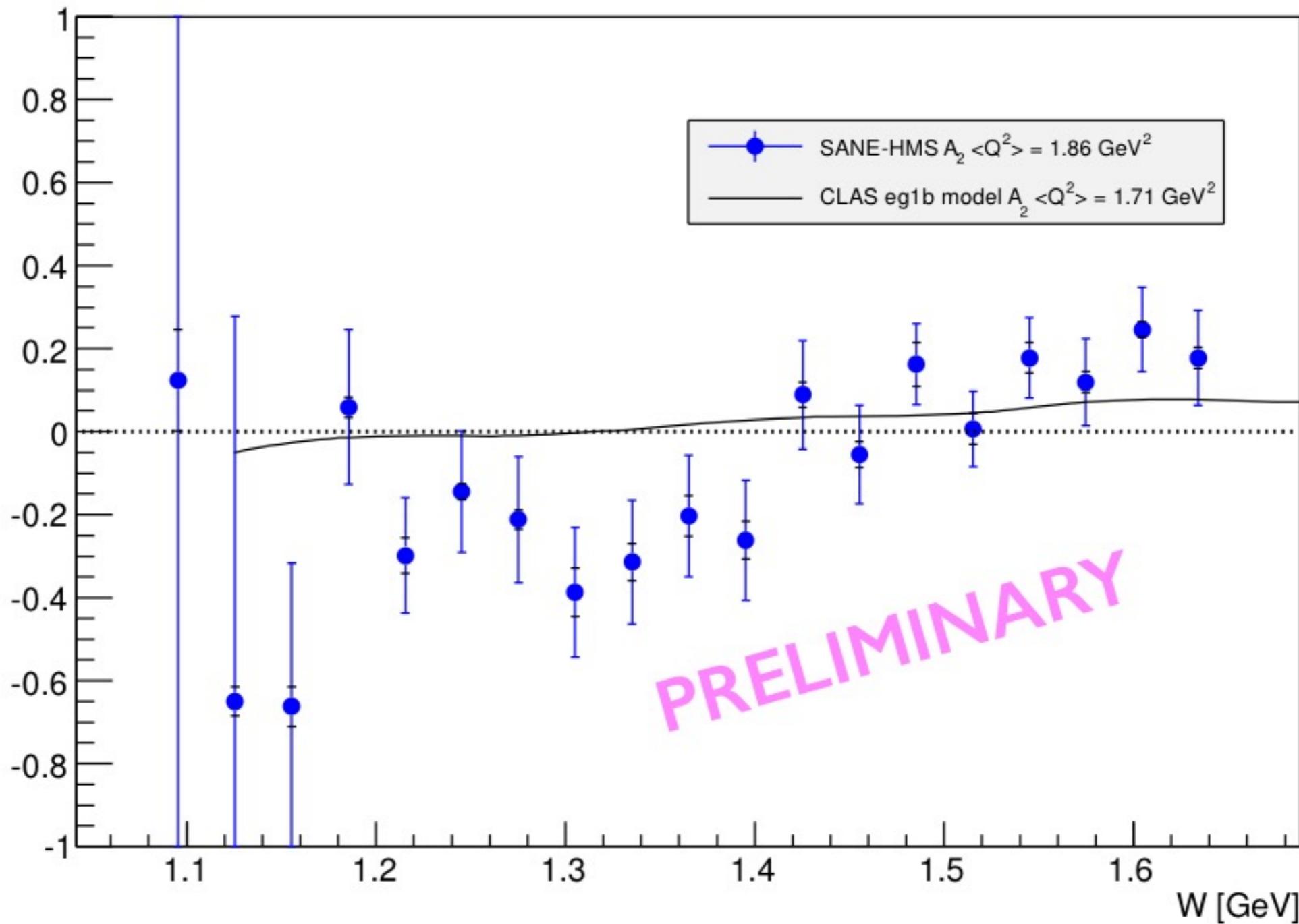
# Proton $g_1$ and $g_2$ with HMS

$g_1$

$g_2$



