

Soft contribution to exclusive Drell-Yan process

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- n$$

Kazuhiko Tanaka (Juntendo U/KEK)

High momentum beam line at J-PARC

- Primary beam (proton)

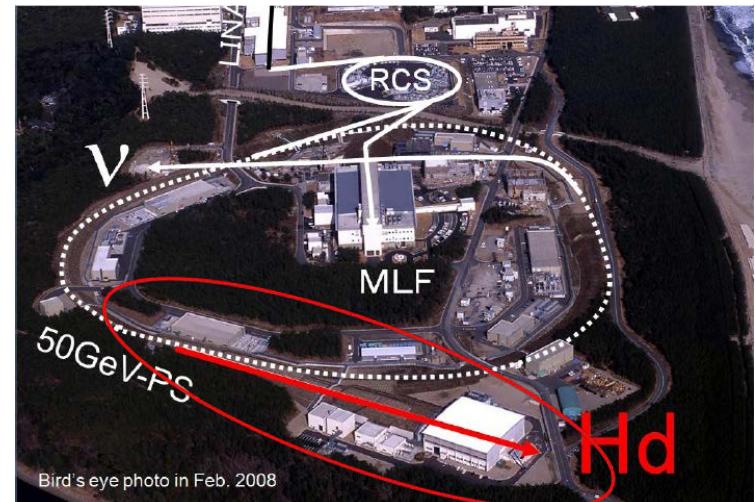
$E = 30\text{GeV}$ ($\rightarrow 50\text{GeV}?$)

$L = 10^{35}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

\leftrightarrow PANDA (anti-proton)

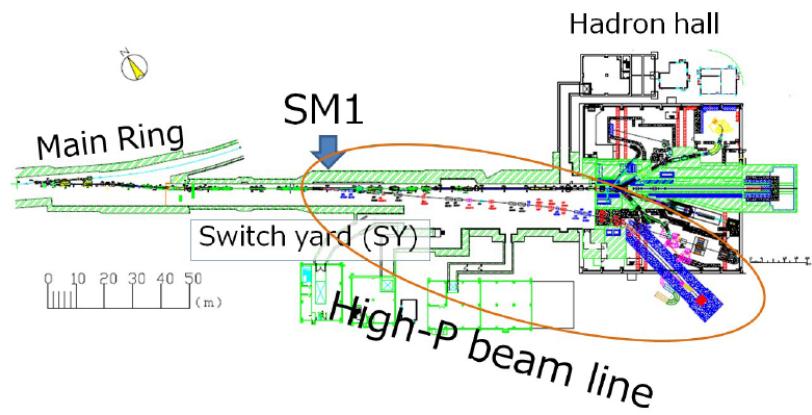
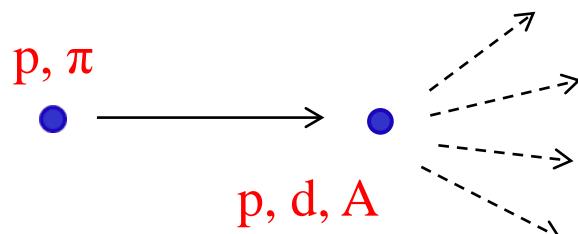
$E \leq 15\text{GeV}$, $L = 10^{32}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

Hadron Facility at J-PARC



- Secondary beam (pion)

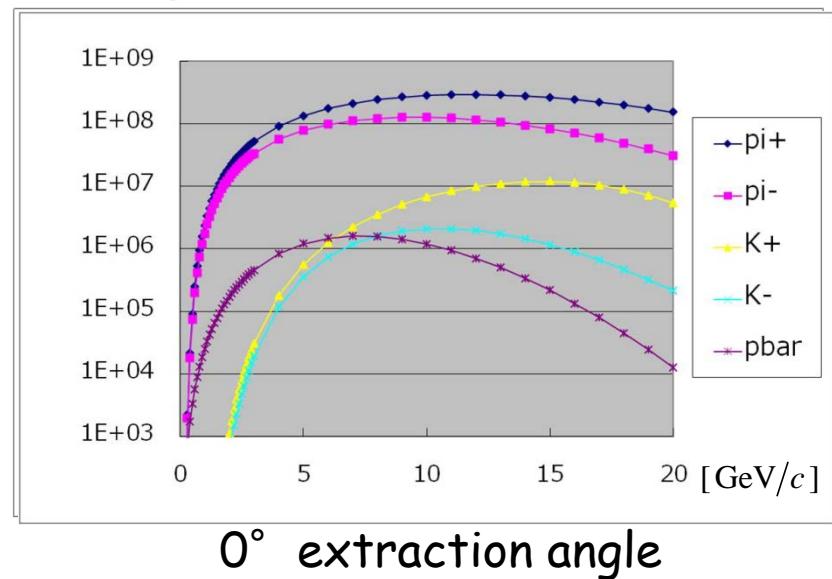
$E = 15\text{-}20\text{GeV}$





beam loss limit @ SM1:15kW

(limited by the thickness of the tunnel wall)



0° extraction angle

High-momentum beamline

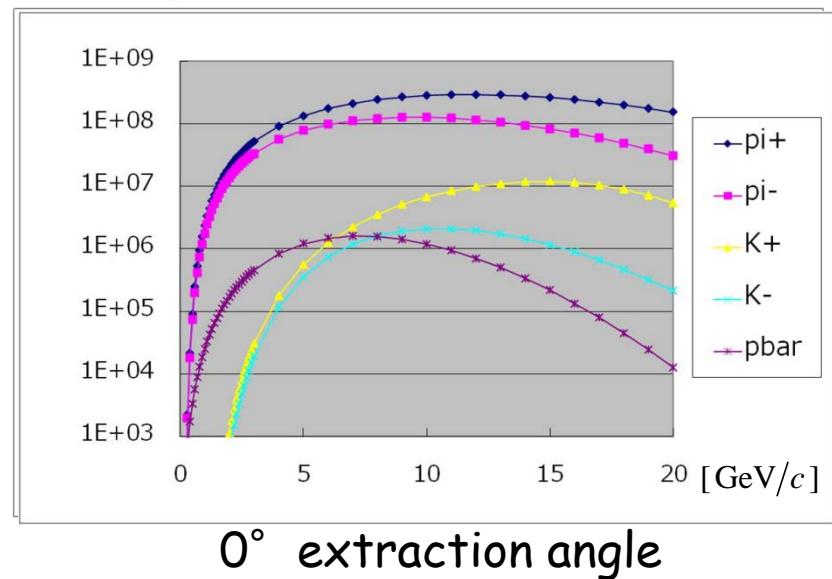
- 30 GeV proton
- ~15-20 GeV unseparated (mainly pions)

high intensity



beam loss limit @ SM1:15kW

(limited by the thickness of the tunnel wall)

 0° extraction angle

high intensity

not too high energy

$$d\sigma \sim 1/s^a$$

best suited to study meson-induced
hard exclusive processes

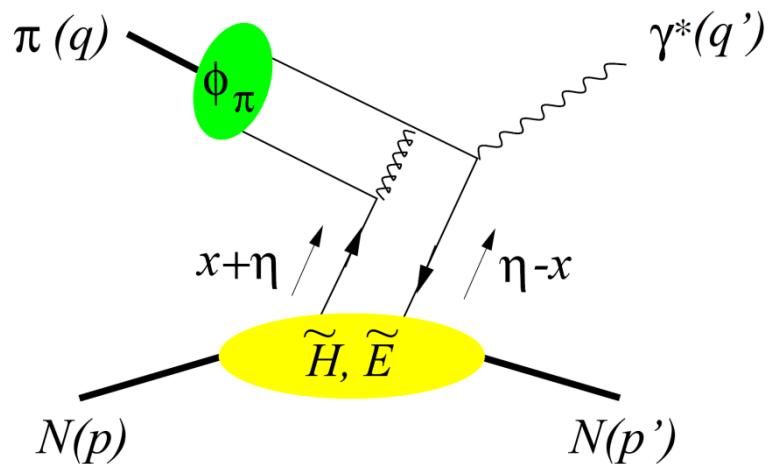
Exclusive lepton pair production in πN scattering

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- n$$

Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265

“exclusive limit of DY”

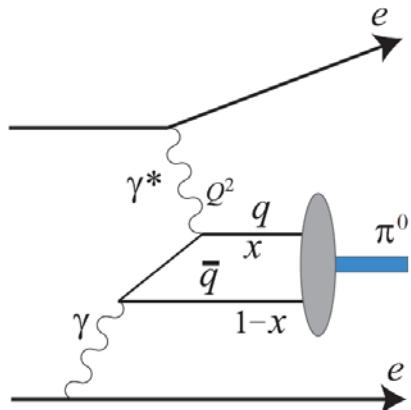
$$\text{small } t = (q - q')^2$$



Exclusive lepton pair production in πN scattering

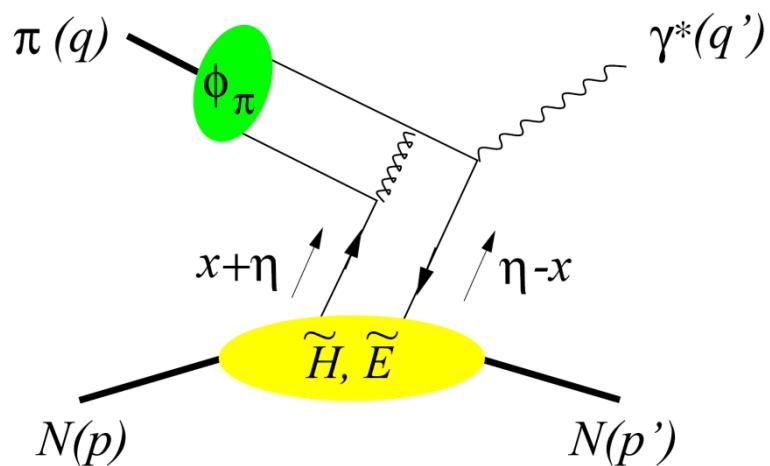
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@Belle, Babar

"exclusive limit of DY"

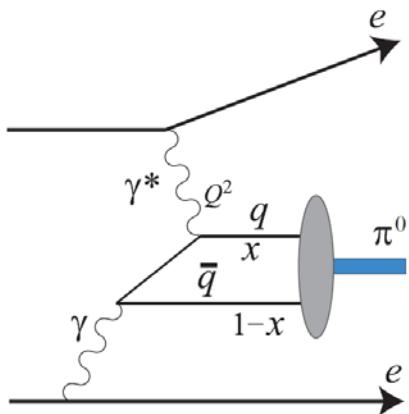


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Exclusive lepton pair production in πN scattering

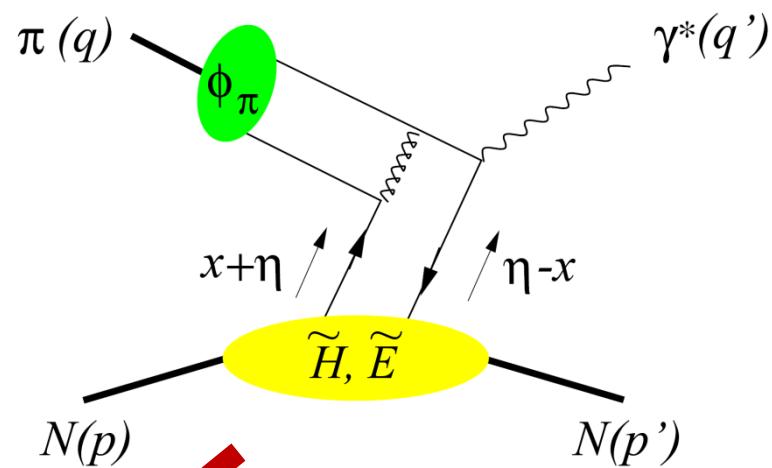
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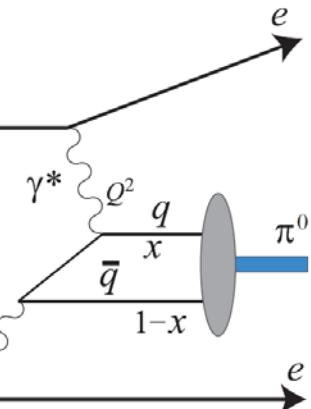
small $t = (q - q')^2$

$\Delta q(x)$ \downarrow $t \rightarrow 0$

Exclusive lepton pair production in πN scattering

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- n$$

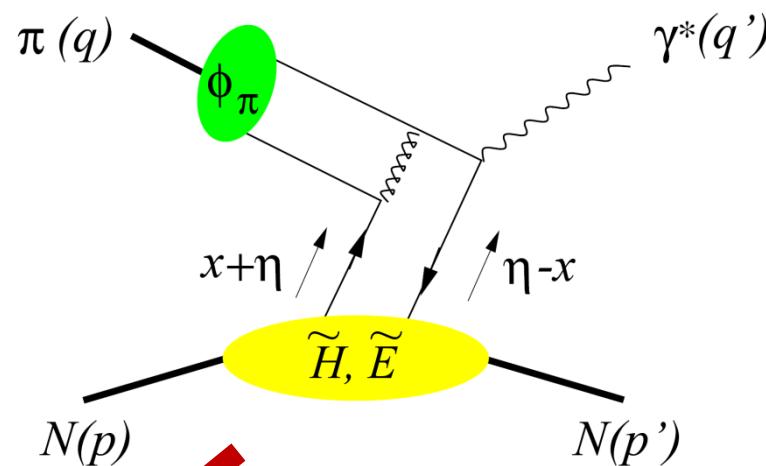
Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265



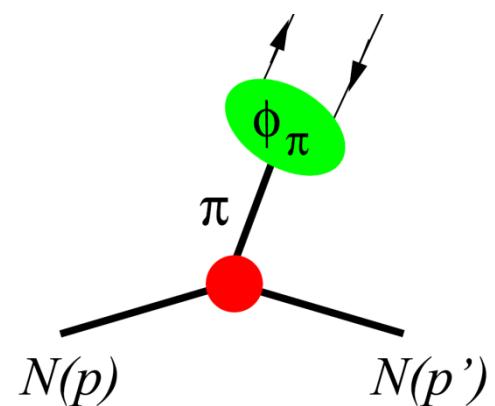
@Belle, Babar

"exclusive limit of DY"

$$\text{small } t = (q - q')^2$$



$$\Delta q(x) \xrightarrow{t \rightarrow 0}$$



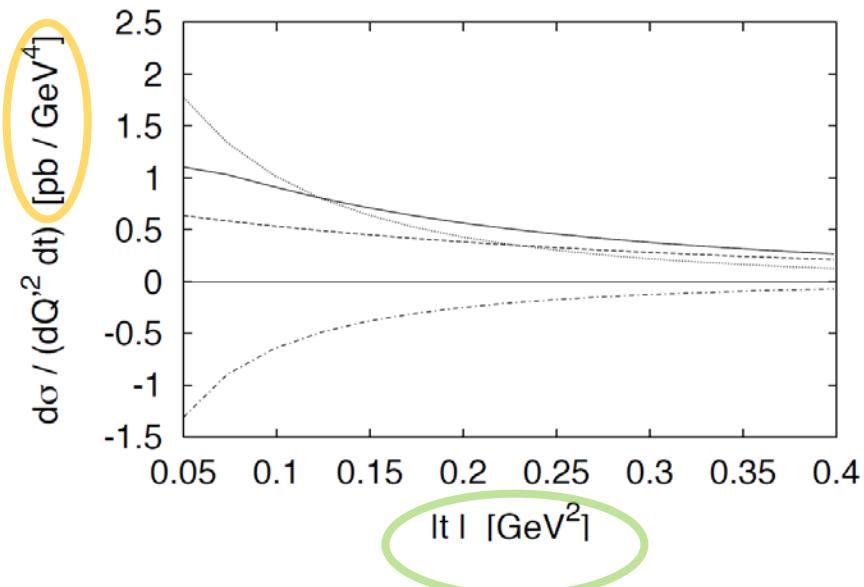
LO Estimates

Bjorken variable $\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{s-M^2}$

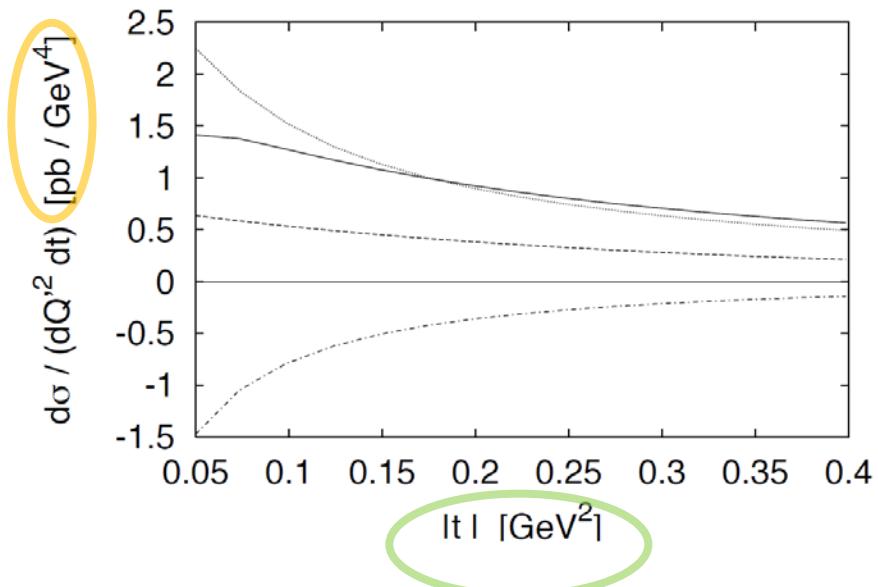
Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265

$$Q'^2 = 5 \text{ GeV}^2 \quad \tau = 0.2$$

(a)