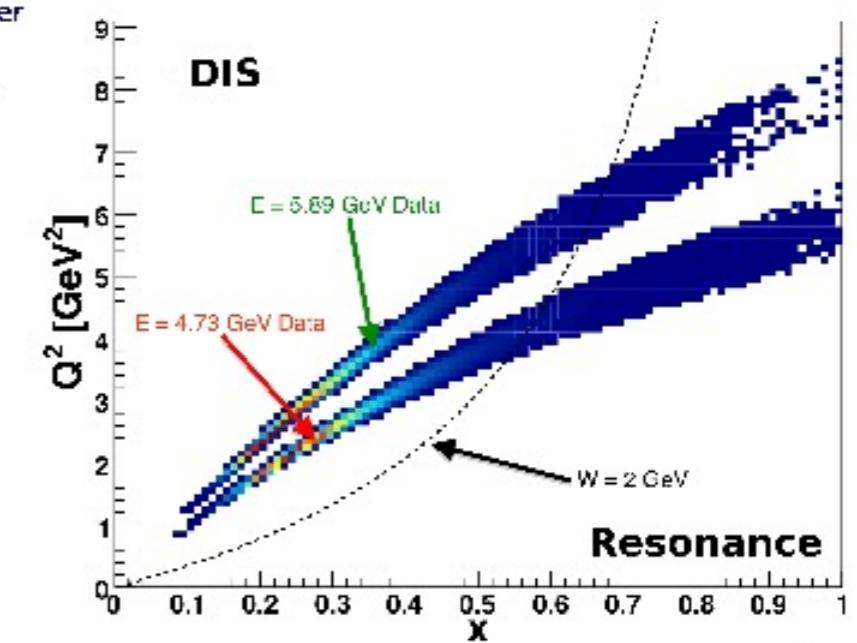
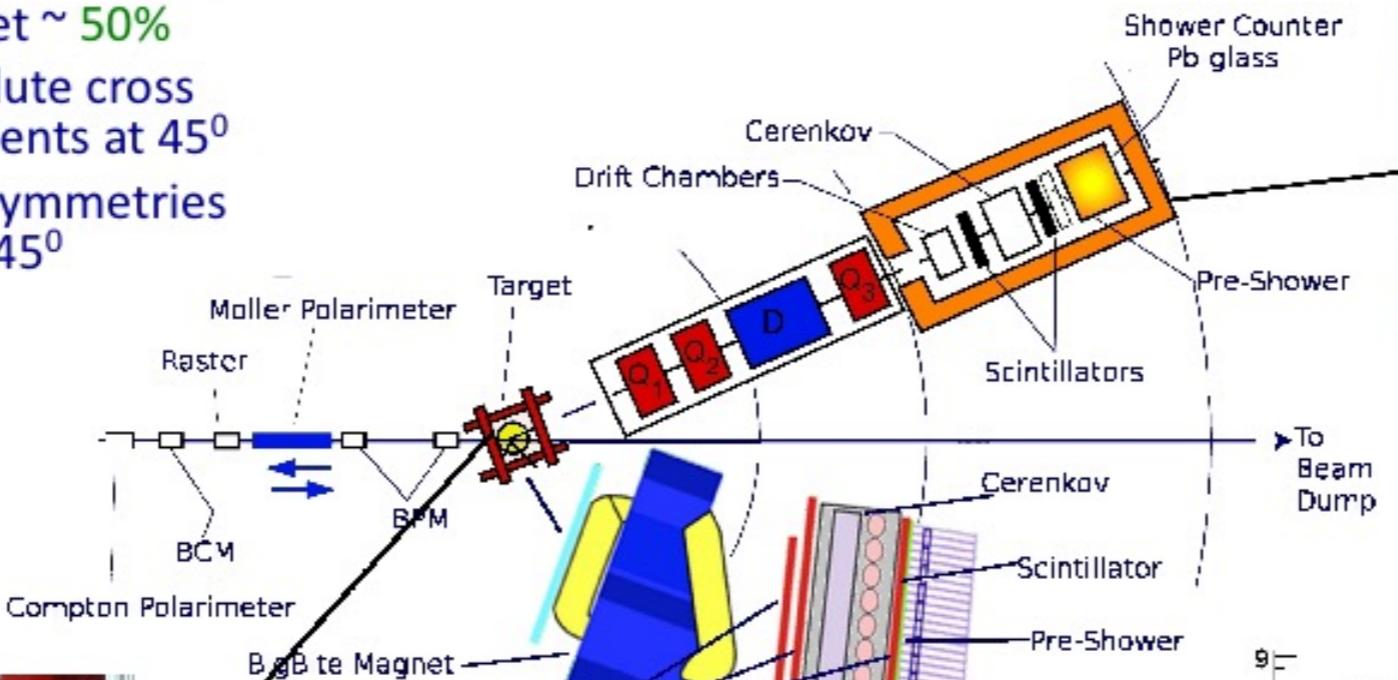
# Proton $A_2$ and Model



# Precision Measurement of $d_2^n$

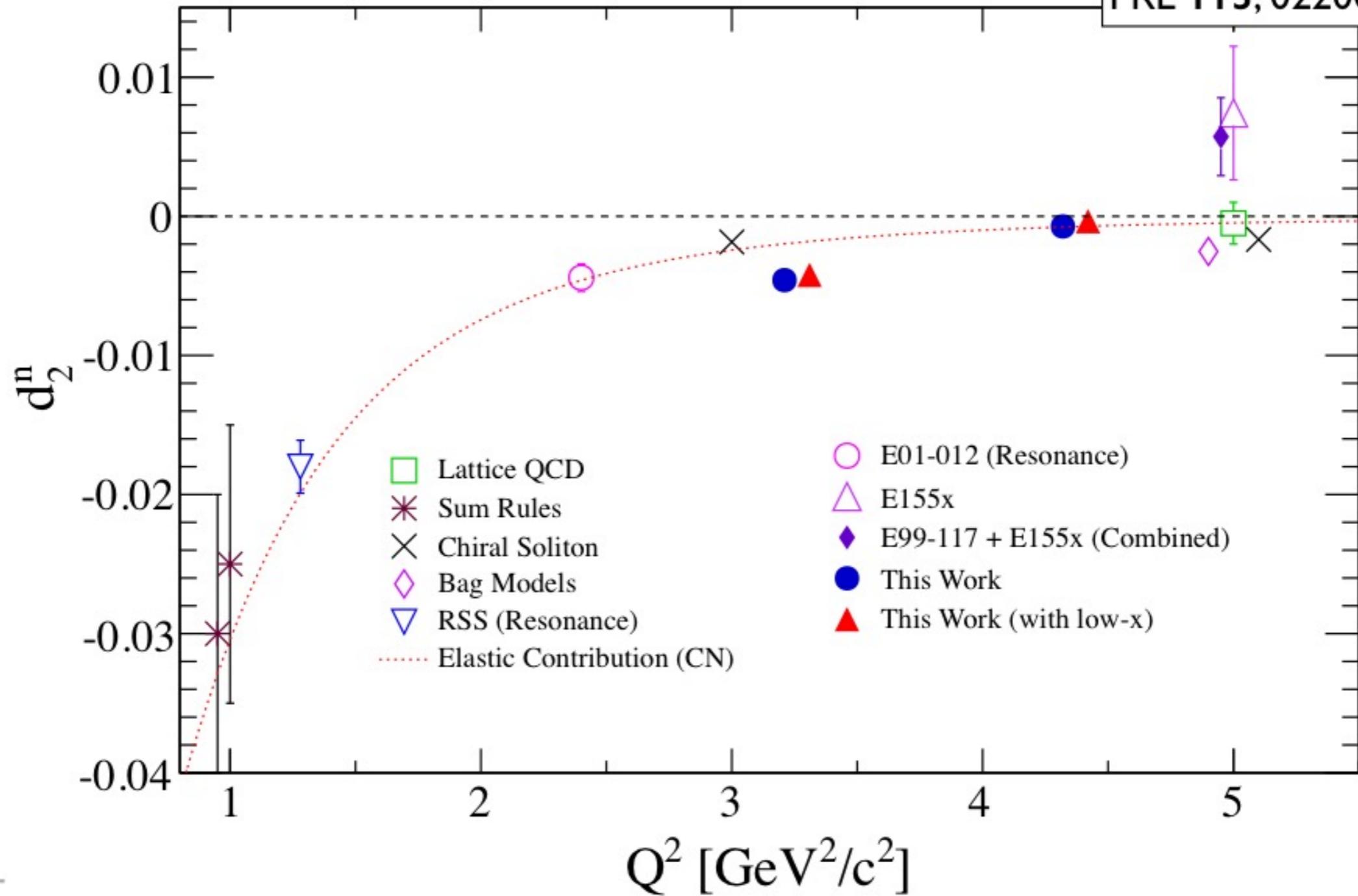
# New Experiment at JLab

- Polarized electron beam:  $E=4.74$ , 5.89 GeV, polarization  $\sim 71\%$
- Polarized  $^3\text{He}$  target  $\sim 50\%$