(b)



(dashed) = $|\tilde{\mathcal{H}}|^2$; **(dash-dotted)** = $\text{Re}(\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^* \tilde{\mathcal{E}})$; **(dotted)** = $|\tilde{\mathcal{E}}|^2$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt} (\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) = \frac{4\pi\alpha_{\text{em}}^2}{27} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^8} f_\pi^2 \left[(1-\eta^2) |\tilde{\mathcal{K}}^{du}|^2 - 2\eta^2 \text{Re}(\tilde{\mathcal{K}}^{du*} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}) - \eta^2 \frac{t}{4M^2} |\tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}|^2 \right]$$

LO Estimates

Bjorken variable

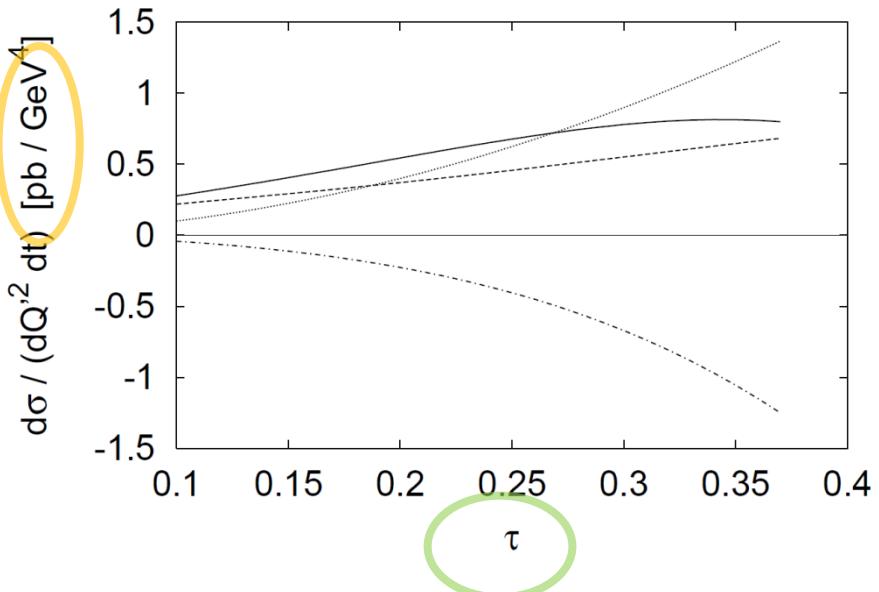
$$\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{s - M^2}$$

$$Q'^2 = 5 \text{ GeV}^2$$

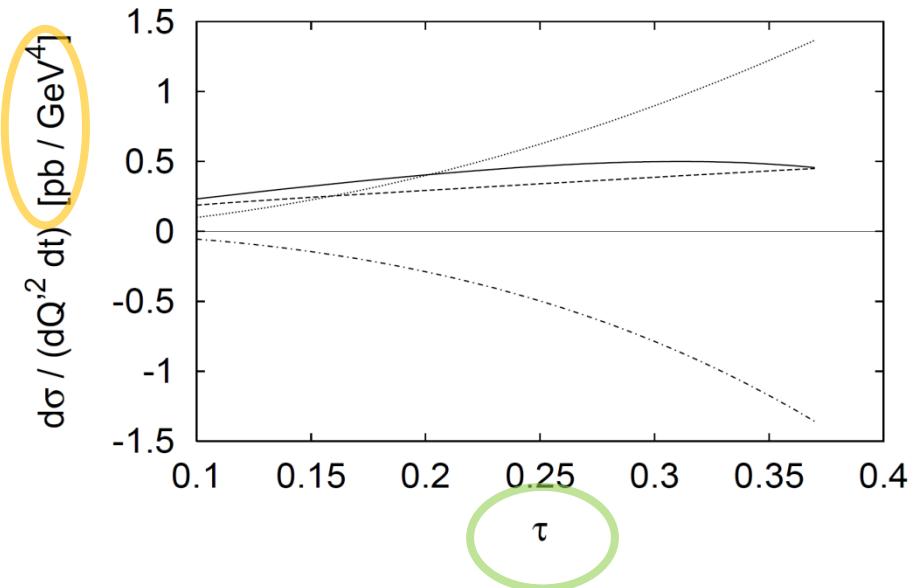
Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265

$$|t| = 0.2$$

(a)



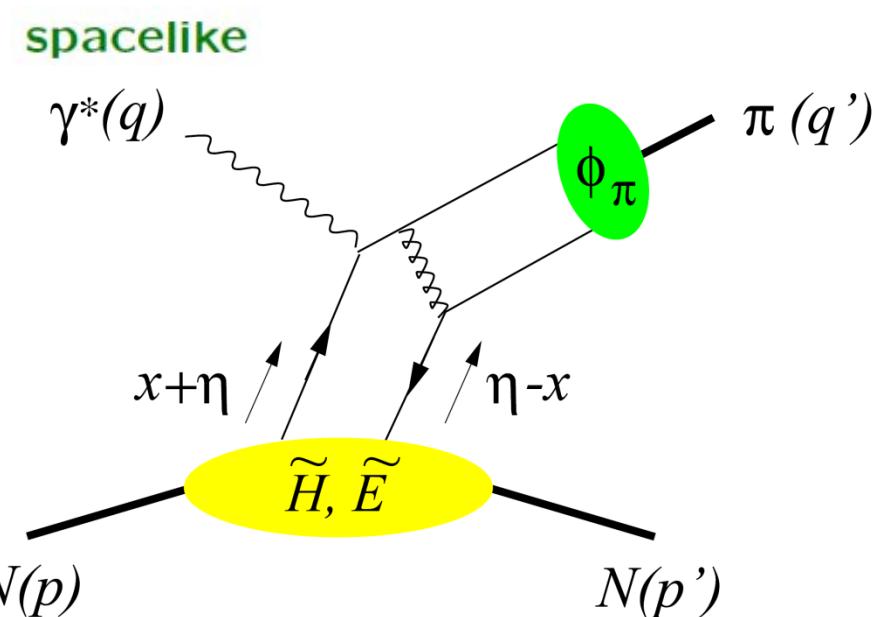
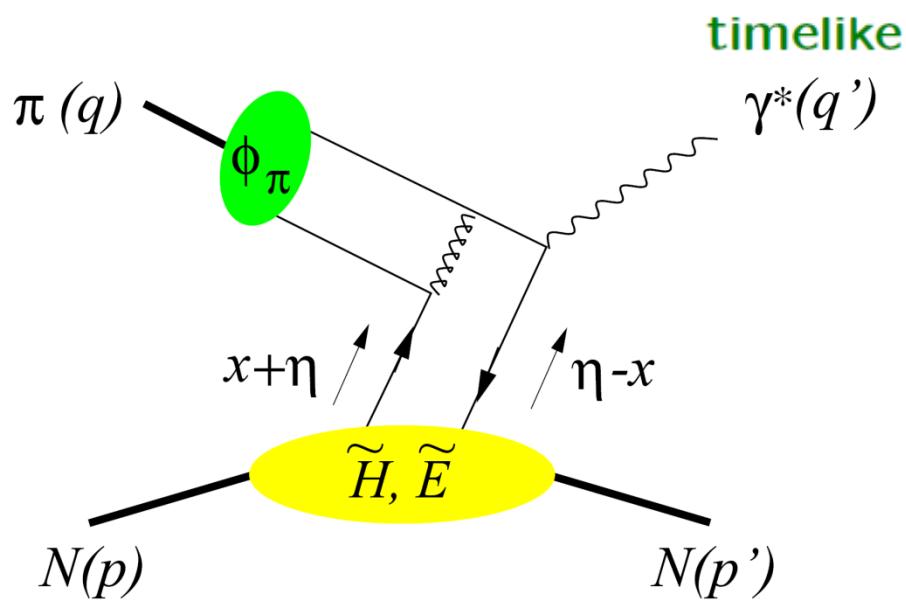
(b)



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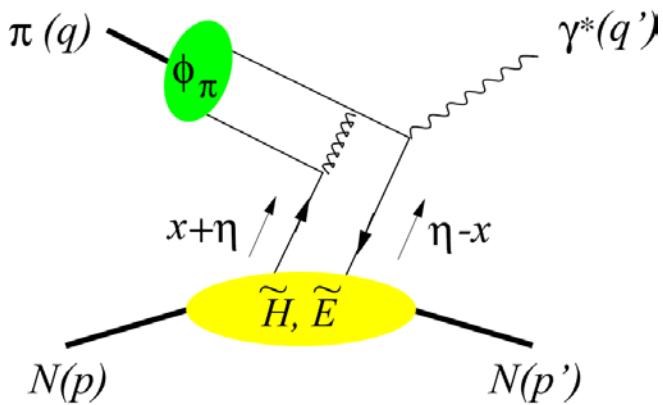
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Pion beams reveal \tilde{H}, \tilde{E} Generalized Parton distributions



exDY@J-PARC

DVMP@JLab



Bjorken variable: $\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{2 p \cdot q}$

Skewness: $\eta = \frac{p^+ - p'^+}{p^+ + p'^+}$

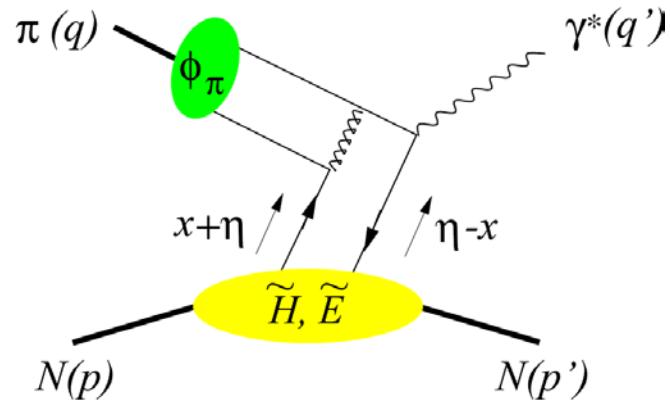
Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt d(\cos\theta) d\varphi} = \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{256 \pi^3} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6} \sum_{\lambda', \lambda} |M^{0\lambda', \lambda}|^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$M^{0\lambda', \lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) = -ie \frac{4\pi}{3} \frac{f_\pi}{Q'} \frac{1}{(p+p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p'-p)^+}{2M} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) = \frac{8\alpha_S}{3} \int_0^1 du \frac{\phi_\pi(u)}{4u(1-u)} \int_{-1}^1 dx \left[\frac{e_d}{-\eta-x-i\epsilon} - \frac{e_u}{-\eta+x-i\epsilon} \right] [\tilde{H}^d(x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^u(x, \eta, t)]$$

$$\int \frac{dz^-}{2\pi} e^{ix\bar{P}^+ z^-} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(-\frac{z^-}{2}) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 \psi(\frac{z^-}{2}) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[\tilde{H}^q(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p) + \tilde{E}^q(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{\gamma_5 (p^- - p)^+}{2M} u(p) \right]$$



$$\textbf{Bjorken variable: } \tau = \frac{Q^{\prime 2}}{2p\cdot q}$$

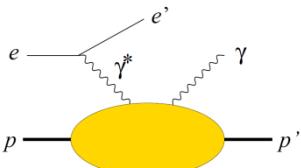
$$\textbf{Skewness: } \eta = \frac{p^+ - p'^+}{p^+ + p'^+}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2\,dt\,d(\cos\theta)\,d\varphi}=\frac{\alpha_{\mathrm{em}}}{256\,\pi^3}\,\frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6}\,\sum_{\lambda',\lambda}|M^{0\lambda',\lambda}|^2\,\sin^2\theta$$

$$M^{0\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^-p\rightarrow\gamma^*n)=-ie\,\tfrac{4\pi}{3}\,\tfrac{f_\pi}{Q'}\,\tfrac{1}{(p+p')^+}\,\bar u(p',\lambda')\left[\gamma^+\gamma_5\,\tilde{\mathcal H}^{du}(\eta,t)+\gamma_5\tfrac{(p'-p)^+}{2M}\,\tilde{\mathcal E}^{du}(\eta,t)\right]u(p,\lambda)$$

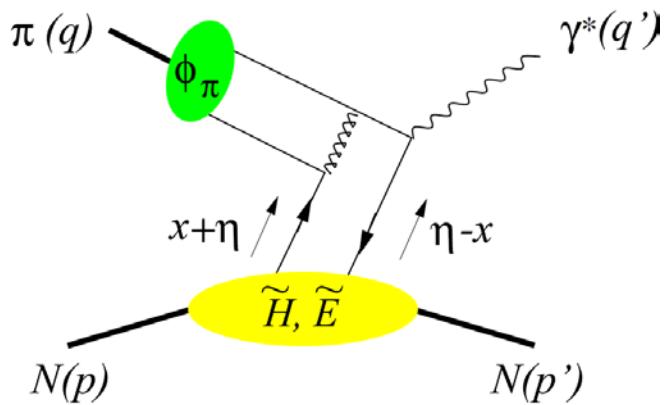
$$\tilde{\mathcal H}^{du}(\eta,t)=\tfrac{8\alpha_S}{3}\int_0^1 du\,\frac{\phi_\pi(u)}{4u(1-u)}\int_{-1}^1 dx\,\left[\tfrac{e_d}{-\eta-x-i\epsilon}-\tfrac{e_u}{-\eta+x-i\epsilon}\right]\left[\tilde H^d(x,\eta,t)-\tilde H^u(x,\eta,t)\right]$$

$$\int\!\frac{dz^-}{2\pi} e^{ix\overline{P}^+z^-}\langle p'|\overline{\psi}(-\frac{z^-}{2})\gamma^+\gamma_5\psi(\frac{z^-}{2})|p\rangle=\frac{1}{\overline{P}^+}\Bigg[\tilde{H}^q(x,\eta,t)\overline{u}(p')\gamma^+\gamma_5u(p)+\tilde{E}^q(x,\eta,t)\overline{u}(p')\frac{\gamma_5(p^--p)^+}{2M}u(p)\Bigg]$$



$$\int\!\frac{dz^-}{2\pi} e^{ix\overline{P}^+z^-}\langle p'|\overline{\psi}(-\frac{z^-}{2})\gamma^+\psi(\frac{z^-}{2})|p\rangle=\frac{1}{\overline{P}^+}\Bigg[H^q(x,\eta,t)\overline{u}(p')\gamma^+u(p)+E^q(x,\eta,t)\overline{u}(p')\frac{i\sigma^{+\alpha}(p^--p)_\alpha}{2M}u(p)\Bigg]$$

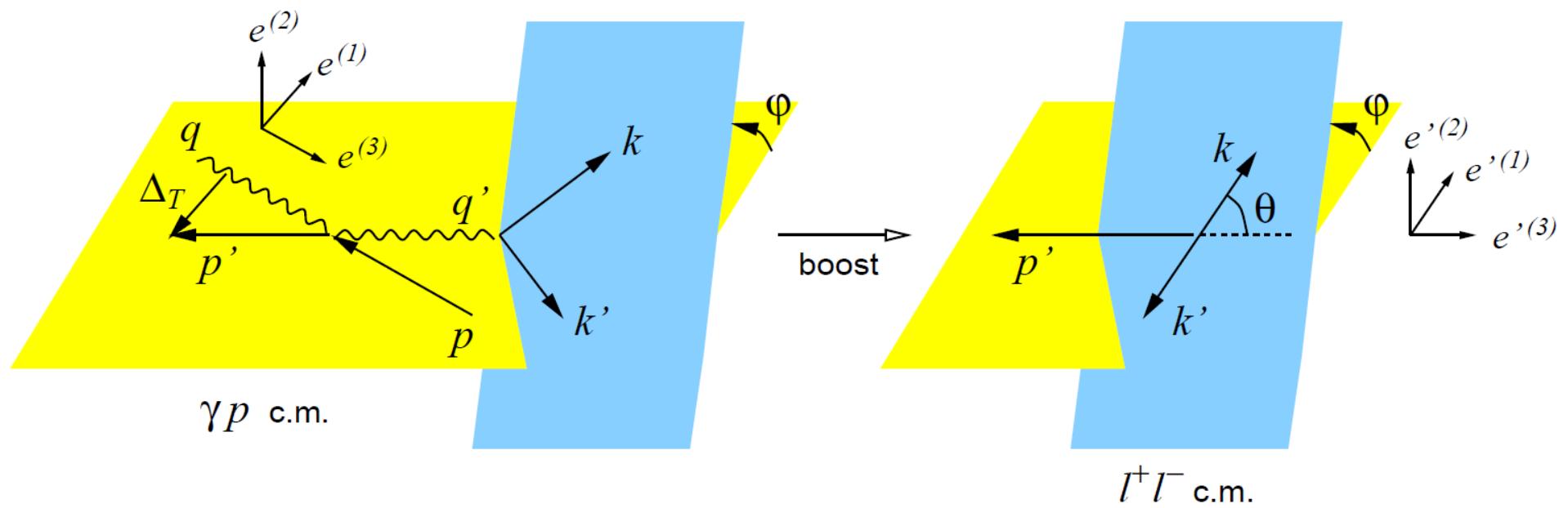
$$J_q=\frac{1}{2}\int_{-1}^1 dx x\Big(H^q(x,\eta,0)+E^q(x,\eta,0)\Big)$$

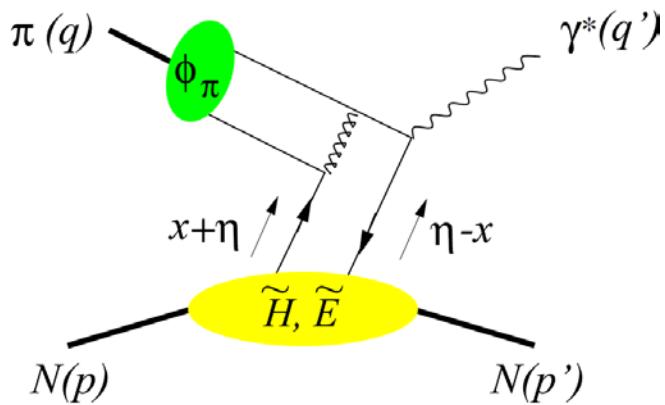


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Skewness: $\eta = \frac{p^+ - p'^+}{p^+ + p'^+}$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt d(\cos \theta) d\varphi} = \frac{\alpha_{em}}{256 \pi^3} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6} \sum_{\lambda', \lambda} |M^{0\lambda', \lambda}|^2 \sin^2 \theta$$





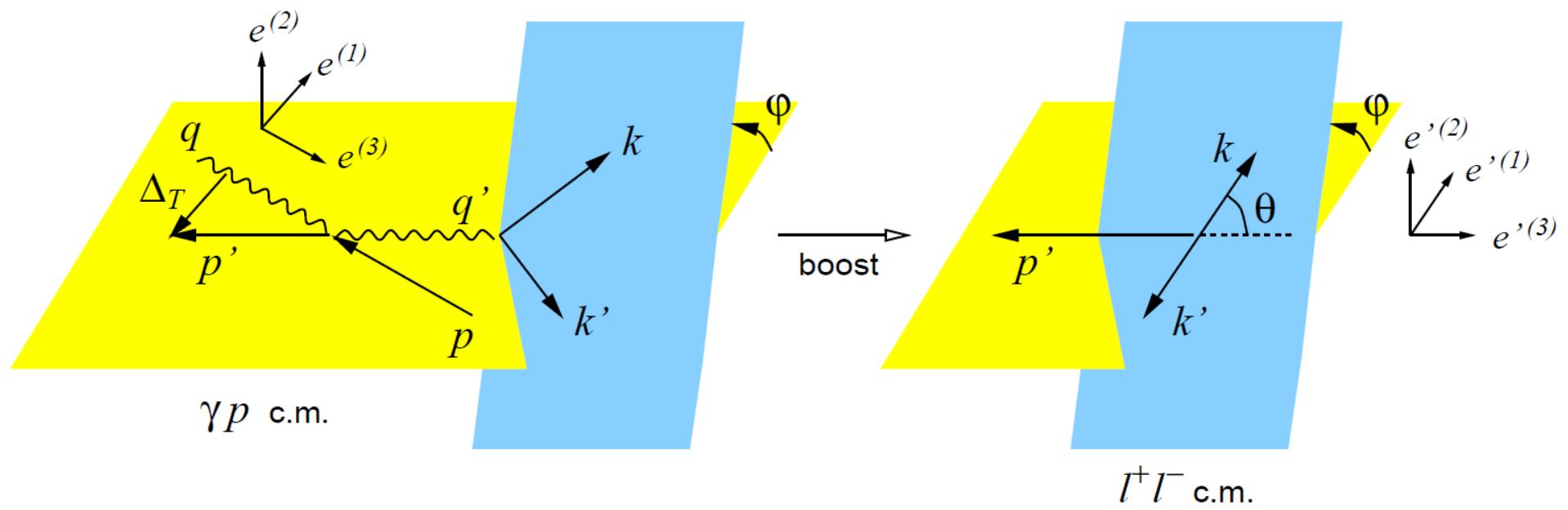
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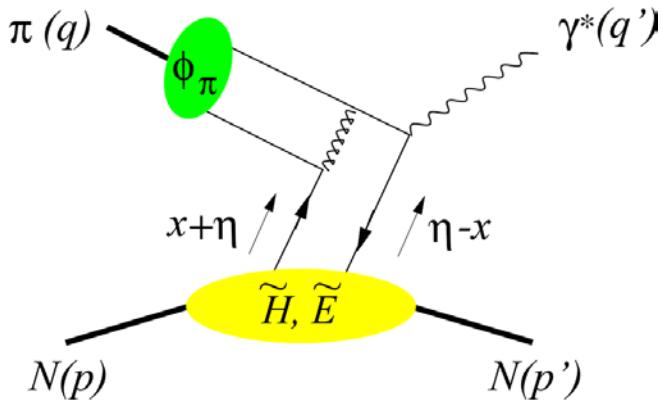
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long. photon

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$$|d_{-1,0}^1(\theta)|^2 + |d_{1,0}^1(\theta)|^2$$





$$\textbf{Bjorken variable: } \tau = \frac{Q'^2}{2 p \cdot q}$$

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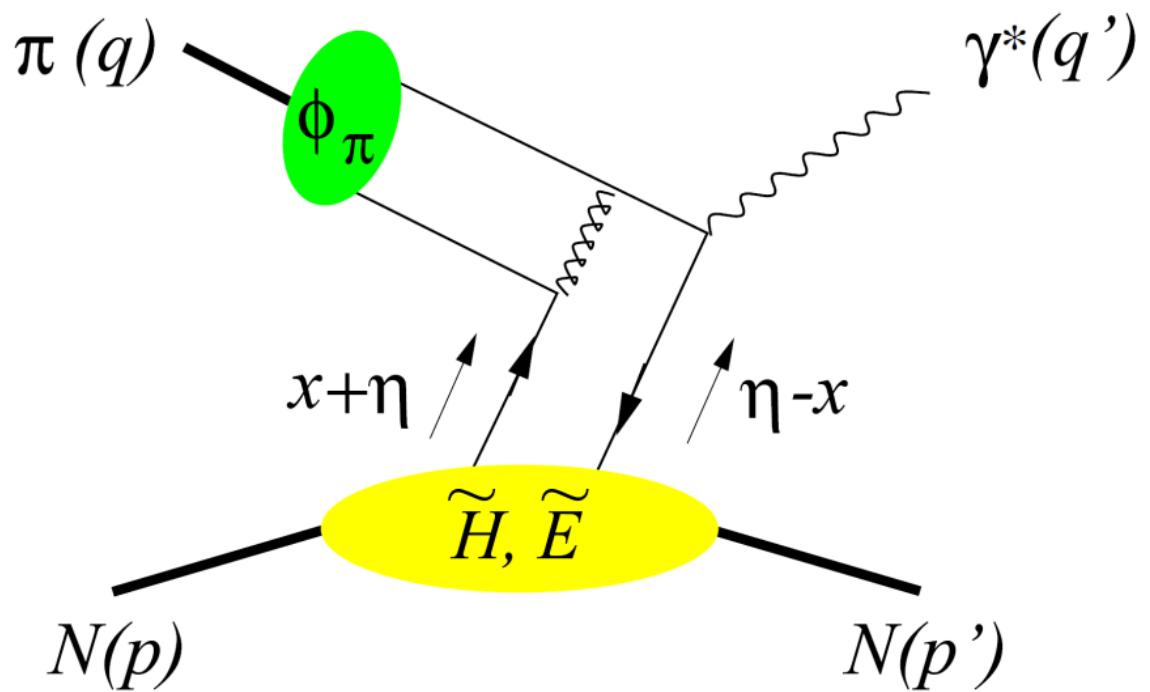
$$\textcolor{red}{\textbf{long. photon}} \quad \downarrow \quad \left| d_{-1\,0}^1(\theta) \right|^2 + \left| d_{1\,0}^1(\theta) \right|^2$$

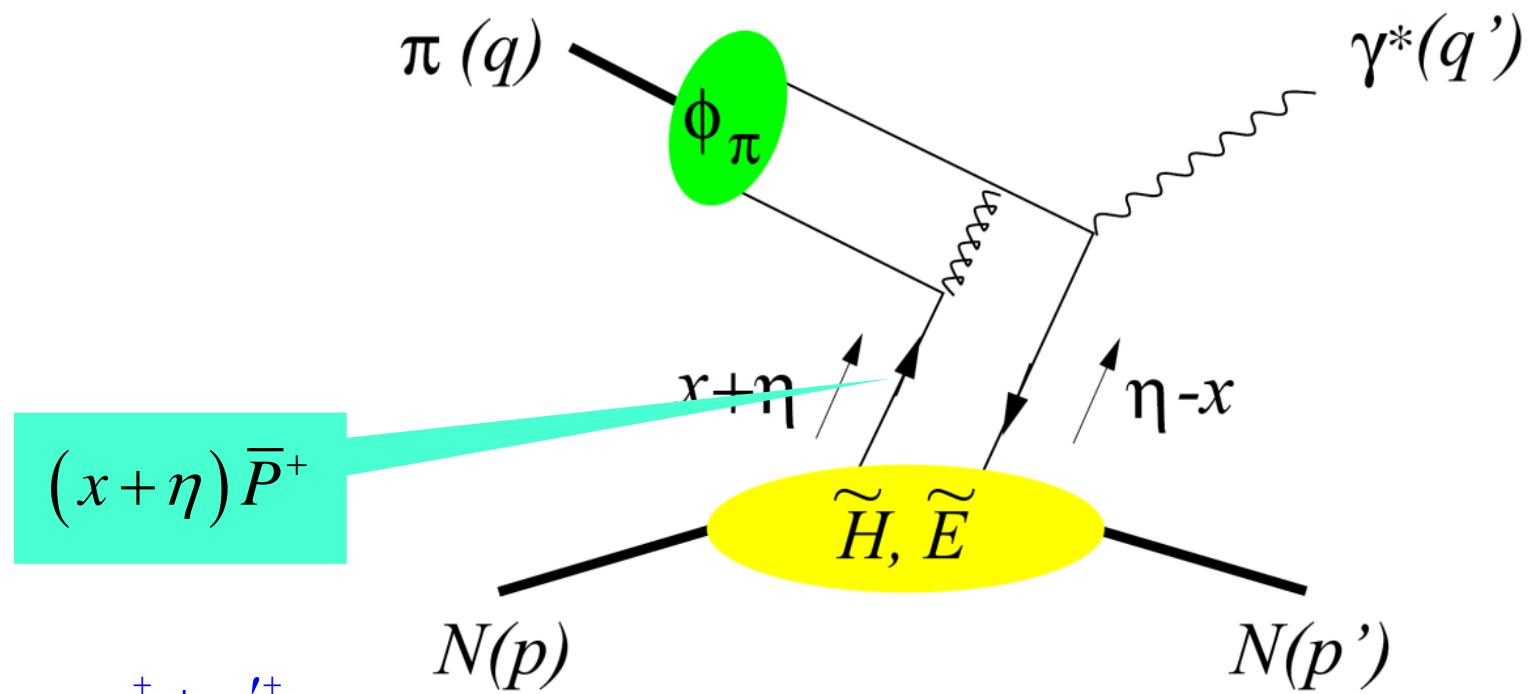
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2\,dt\,d(\cos\theta)\,d\varphi} = \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{256\,\pi^3}\,\frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6}\,\sum_{\lambda',\lambda}|M^{0\lambda',\lambda}|^2\,\sin^2\theta$$

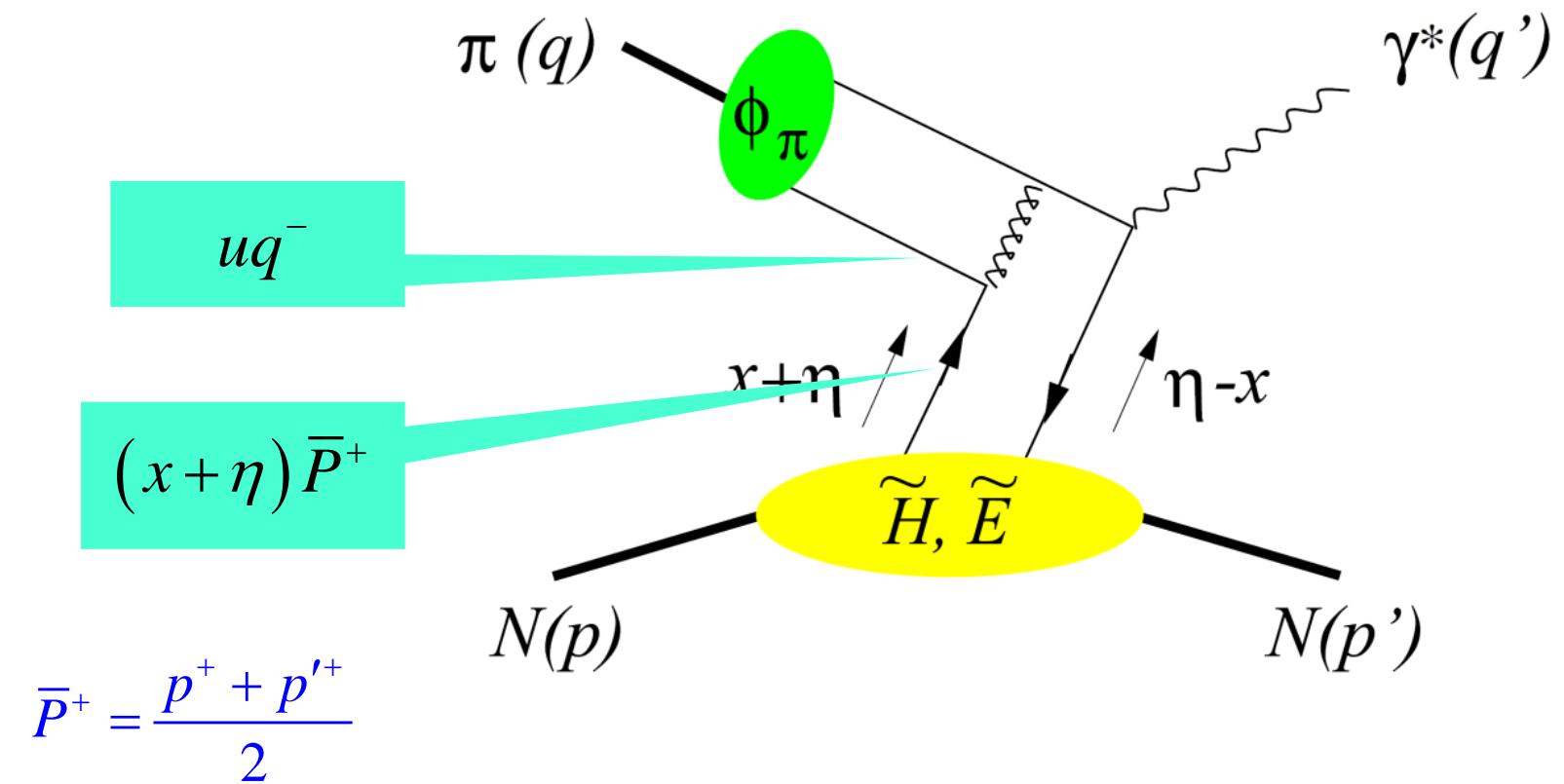
$$M^{0\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^-p\rightarrow\gamma^*n)=-ie\,\tfrac{4\pi}{3}\,\tfrac{f_\pi}{Q'}\,\tfrac{1}{(p+p')^+}\,\bar u(p',\lambda')\left[\gamma^+\gamma_5\,\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta,t)+\gamma_5\tfrac{(p'-p)^+}{2M}\,\tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\eta,t)\right]u(p,\lambda)$$