- HRS used for absolute cross section measurements at  $45^\circ$
- Bigbite used for asymmetries measurements at  $45^\circ$



# $d_2^n$ Results

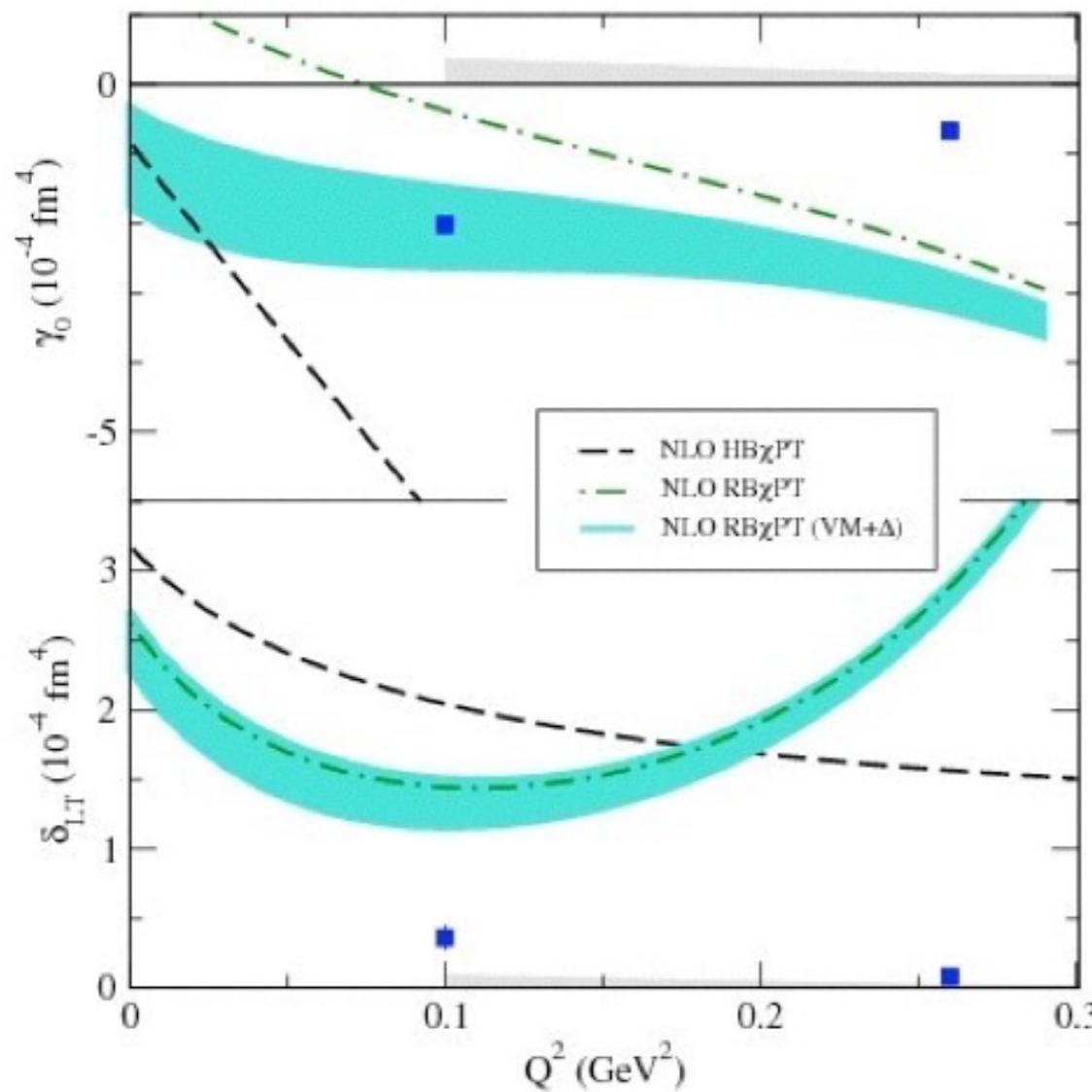
PRL 113, 022002 (2014)



# Spin Polarizabilities at Small $Q^2$

# Neutron Spin Polarizabilities at Low $Q^2$

Neutron (E94010)



$$\gamma_0 = \frac{16\alpha M^2}{Q^6} \int_x^{x_0} x^2 \left[ g_1 - \frac{4M^2}{Q^2} x^2 g_2 \right]$$

$$\delta_{LT} = \frac{16\alpha M^2}{Q^6} \int_x^{x_0} x^2 [g_1 + g_2]$$

Possible clue from **isospin combination** with similar data on the **proton**

# E08-027 : Proton $g_2$ Structure Function

Fundamental spin observable has never been measured at low or moderate  $Q^2$

A<sup>-</sup> rating by PAC33

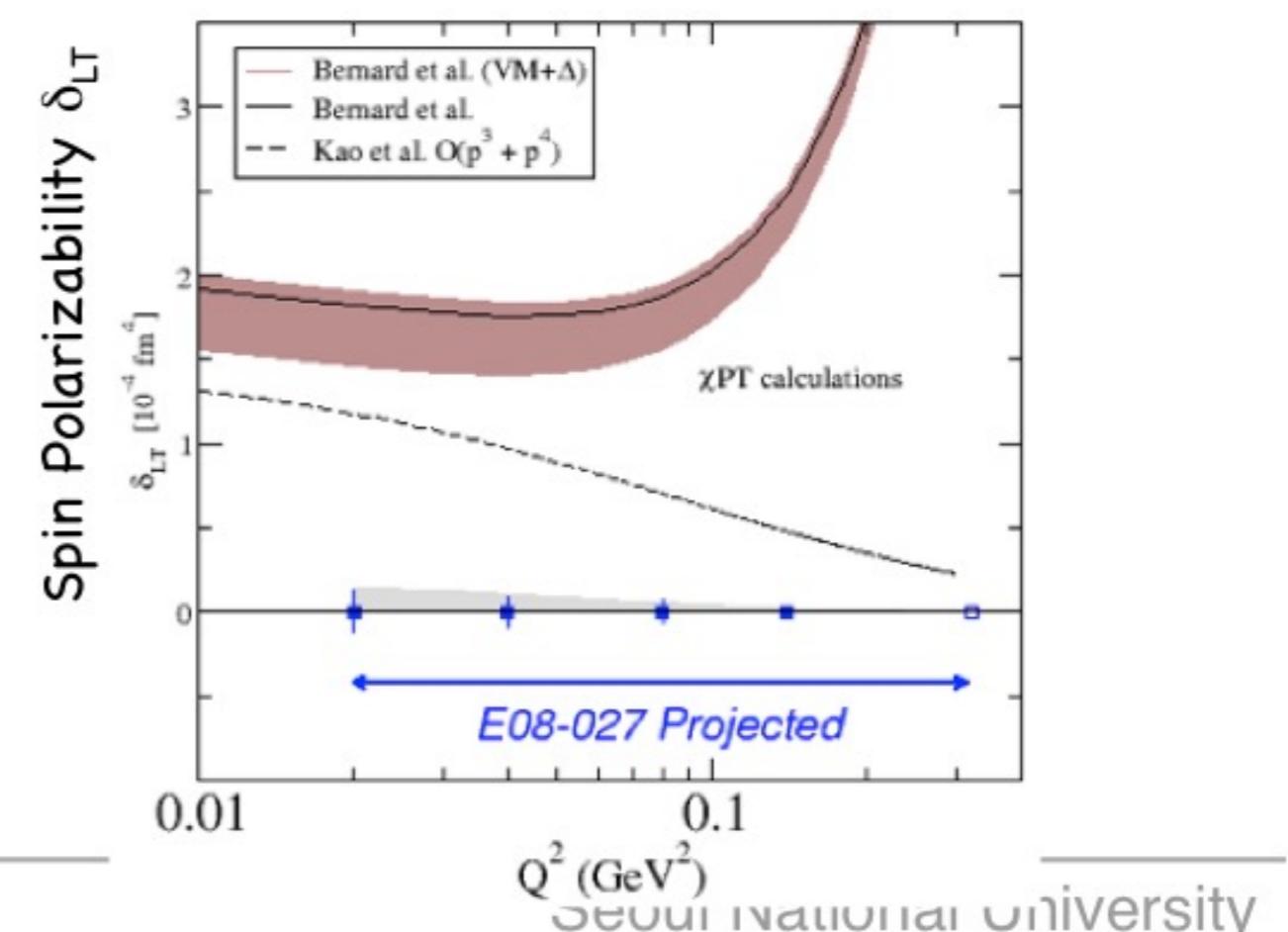
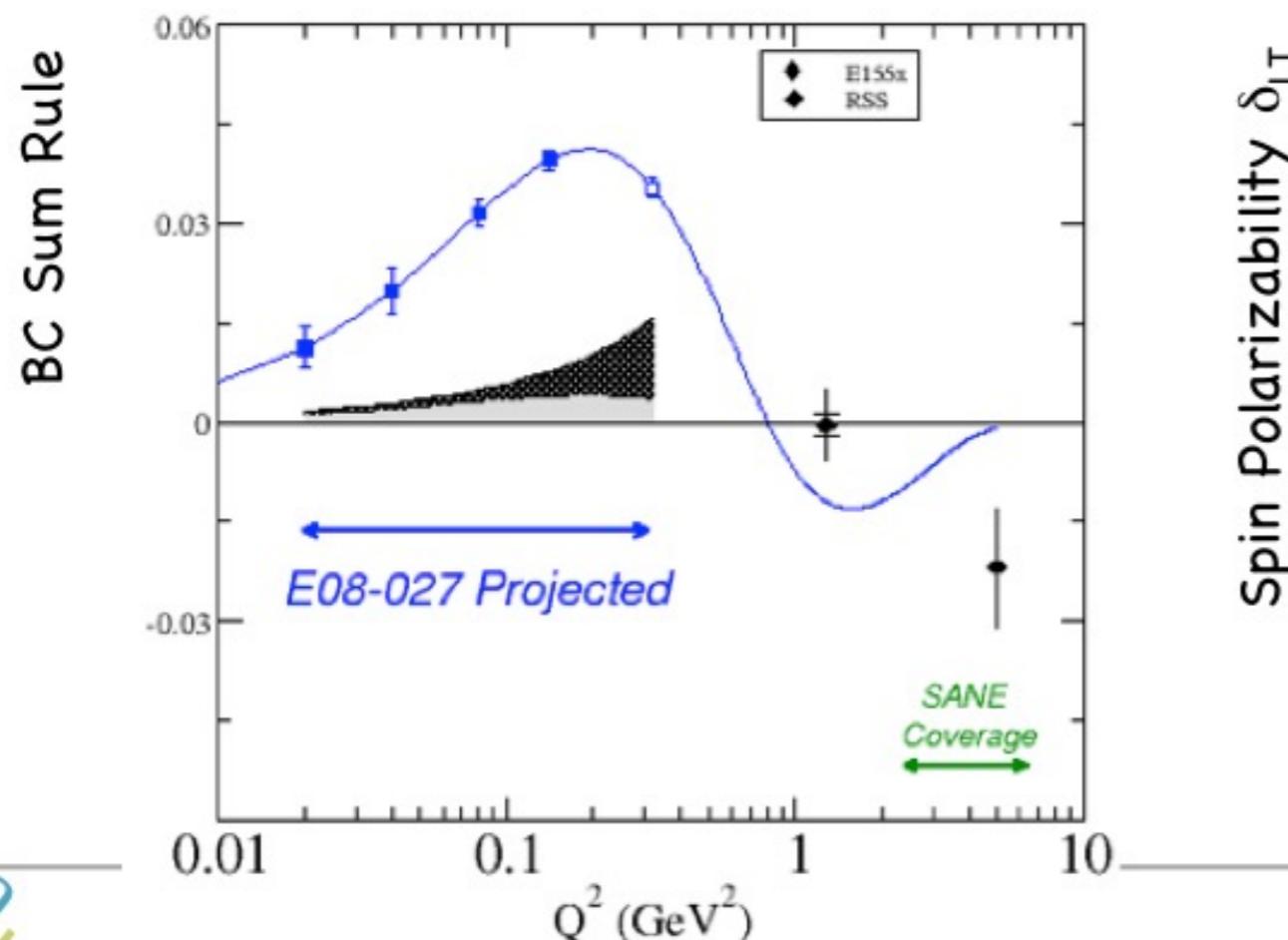
Spokesmen: Camsonne, Crabb, Chen, Slifer

**BC Sum Rule** : violation suggested for proton at large  $Q^2$ , but found satisfied for the neutron &  ${}^3\text{He}$ .

**Spin Polarizability** : Major failure ( $>8\sigma$ ) of  $\chi\text{PT}$  for neutron  $\delta_{\text{LT}}$ . Need  $g_2$  isospin separation to solve.

**Hydrogen HyperFine Splitting** : Lack of knowledge of  $g_2$  at low  $Q^2$  is one of the leading uncertainties.

**Proton Charge Radius** : one of the leading uncertainties in extraction of  $\langle R_p \rangle$  from  $\mu\text{-H}$  Lamb shift.