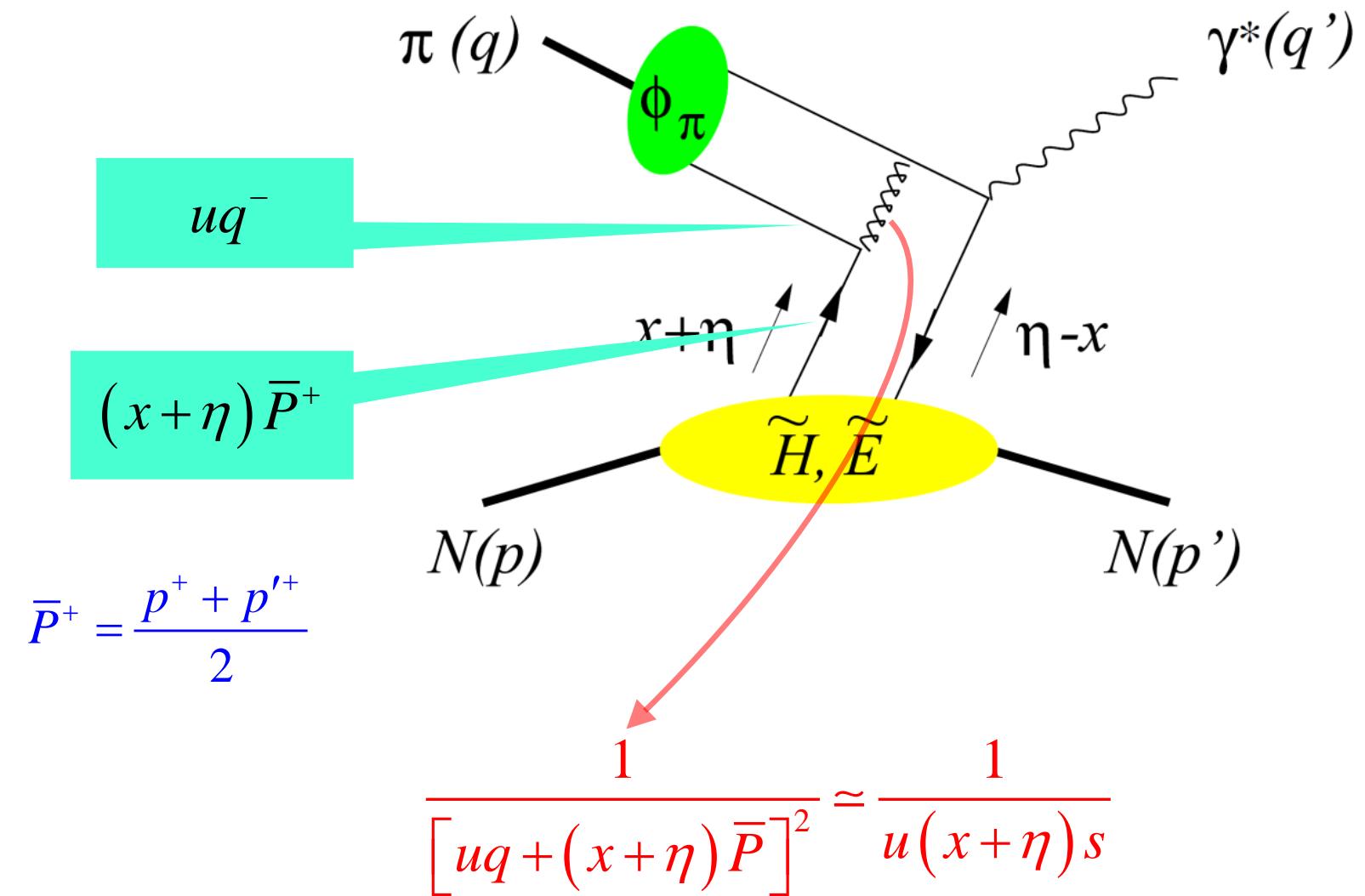
$$\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta,t)=\tfrac{8\alpha_S}{3}\int_0^1 du \frac{\phi_\pi(u)}{4u(1-u)}\int_{-1}^1 dx\,\left[\tfrac{e_d}{-\eta-x-i\epsilon}-\tfrac{e_u}{-\eta+x-i\epsilon}\right]\left[\tilde{H}^d(x,\eta,t)-\tilde{H}^u(x,\eta,t)\right]$$

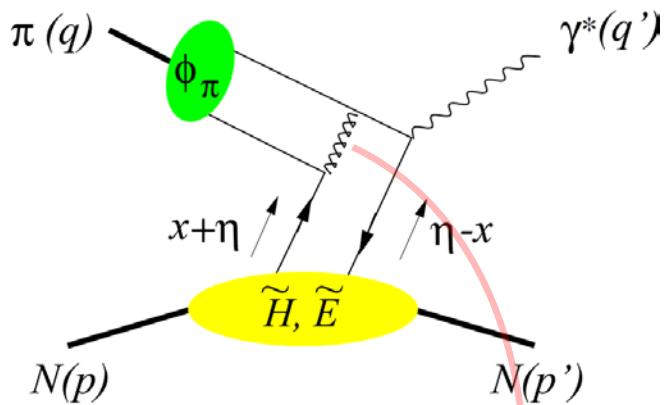
$$\int \frac{dz^-}{2\pi} e^{ix\bar{P}^+z^-} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(-\frac{z^-}{2}) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 \psi(\frac{z^-}{2}) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[\tilde{H}^q(x,\eta,t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p) + \tilde{E}^q(x,\eta,t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{\gamma_5 (p'-p)^+}{2M} u(p) \right]$$











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long. photon \downarrow

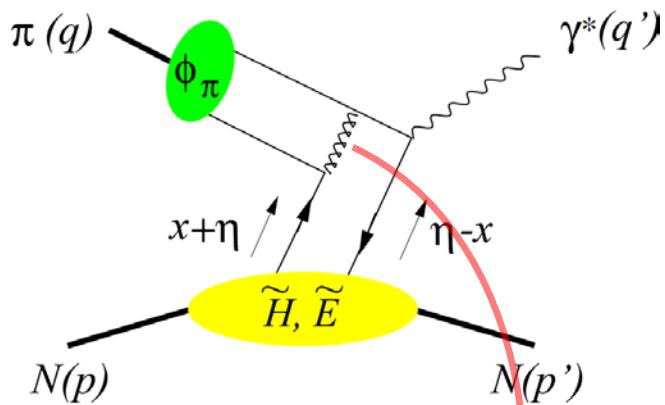
$$\left| d_{-1\ 0}^1(\theta) \right|^2 + \left| d_{1\ 0}^1(\theta) \right|^2$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt d(\cos\theta) d\varphi} = \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{256 \pi^3} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6} \sum_{\lambda', \lambda} |M^{0\lambda', \lambda}|^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

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long. photon \downarrow $|d_{-1\ 0}^1(\theta)|^2 + |d_{1\ 0}^1(\theta)|^2$

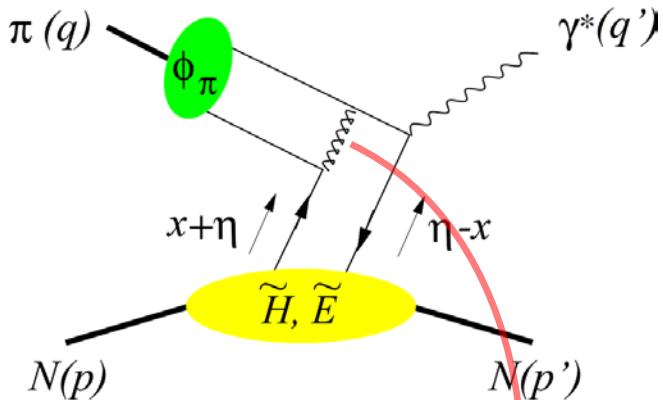
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$$\phi_\pi(u) \sim u(1-u)$$



Bjorken variable: $\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{2p \cdot q}$

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long. photon \downarrow

$$\left| d_{-1\ 0}^1(\theta) \right|^2 + \left| d_{1\ 0}^1(\theta) \right|^2$$

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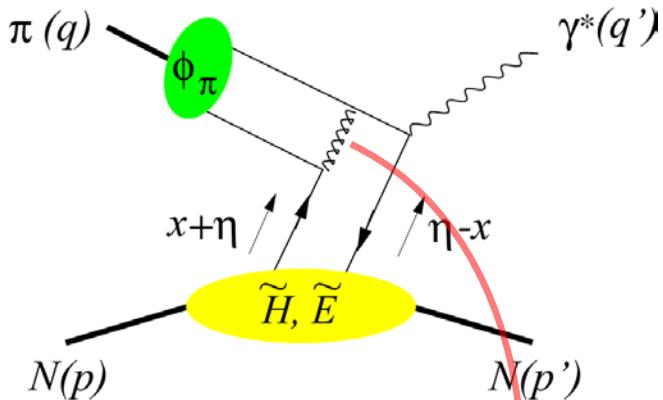
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$$\phi_\pi(u) \sim u(1-u)$$

$$M^{\pm 1, \lambda, \lambda'}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) \sim \frac{\alpha_s}{Q'^2} \int_0^1 du \frac{\phi_p(u)}{u(1-u)} \otimes \frac{1}{(\eta \pm x + i\varepsilon)^2} \otimes \left\{ H_T^q(x, \eta, t), \tilde{H}_T^q(x, \eta, t), E_T^q(x, \eta, t), \tilde{E}_T^q(x, \eta, t) \right\}$$



Bjorken variable: $\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{2 p \cdot q}$

Skewness: $\eta = \frac{p^+ - p'^+}{p^+ + p'^+}$

long. photon \downarrow

$$\left| d_{-1\ 0}^1(\theta) \right|^2 + \left| d_{1\ 0}^1(\theta) \right|^2$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt d(\cos\theta) d\varphi} = \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{256 \pi^3} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6} \sum_{\lambda', \lambda} |M^{0\lambda', \lambda}|^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$M^{0\lambda', \lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) = -ie \frac{4\pi}{3} \frac{f_\pi}{Q'} \frac{1}{(p+p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p'-p)^+}{2M} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) = \frac{8\alpha_S}{3} \int_0^1 du \frac{\phi_\pi(u)}{4u(1-u)} \int_{-1}^1 dx \left[\frac{e_d}{-\eta-x-i\epsilon} - \frac{e_u}{-\eta+x-i\epsilon} \right] [\tilde{H}^d(x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^u(x, \eta, t)]$$

$$\int \frac{dz^-}{2\pi} e^{ix\bar{P}^+ z^-} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(-\frac{z^-}{2}) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 \psi(\frac{z^-}{2}) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[\tilde{H}^q(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p) + \tilde{E}^q(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

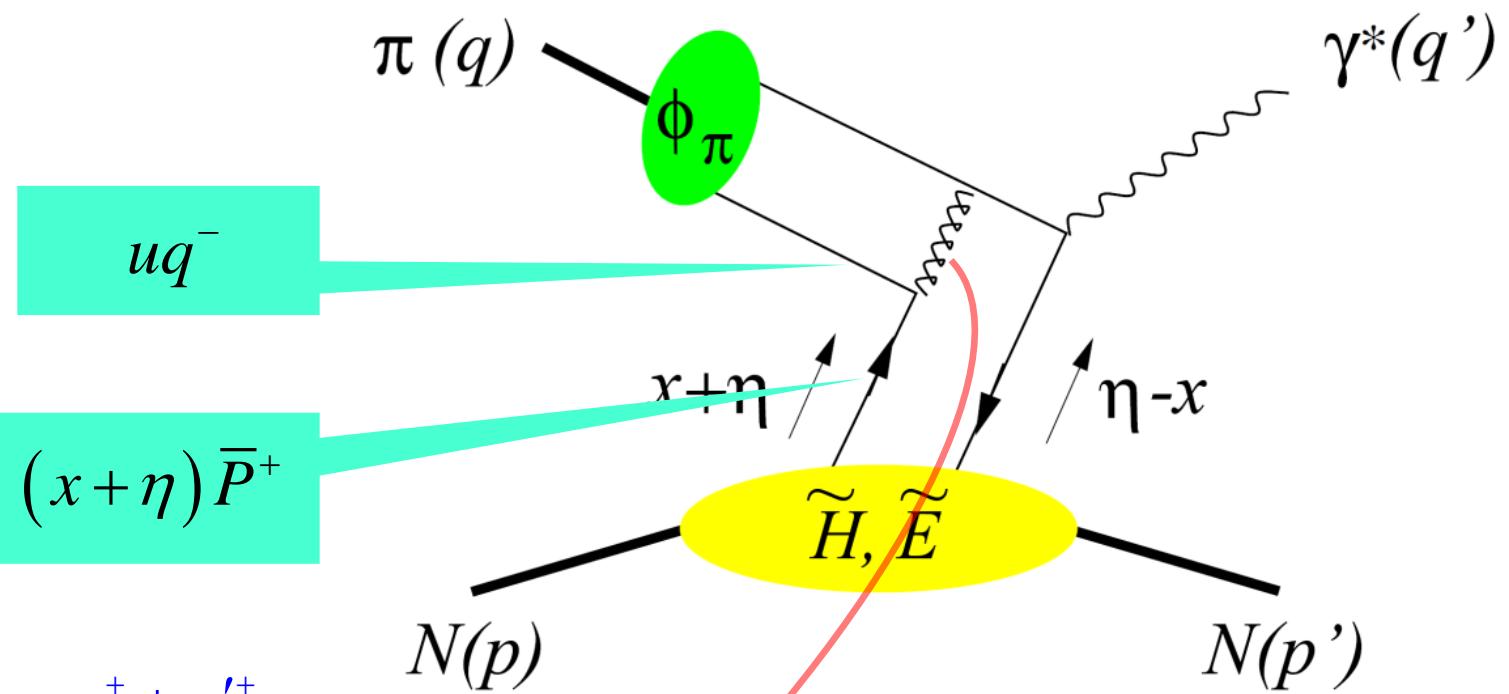
$$\phi_\pi(u) \sim u(1-u)$$

$$\phi_p(u) \sim 1$$

$$M^{\pm 1, \lambda; \lambda'}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) \sim \frac{\alpha_s}{Q'^2} \int_0^1 du \frac{\phi_p(u)}{u(1-u)} \otimes \frac{1}{(\eta \pm x + i\epsilon)^2} \otimes \left\{ H_T^q(x, \eta, t), \tilde{H}_T^q(x, \eta, t), E_T^q(x, \eta, t), \tilde{E}_T^q(x, \eta, t) \right\}$$

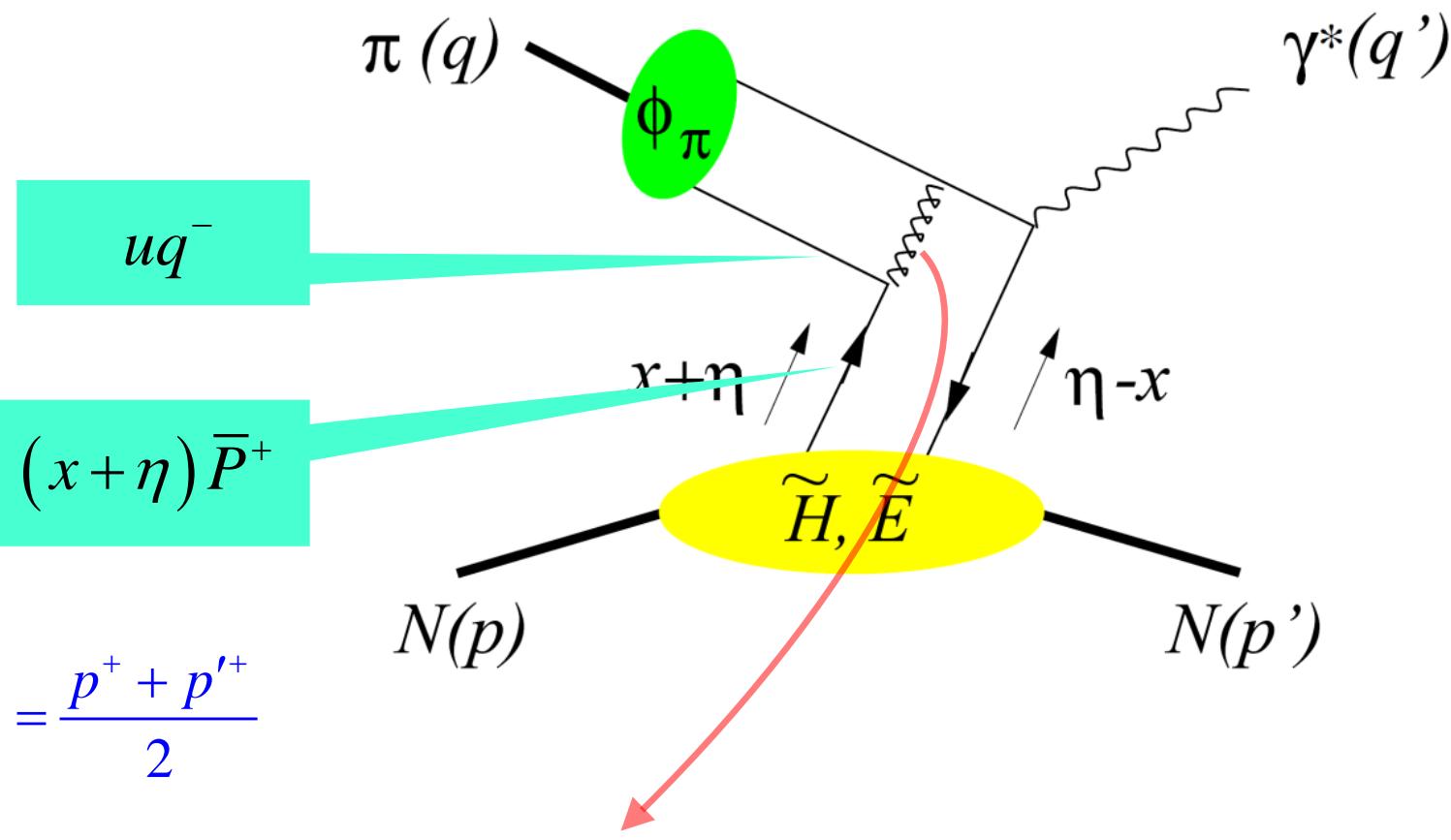
Collinear factorization does not work at twist-3:

- quark k_{\perp} (" k_T -factorization") *Goloskokov, Kroll*
with Sudakov resummation
Li, Sterman



$$\bar{P}^+ = \frac{p^+ + p'^+}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{[uq + (x + \eta) \bar{P}]^2} \simeq \frac{1}{u(x + \eta)s}$$



$$\bar{P}^+ = \frac{p^+ + p'^+}{2}$$

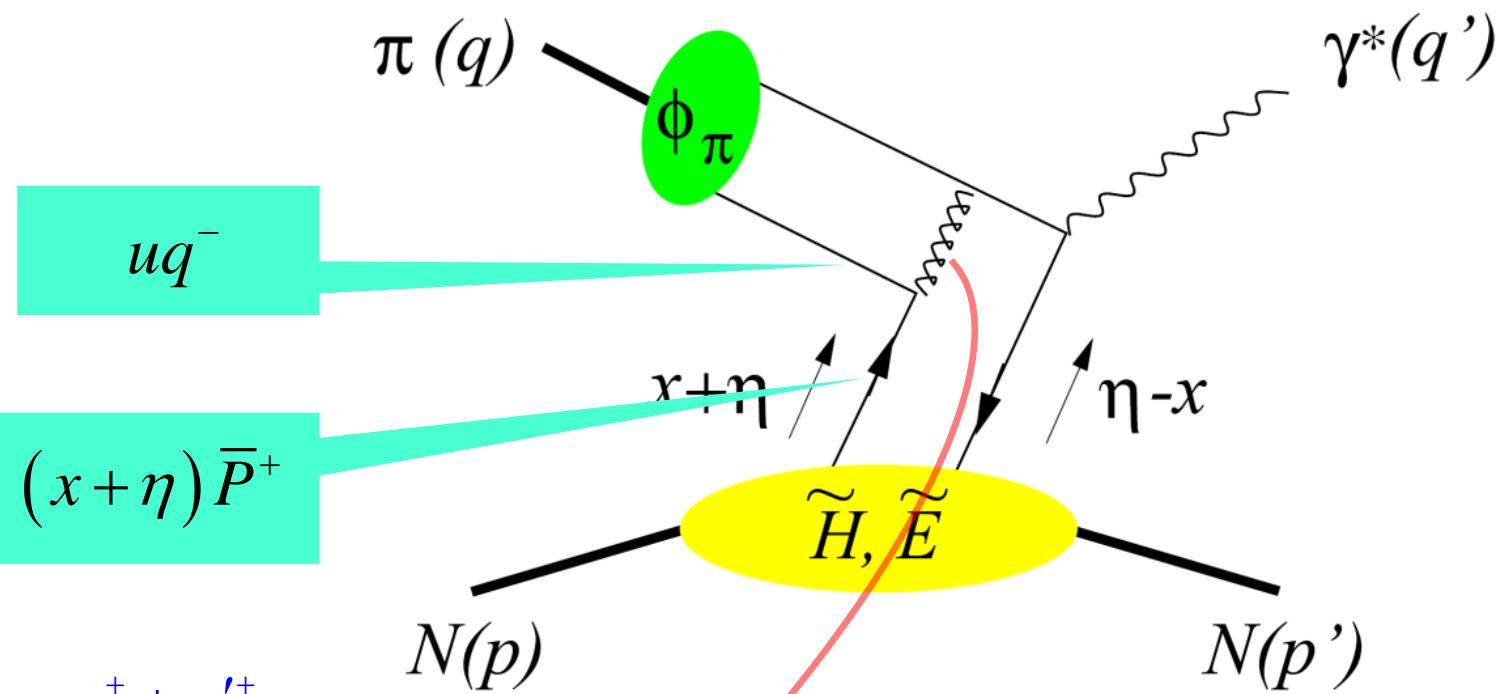
$$\frac{1}{\left[uq + (x + \eta)\bar{P} \right]^2 - \mathbf{k}_\perp^2} \simeq \frac{1}{u(x + \eta)s - \mathbf{k}_\perp^2}$$

Collinear factorization does not work at twist-3:

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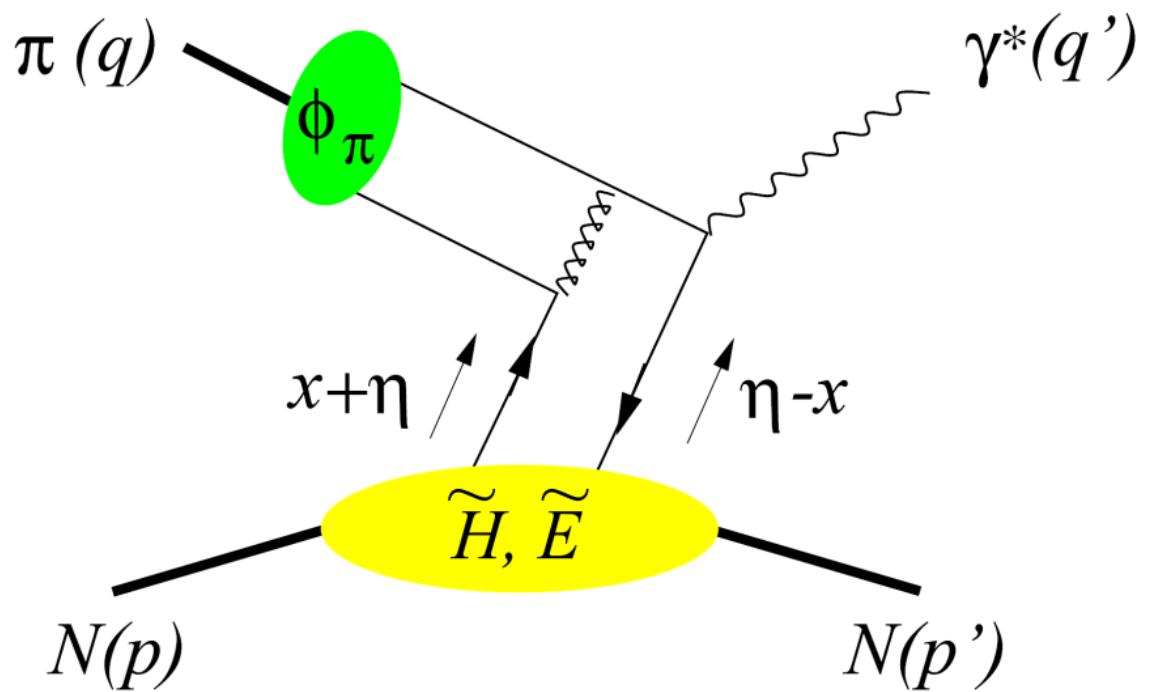
Collinear factorization does not work at twist-3:

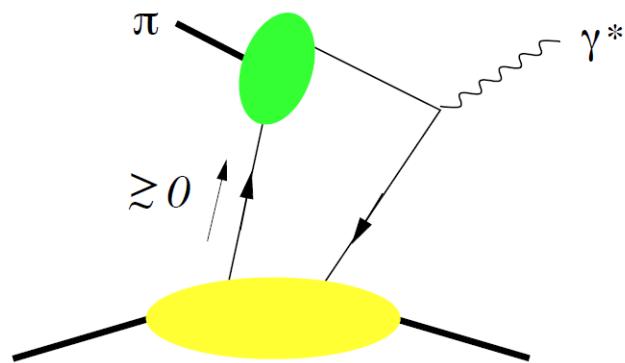
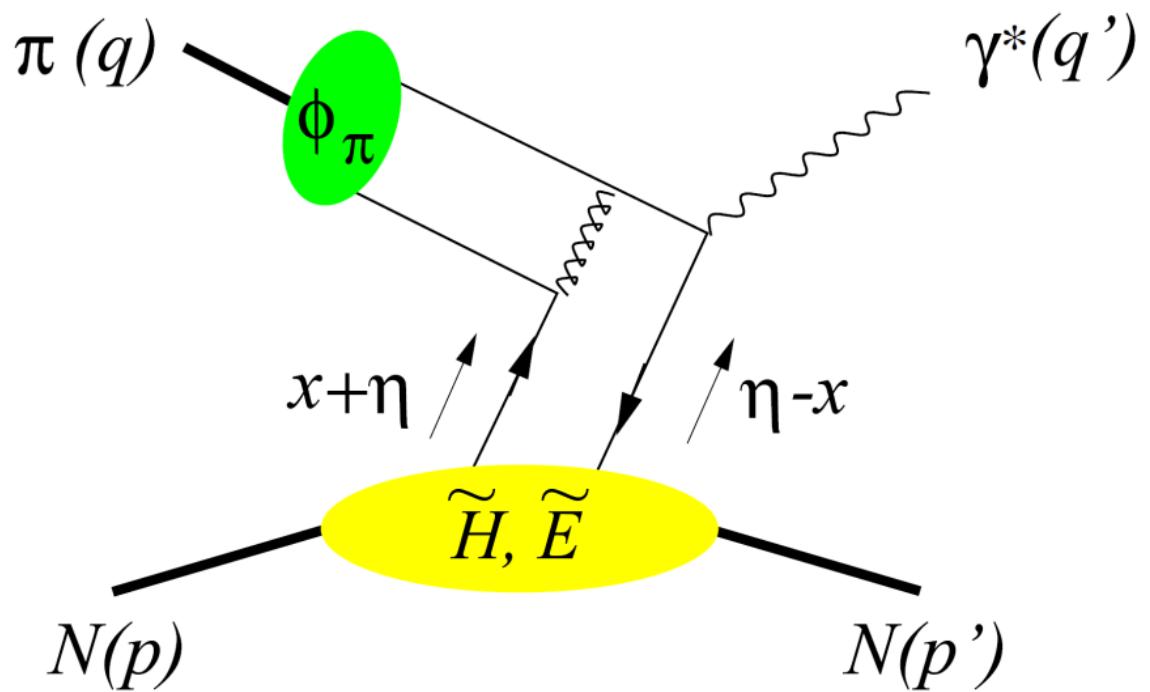
- quark k_{\perp} (" k_T -factorization") *Goloskokov, Kroll*
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Li, Sterman
- include "soft" propagator in long-distance part



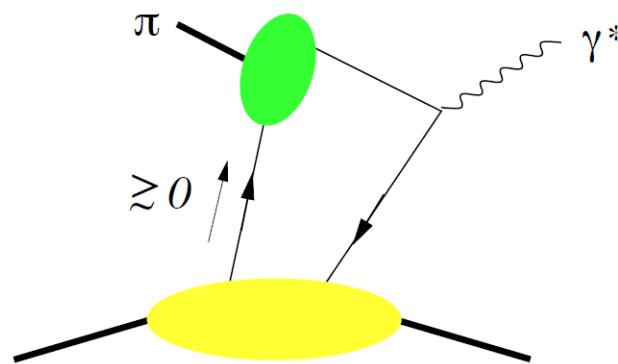
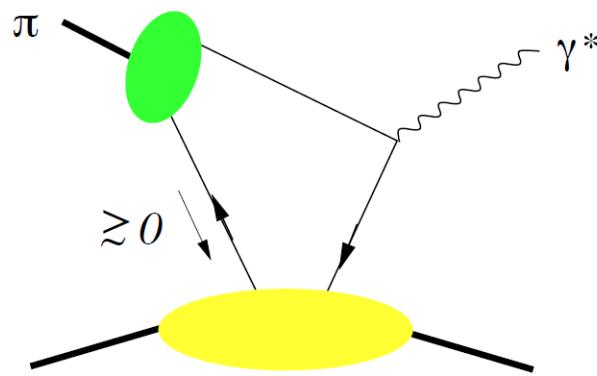
$$\bar{P}^+ = \frac{p^+ + p'^+}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{[uq + (x + \eta)\bar{P}]^2} \simeq \frac{1}{u(x + \eta)s}$$

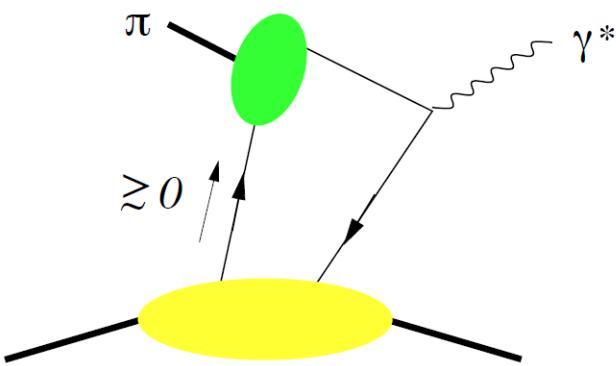
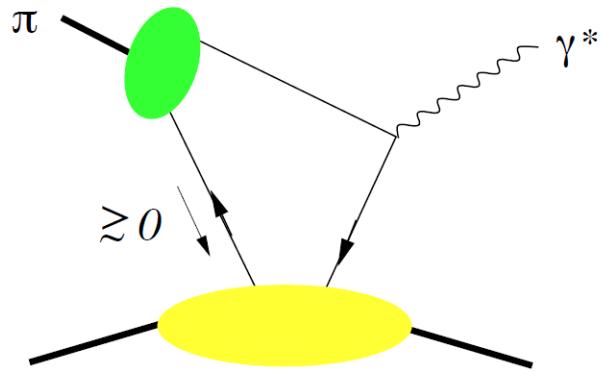




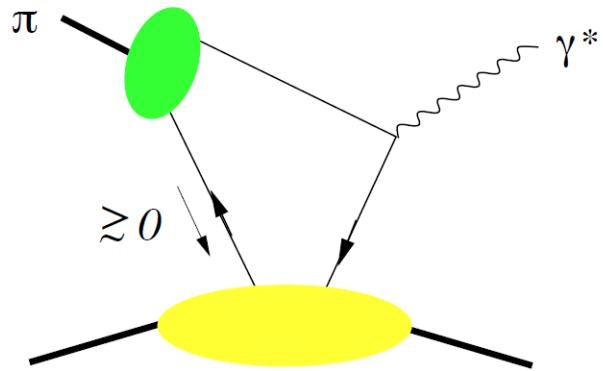
“nonfactorizable” mechanism



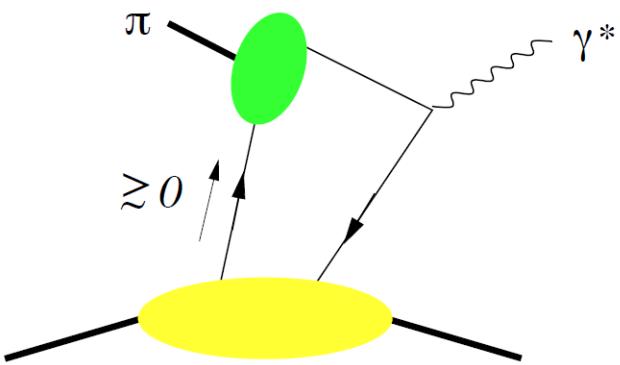
“nonfactorizable” mechanism



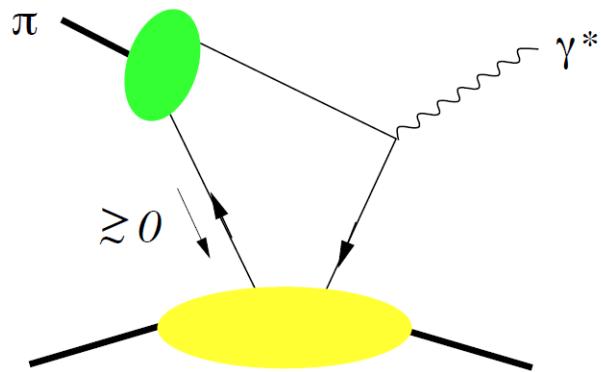
“nonfactorizable” mechanism



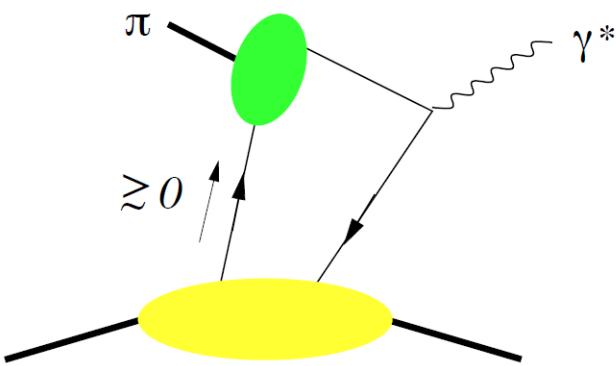
lower order in α_s



“nonfactorizable” mechanism



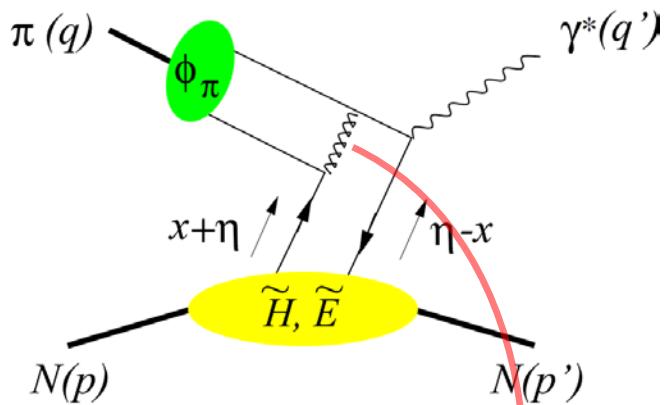
lower order in α_s



“Feynman mechanism”

Collinear factorization does not work at twist-3:

- quark k_{\perp} (" k_T -factorization") *Goloskokov, Kroll*
with Sudakov resummation
Li, Sterman
- include "soft" propagator in long-distance part
nonfactorizable "Feynman mechanism"
at lower order in α_s



Bjorken variable: $\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{2 p \cdot q}$

Skewness: $\eta = \frac{p^+ - p'^+}{p^+ + p'^+}$

long. photon

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt d(\cos\theta) d\varphi} = \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{256 \pi^3} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6} \sum_{\lambda', \lambda} |M^{0\lambda', \lambda}|^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$M^{0\lambda', \lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) = -ie \frac{4\pi}{3} \frac{f_\pi}{Q'} \frac{1}{(p+p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p'-p)^+}{2M} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) = \frac{8\alpha_S}{3} \int_0^1 du \frac{\phi_\pi(u)}{4u(1-u)} \int_{-1}^1 dx \left[\frac{e_d}{-\eta-x-i\epsilon} - \frac{e_u}{-\eta+x-i\epsilon} \right] [\tilde{H}^d(x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^u(x, \eta, t)]$$

$$\int \frac{dz^-}{2\pi} e^{ix\bar{P}^+ z^-} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(-\frac{z^-}{2}) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 \psi(\frac{z^-}{2}) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[\tilde{H}^q(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p) + \tilde{E}^q(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

$$\phi_\pi(u) \sim u(1-u)$$

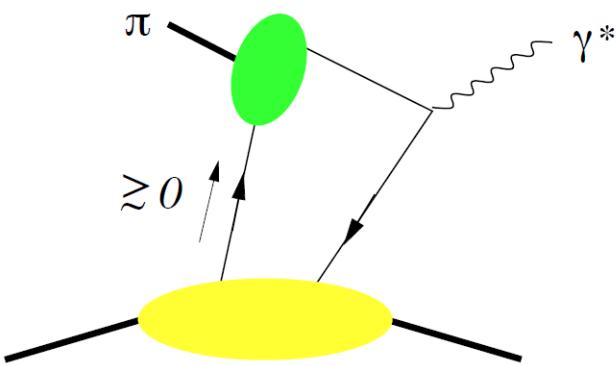
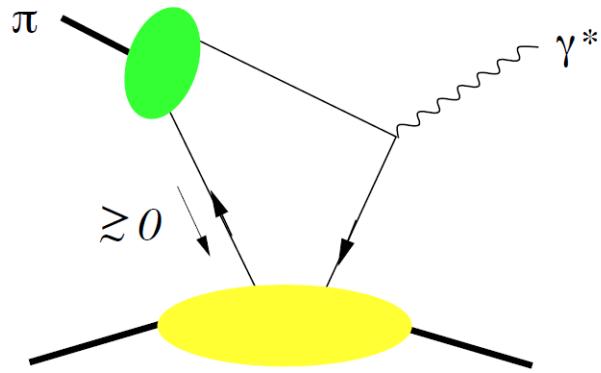
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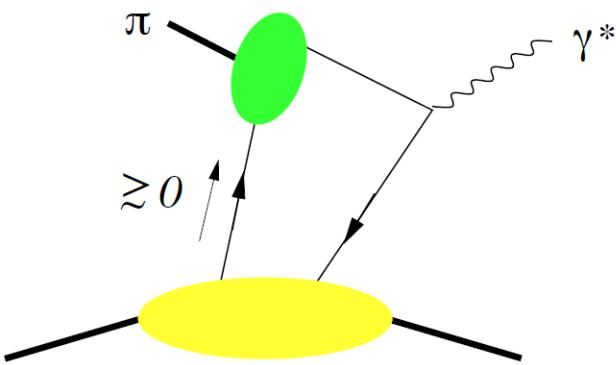
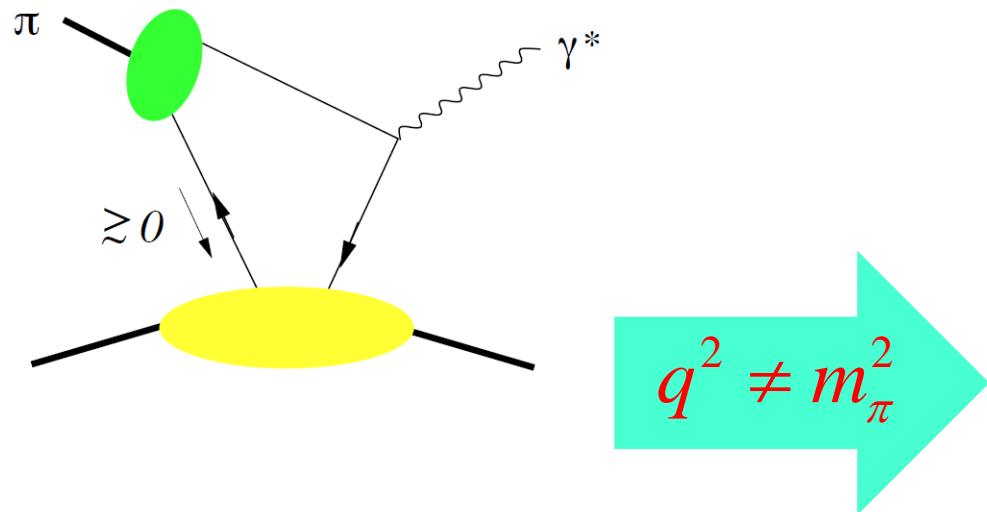
Collinear factorization does not work at twist-3:

- quark k_{\perp} (" k_T -factorization") Goloskokov, Kroll
with Sudakov resummation Li, Sterman
- include "soft" propagator in long-distance part
nonfactorizable "Feynman mechanism"
at lower order in α_s
relevant also for leading twist!

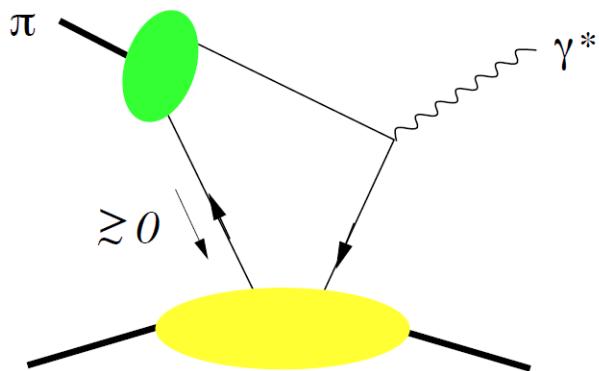
“nonfactorizable” mechanism



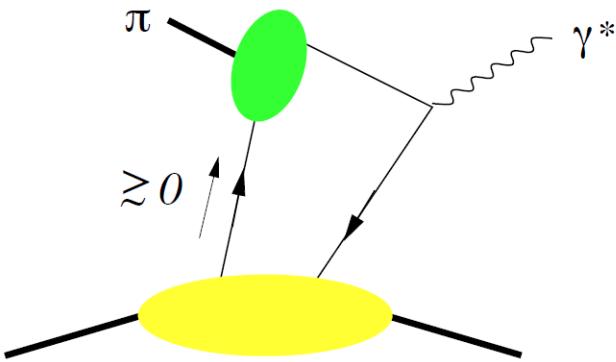
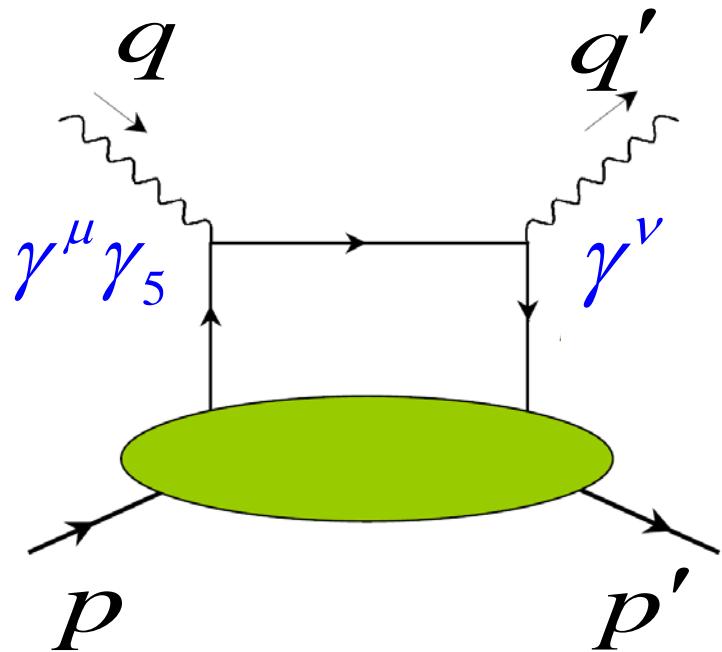
“nonfactorizable” mechanism



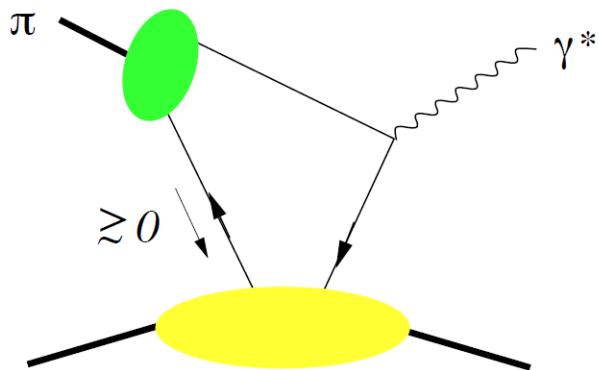
“nonfactorizable” mechanism



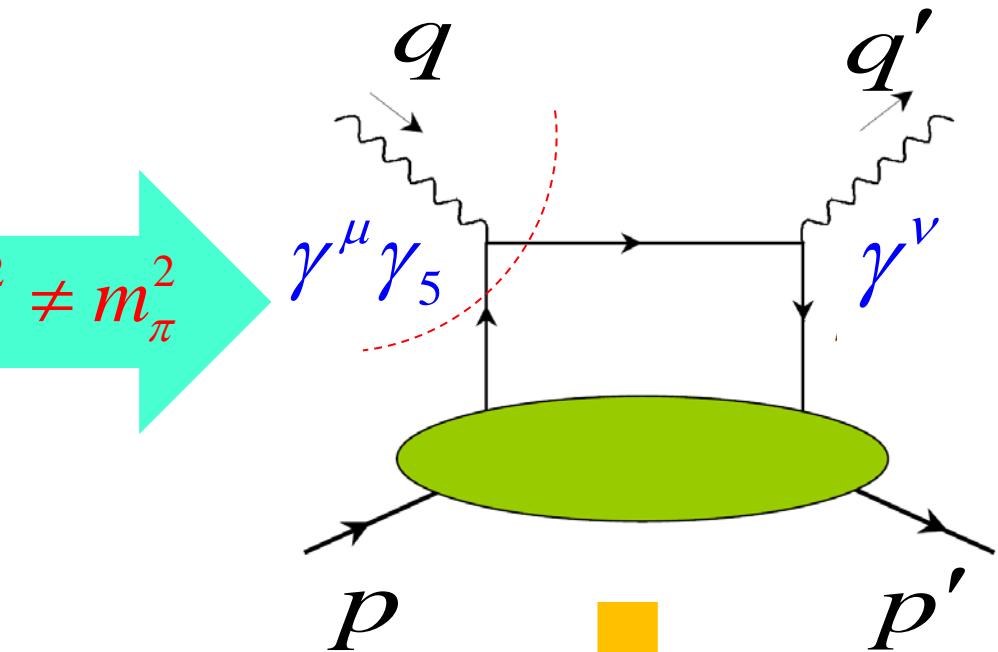
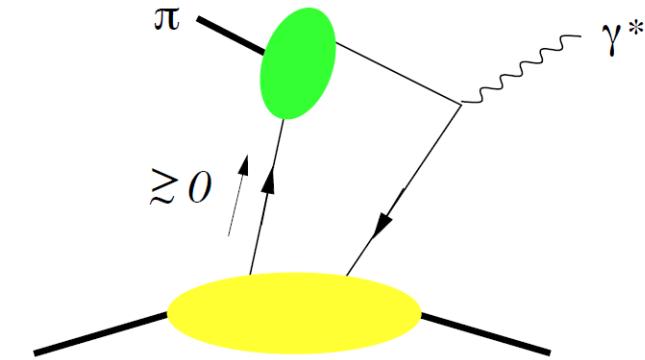
$q^2 \neq m_\pi^2$



“nonfactorizable” mechanism

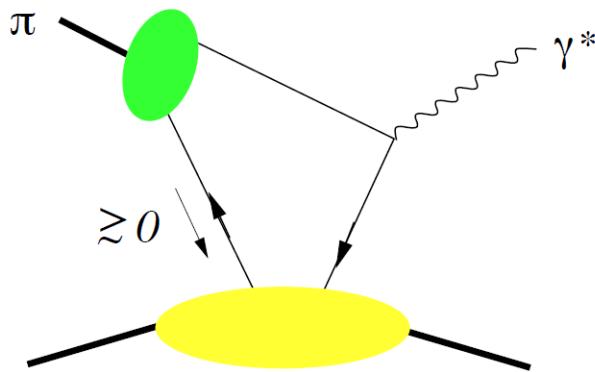


$q^2 \neq m_\pi^2$

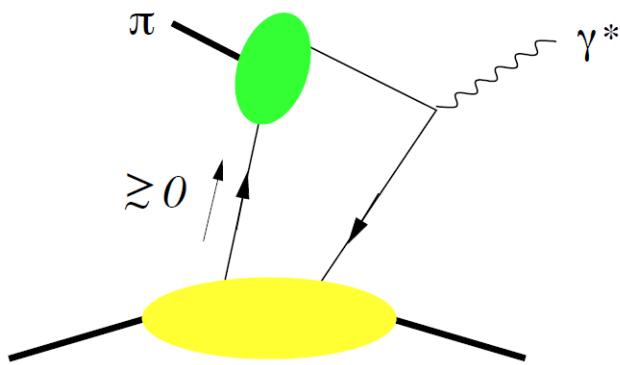
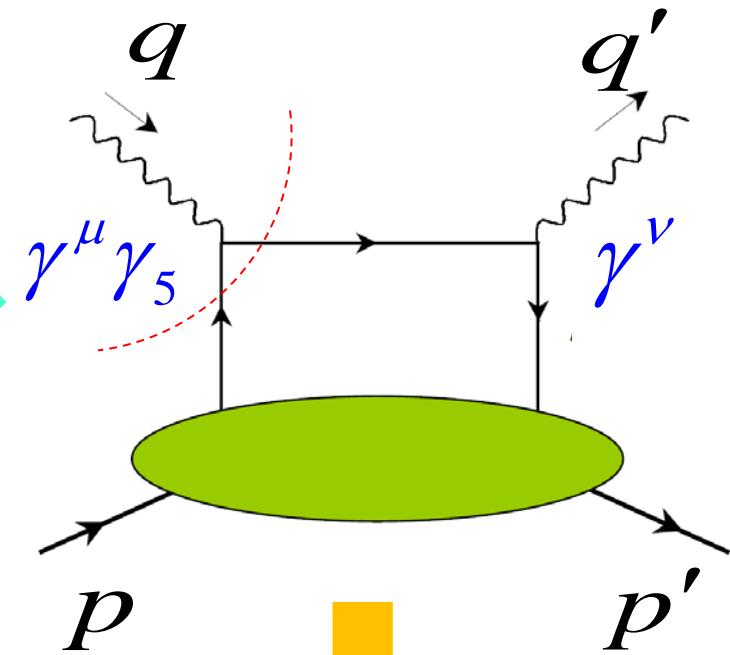