# Experiment Overview

## Polarized proton target

upstream chicane

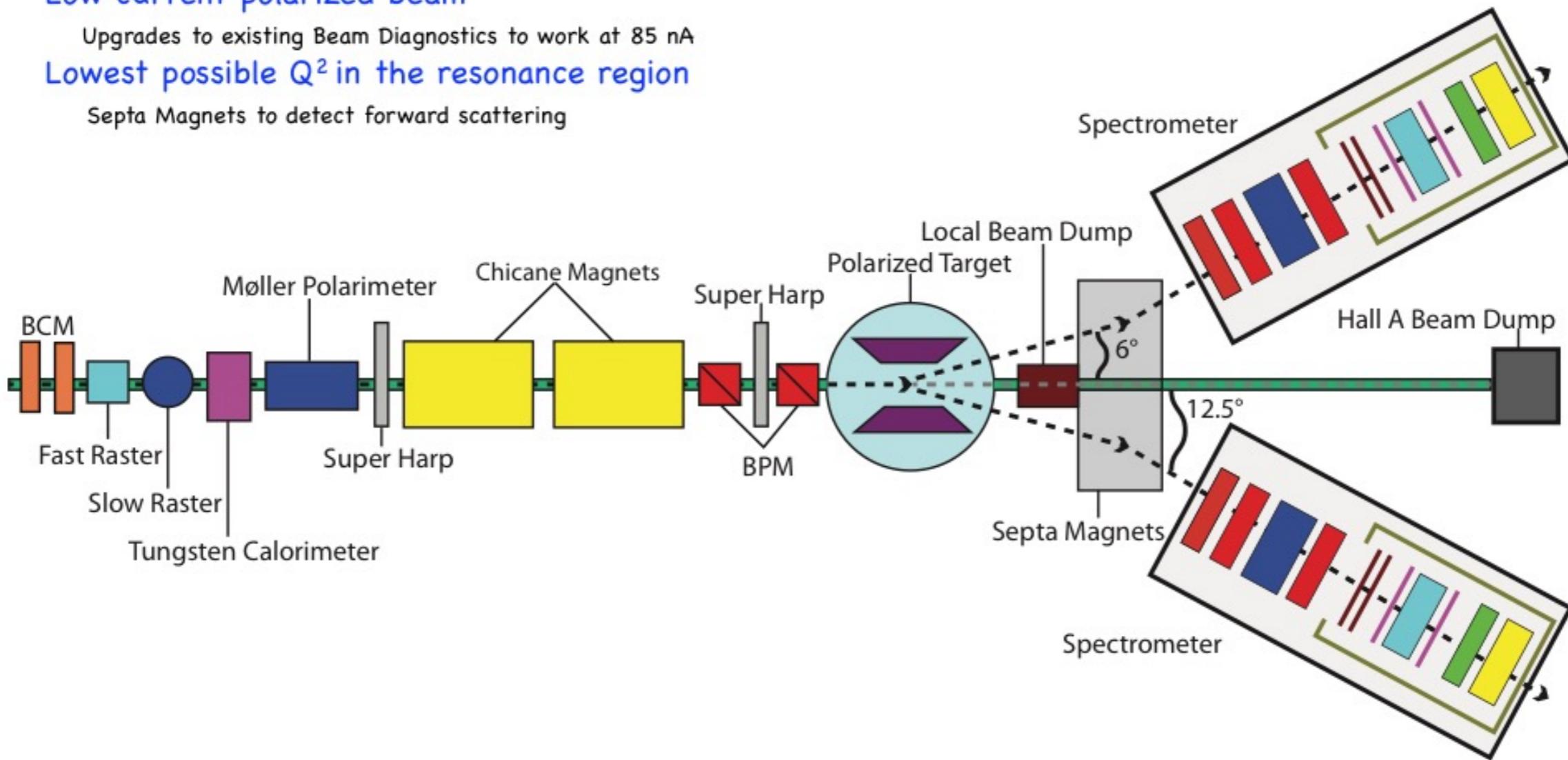
downstream local dump

## Low current polarized beam

Upgrades to existing Beam Diagnostics to work at 85 nA

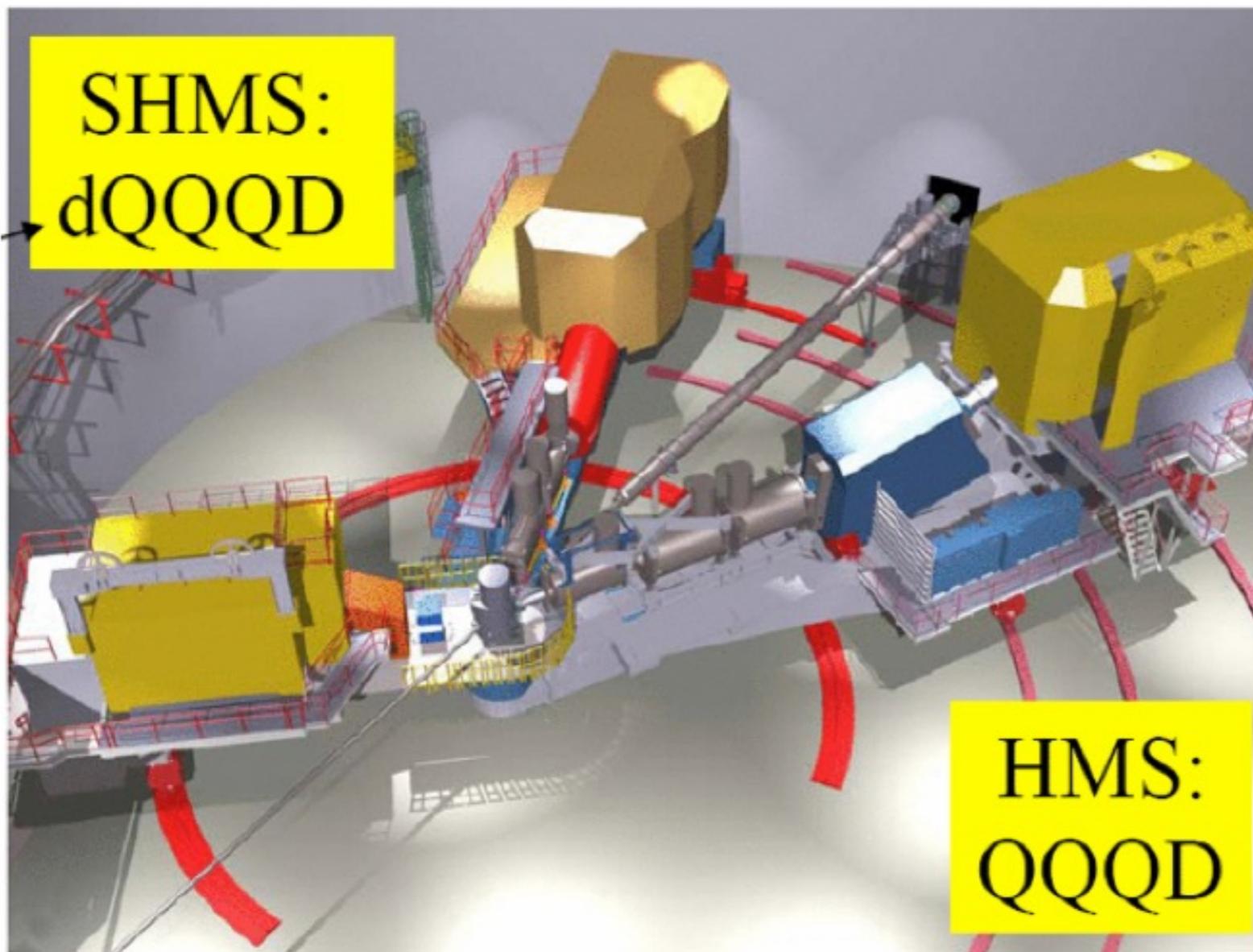
## Lowest possible $Q^2$ in the resonance region

Septa Magnets to detect forward scattering



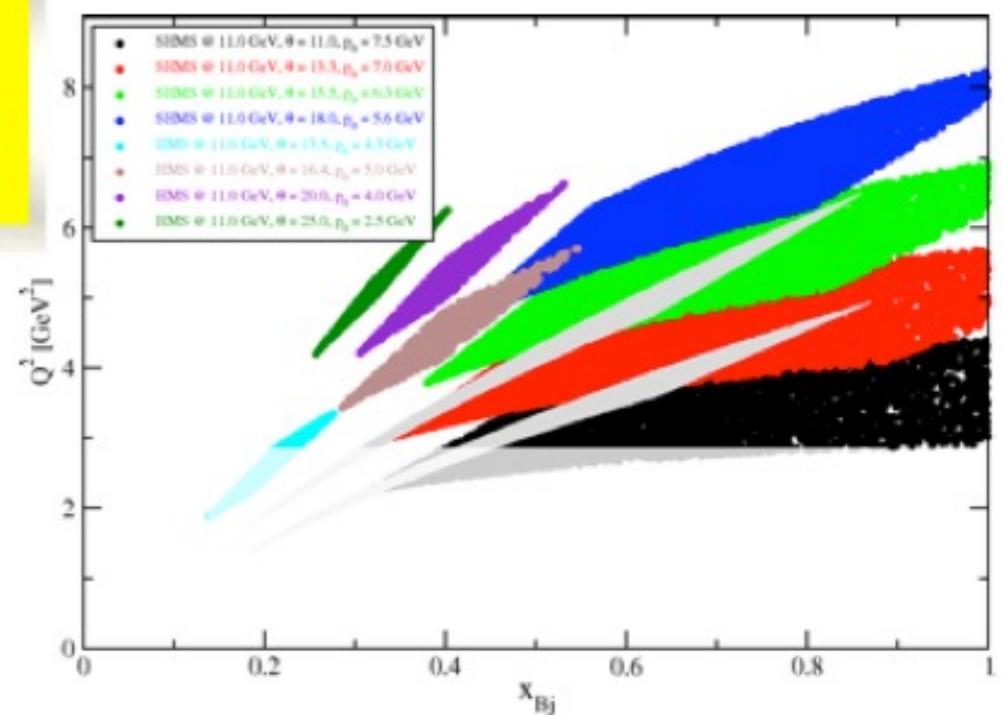
# Spin Structure Functions at 12 GeV

# E12-06-121: $d_2^n, g_2^n$

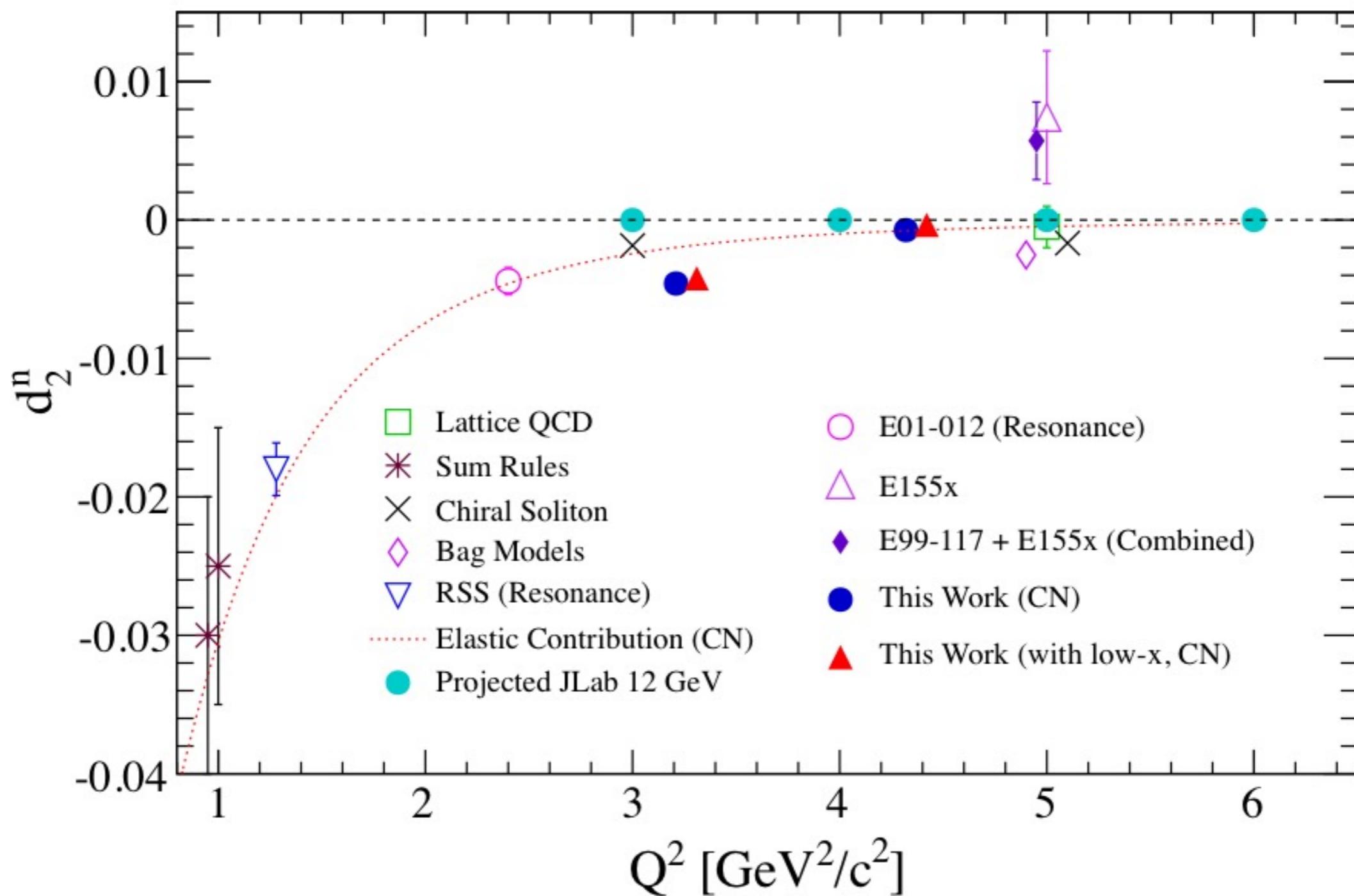


- SHMS collects data at  $\Theta = 11^\circ, 13.3^\circ, 15.5^\circ$  and  $18.0^\circ$  for 125 hrs each
  - data from each setting divided into 4 bins
- HMS collects data at  $\Theta = 13.5^\circ, 16.4^\circ, 20.0^\circ$  and  $25.0^\circ$  for 125 hrs each

- Hall C: SHMS + HMS
- One beam energy
  - 11 GeV
- Each arm measures a total cross section independent of the other arm.
- Experiment split into four pairs of 125 hour runs with spectrometer motion in between.



# JLab 12 Projection of $d_2^n$



# Summary

- Extensive measurements for  $g_1$  over large Q2 region
  - Both for the proton and the neutron
  - New efforts to go down to very low Q2 (**EG4**)
- Limited data for  $g_2$ , especially for the proton
  - Precision measurements of  $g_2/d_2$ : higher twists
  - Puzzles in generalized spin polarizabilities at low Q2
    - Test of  $\chi$ PT calculations:  $\delta_{LT}$  puzzle
  - New data will be available
    - for the proton (**SANE, E08027**)
    - for the neutron (**E97110, E06014**)
- Continues at 12 GeV