dispersion relation

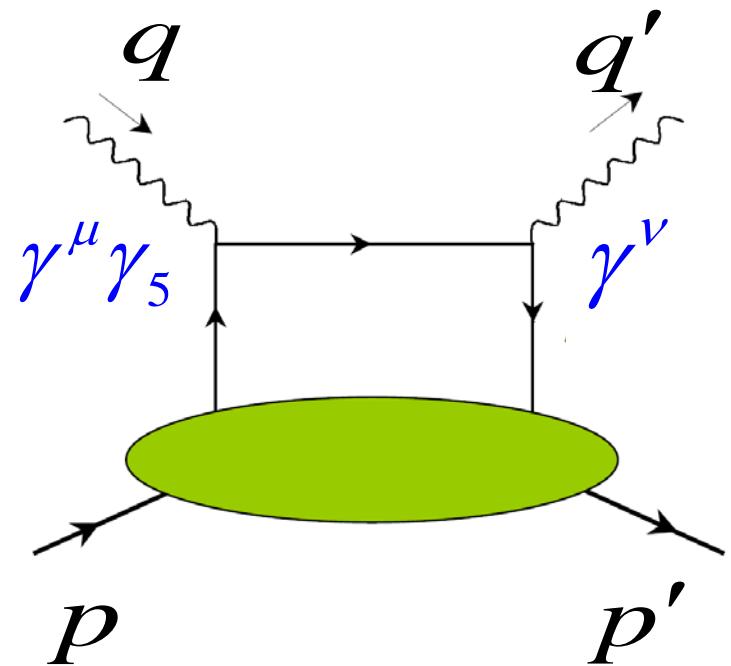
“nonfactorizable” mechanism



$q^2 \neq m_\pi^2$



dispersion relation
quark-hadron duality

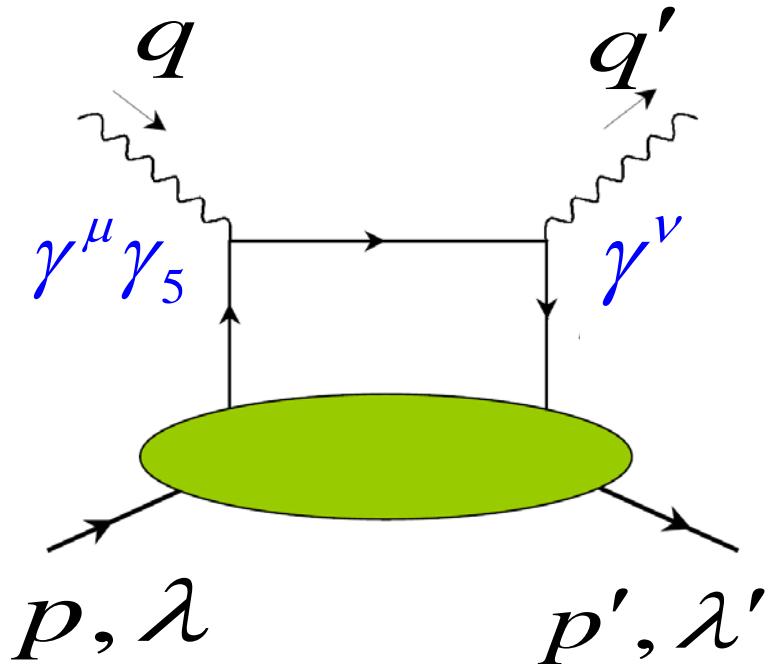


$$\int d^4x e^{iq' \cdot x} \langle p' \lambda' | T j_\mu^5(0) j_\nu^{\text{em}}(x) | p \lambda \rangle$$

$$\equiv -iT_{\mu\nu}$$

$$j_\mu^5 = \bar{d} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 u$$

$$j_\nu^{\text{em}} = e_u \bar{u} \gamma_\nu u + e_d \bar{d} \gamma_\nu d$$



$$\int\!d^4xe^{iq'\cdot x}\langle\,p'\lambda'|\,\text{T}\,j_\mu^5(0)j_\nu^\text{em}(x)|\,p\lambda\rangle$$

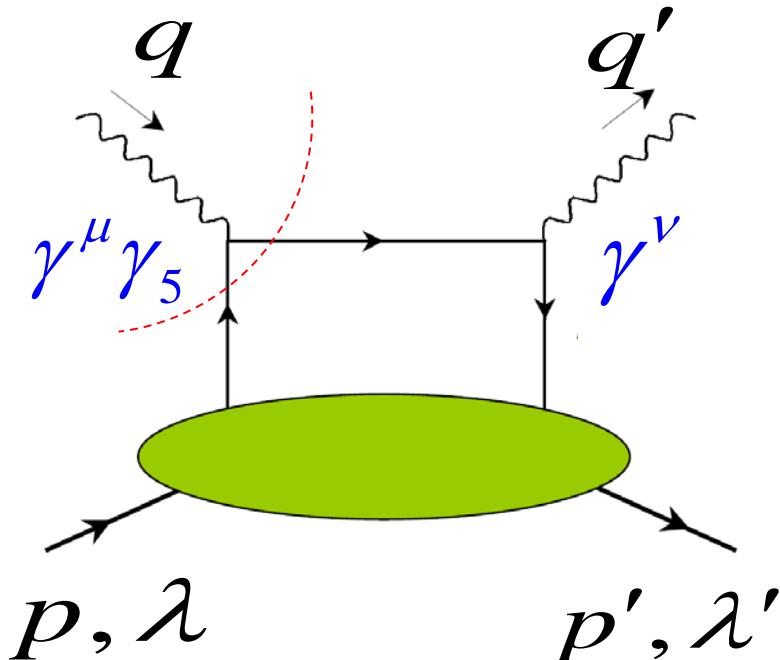
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$$j_\mu^5 = \overline{d} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 u$$

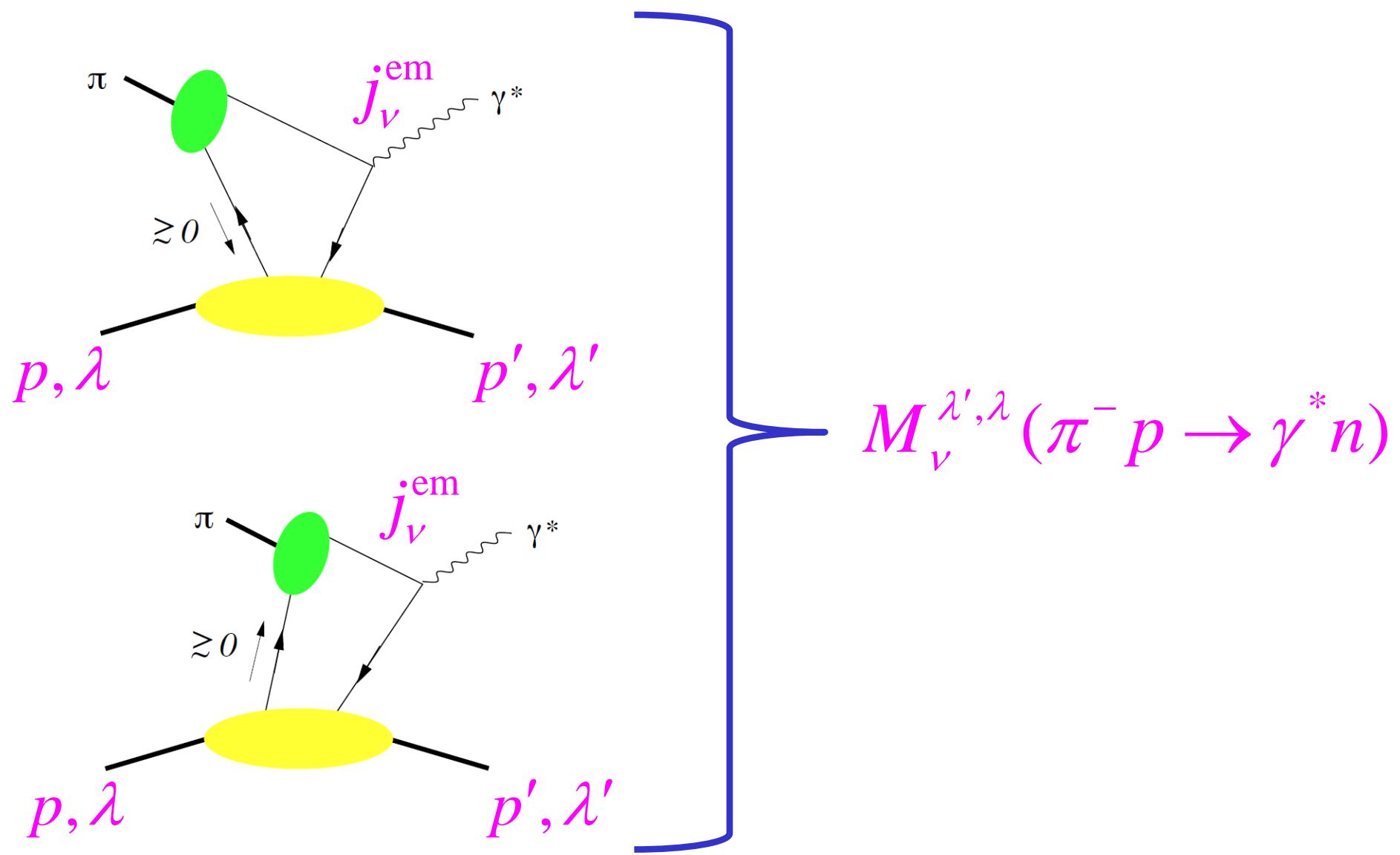
$$j_\nu^\text{em} = e_u \overline{u} \gamma_\nu u + e_d \overline{d} \gamma_\nu d$$

$$T_{\mu\nu}=iq_\mu f_\pi\frac{1}{q^2-m_\pi^2}M_\nu^{\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^-p\rightarrow\gamma^*n)+\cdots$$

$$\langle 0|\; j_\mu^5 \, | \pi^-(k)\rangle = i k_\mu f_\pi$$



“nonfactorizable” mechanism

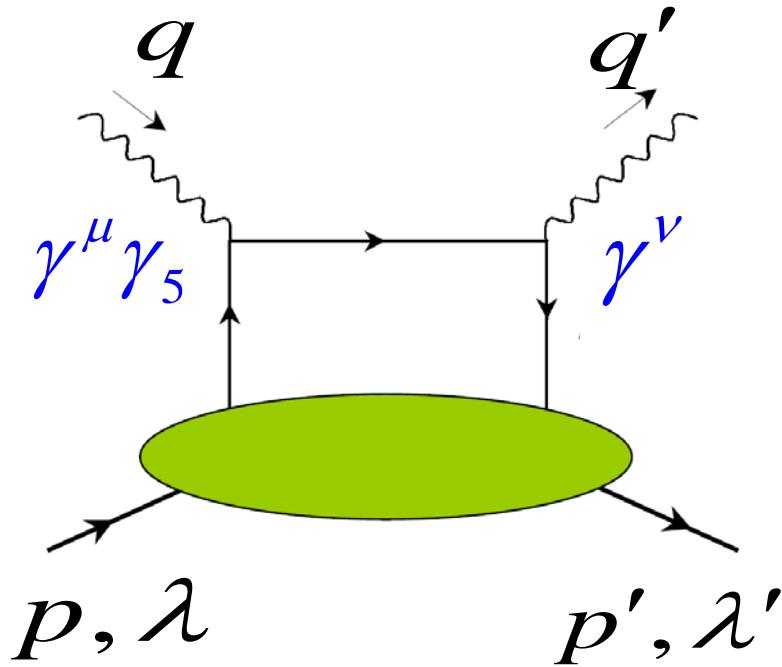


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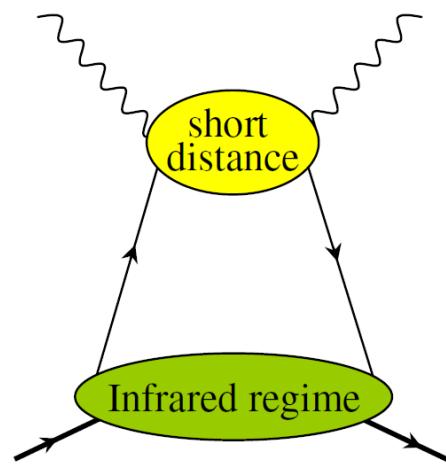
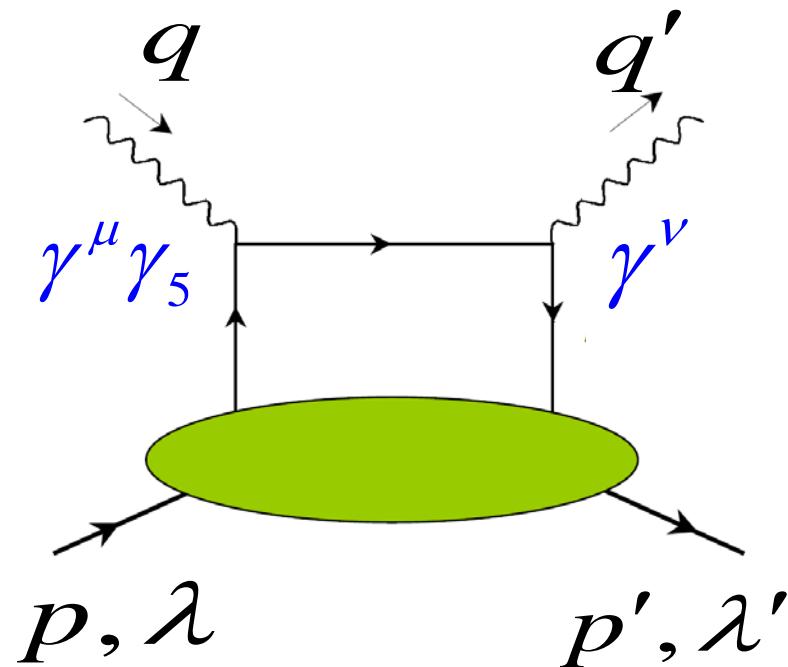
$$\int d^4x e^{iq' \cdot x} \langle p' \lambda' | T j_\mu^5(0) j_\nu^{\text{em}}(x) | p \lambda \rangle$$

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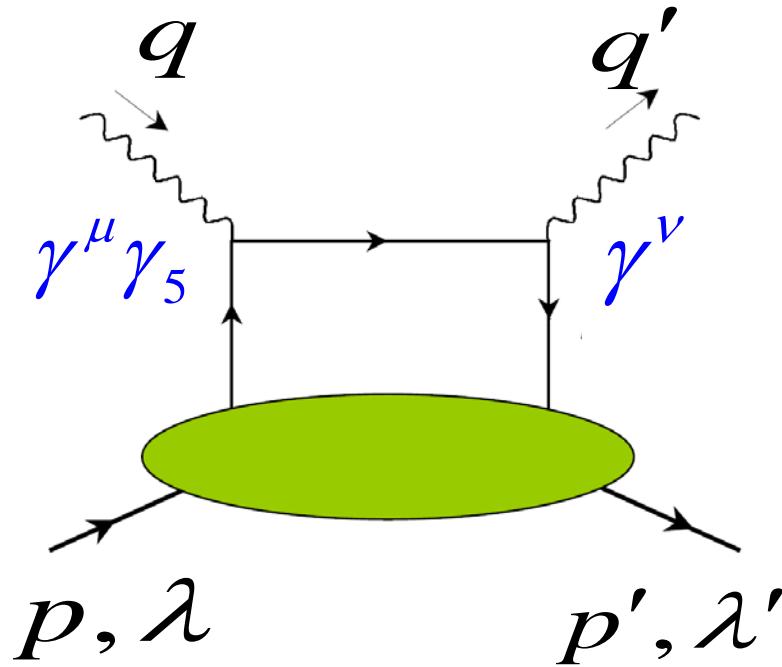
$$|q^2|, |q'^2| \gg \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2$$



$$\int d^4x e^{iq'\cdot x} \langle p' \lambda' | \mathbf{T} j_\mu^5(0) j_\nu^{\text{em}}(x) | p \lambda \rangle$$

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$$\left|q^2\right|,\left|q'^2\right|\gg\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2$$



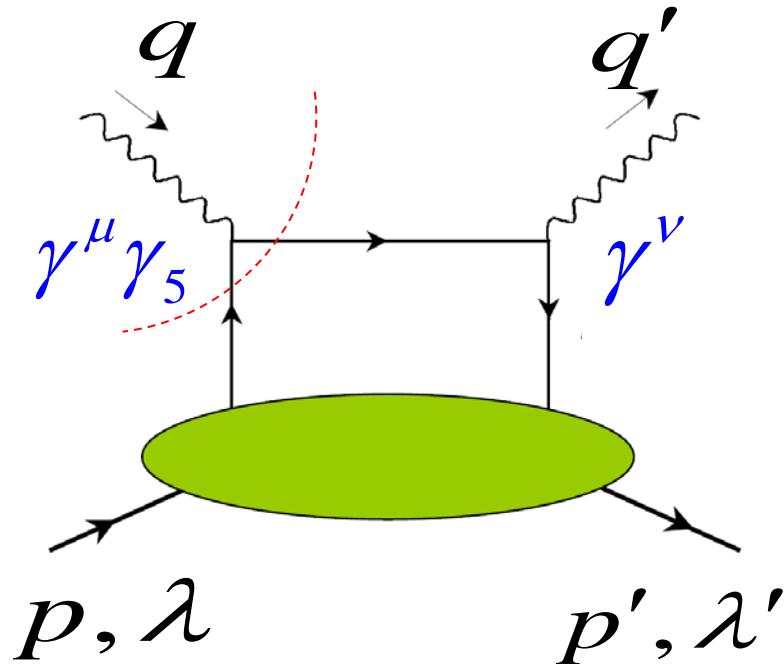
$$T_{\mu\nu} = -q_\mu g_\nu^- \int dx \frac{\frac{x+\eta}{2\eta}}{\frac{x-\eta}{2\eta} Q'^2 - \frac{x+\eta}{2\eta} q^2} \left\{ \left[e_u \tilde{H}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{H}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p \lambda) \right. \\ \left. + \left[e_u \tilde{E}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{E}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p \lambda) \right\} + \dots$$

$$\int d^4x e^{iq'\cdot x} \langle p' \lambda' | \mathbf{T} j_\mu^5(0) j_\nu^{\text{em}}(x) | p \lambda \rangle$$

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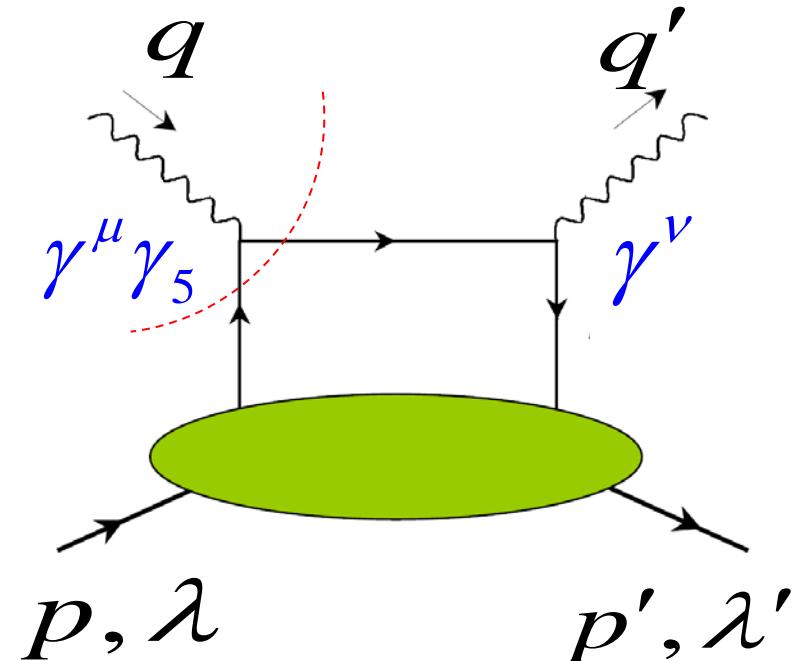
$$T_{\mu\nu} = iq_\mu f_\pi \frac{1}{q^2-m_\pi^2} M_\nu^{\lambda',\lambda} (\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) + \cdots$$

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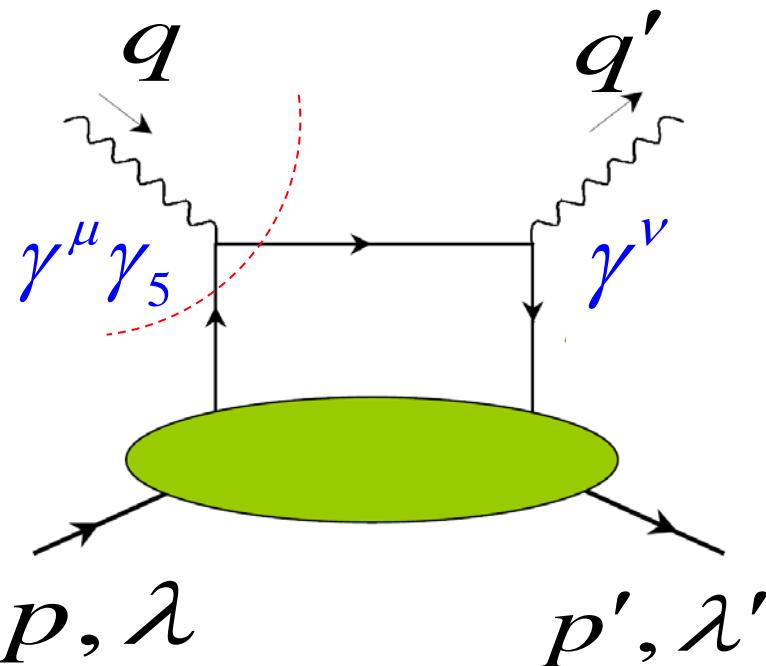
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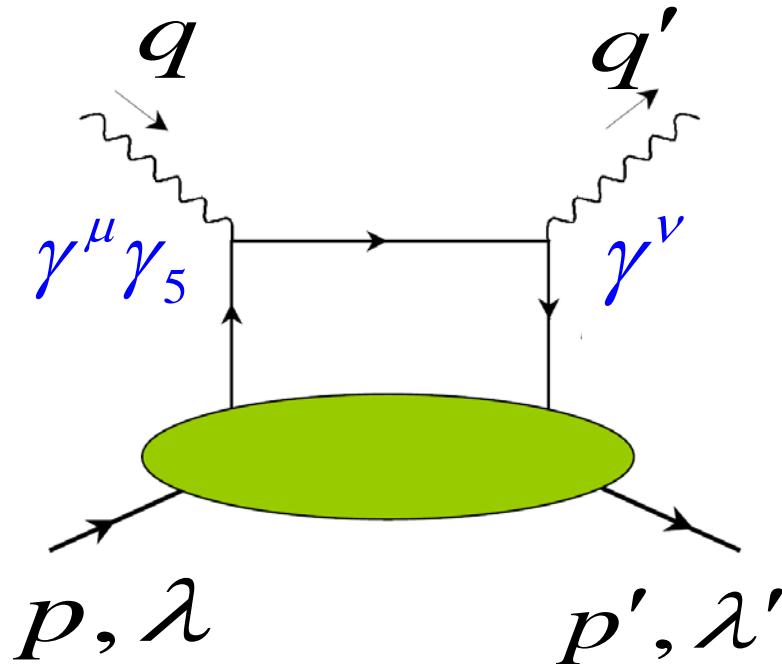
$$T_{\mu\nu} = iq_\mu \left[f_\pi \frac{1}{q^2-m_\pi^2} M_\nu^{\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) \right. \\ \left. + \int_{q_{\text{th}}^2}^\infty dm^2 \frac{\tilde{a}_\nu(m^2)}{q^2-m^2} \right] + \dots$$



$$\int d^4x e^{iq'\cdot x} \langle p' \lambda' | \mathbf{T} j_\mu^5(0) j_\nu^{\text{em}}(x) | p \lambda \rangle$$

$$\equiv -iT_{\mu\nu}$$

$$\left|q^2\right|,\left|q'^2\right|\gg\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2$$



$$T_{\mu\nu} = -q_\mu g_\nu^- \int dx \frac{x+\eta}{\frac{x-\eta}{2\eta} Q'^2 - \frac{x+\eta}{2\eta} q^2} \left\{ \left[e_u \tilde{H}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{H}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p \lambda) \right.$$

$$\left. + \left[e_u \tilde{E}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{E}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p \lambda) \right\} + \dots$$

$$M_{\nu}^{\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n)$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \frac{-i}{f_\pi} g_\nu^- \int_{\textcolor{red}{\eta}}^{\textcolor{red}{x_0}} dx ~ e^{-\frac{x-\eta}{x+\eta}\frac{Q'^2}{M_B^2}} \left\{ \left[e_u \tilde{H}^{du}(x,\eta,t) - e_d \tilde{H}^{du}(-x,\eta,t) \right] \overline{u}(p'\lambda') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p\lambda) \right. \\&\quad \left. + \left[e_u \tilde{E}^{du}(x,\eta,t) - e_d \tilde{E}^{du}(-x,\eta,t) \right] \overline{u}(p'\lambda') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p\lambda) \right\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{H}^{du}(x,\eta,t)=\tilde{H}^u(x,\eta,t)-\tilde{H}^d(x,\eta,t)$$

$$M_{\nu}^{\lambda', \lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{-i}{f_\pi} g_\nu^- \int_{\eta}^{\textcolor{red}{x_0}} dx \ e^{-\frac{x-\eta}{x+\eta} \frac{Q'^2}{M_B^2}} \left\{ \left[e_u \tilde{H}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{H}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p \lambda) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \left[e_u \tilde{E}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{E}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p \lambda) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{H}^{du}(x, \eta, t) = \tilde{H}^u(x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^d(x, \eta, t)$$

$$x_0 = \eta \frac{Q'^2 + q_{\text{th}}^2}{Q'^2 - q_{\text{th}}^2} \quad : \text{quark-hadron duality}$$

$$M_{\nu}^{\lambda', \lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{-i}{f_\pi} g_\nu \int_{\eta}^{\textcolor{red}{x_0}} dx \ e^{-\frac{x-\eta}{x+\eta} \frac{Q'^2}{M_B^2}} \left\{ \left[e_u \tilde{H}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{H}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p \lambda) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \left[e_u \tilde{E}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{E}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p \lambda) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{H}^{du}(x, \eta, t) = \tilde{H}^u(x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^d(x, \eta, t)$$

$$x_0 = \eta \frac{Q'^2 + q_{\text{th}}^2}{Q'^2 - q_{\text{th}}^2} \quad : \text{quark-hadron duality}$$

$$\text{Borel trnsf.}: \quad \hat{L}_{M_B} \left(\frac{1}{m^2 - q^2} \right) = \frac{1}{M_B^2} e^{-\frac{m^2}{M_B^2}}$$

$$M_{\nu}^{\lambda', \lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n)$$

“Light-cone QCD SR (LCSR)”

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{-i}{f_\pi} g_\nu \int_{\eta}^{x_0} dx \ e^{-\frac{x-\eta}{x+\eta} \frac{Q'^2}{M_B^2}} \left\{ \left[e_u \tilde{H}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{H}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p \lambda) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \left[e_u \tilde{E}^{du}(x, \eta, t) - e_d \tilde{E}^{du}(-x, \eta, t) \right] \bar{u}(p' \lambda') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p \lambda) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{H}^{du}(x, \eta, t) = \tilde{H}^u(x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^d(x, \eta, t)$$

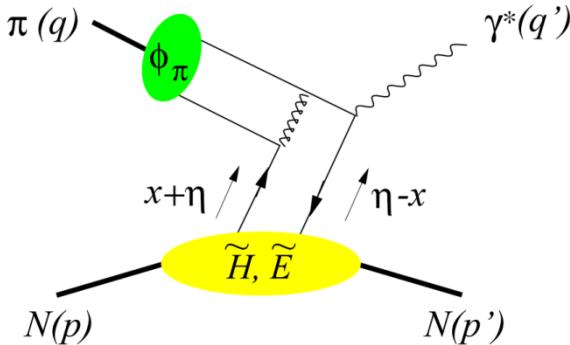
$$x_0 = \eta \frac{Q'^2 + q_{\text{th}}^2}{Q'^2 - q_{\text{th}}^2} \quad : \text{quark-hadron duality}$$

$$\text{Borel trnsf.: } \hat{L}_{M_B} \left(\frac{1}{m^2 - q^2} \right) = \frac{1}{M_B^2} e^{-\frac{m^2}{M_B^2}}$$

long. photon

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt d(\cos \theta) d\varphi} = \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{256 \pi^3} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6} \sum_{\lambda', \lambda} |M^{0\lambda', \lambda}|^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{2 p \cdot q} \quad \eta = \frac{p^+ - p'^+}{p^+ + p'^+}$$



factorization

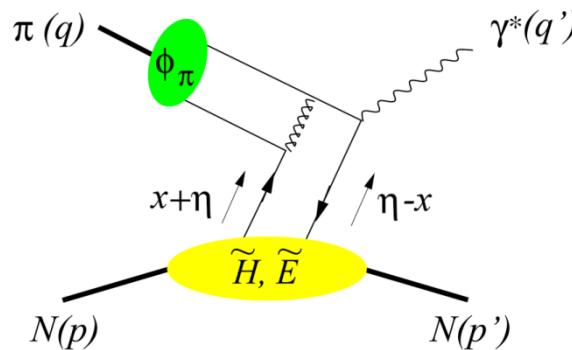
$$M^{0\lambda', \lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) = -ie \frac{4\pi}{3} \frac{f_\pi}{Q'} \frac{1}{(p+p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p'-p)^+}{2M} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) = \frac{8\alpha_S}{3} \int_0^1 du \frac{\phi_\pi(u)}{4u(1-u)} \int_{-1}^1 dx \left[\frac{e_d}{-\eta-x-i\epsilon} - \frac{e_u}{-\eta+x-i\epsilon} \right] [\tilde{H}^d(x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^u(x, \eta, t)]$$

long. photon

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt d(\cos\theta) d\varphi} = \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{256\pi^3} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6} \sum_{\lambda',\lambda} |M^{0\lambda',\lambda}|^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{2 p \cdot q} \quad \eta = \frac{p^+ - p'^+}{p^+ + p'^+}$$



factorization

$$M^{0\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) = -ie \frac{4\pi}{3} \frac{f_\pi}{Q'} \frac{1}{(p+p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p'-p)^+}{2M} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

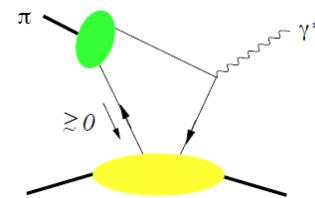
$$\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) = \frac{8\alpha_S}{3} \int_0^1 du \frac{\phi_\pi(u)}{4u(1-u)} \int_{-1}^1 dx \left[\frac{e_d}{-\eta-x-i\epsilon} - \frac{e_u}{-\eta+x-i\epsilon} \right] [\tilde{H}^d(x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^u(x, \eta, t)]$$

LCSR for nonfactorizable amp.

$$M_{\text{LCSR}}^{0\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n)$$

$$= -ie \frac{4q_{\text{th}}^2 \eta^2}{f_\pi Q' (1-\eta)^2} \frac{1}{(p+p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{H}_{\text{LCSR}}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p'-p)^+}{2M} \tilde{E}_{\text{LCSR}}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

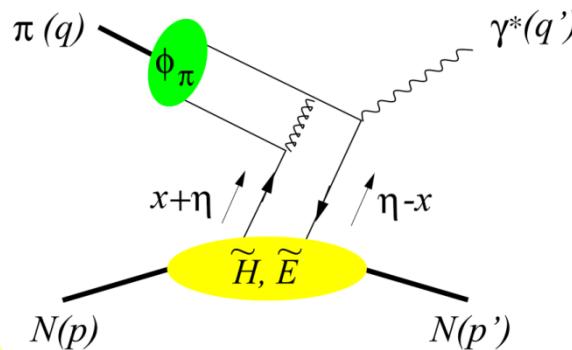
$$\tilde{H}_{\text{LCSR}}^{du}(\eta, t) = \frac{Q'^2 (1-\eta)^2}{8\eta^3 q_{\text{th}}^2} \int_{\eta}^{x_0} dx e^{-\frac{x-\eta}{x+\eta} \frac{Q'^2}{M_B^2}} \left\{ e_d \left[\tilde{H}^d(-x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^u(-x, \eta, t) \right] - e_u \left[x \rightarrow -x \right] \right\}$$



long. photon

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt d(\cos\theta) d\varphi} = \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{256\pi^3} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^6} \sum_{\lambda',\lambda} |M^{0\lambda',\lambda}|^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{2p \cdot q} \quad \eta = \frac{p^+ - p'^+}{p^+ + p'^+}$$



factorization

$$M^{0\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) = -ie \frac{\tau}{3} \frac{1}{Q'} \frac{1}{(p-p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p'-p)^+}{2M} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

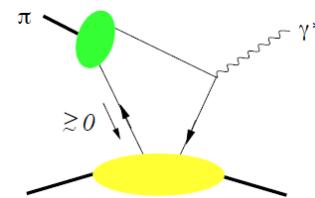
$$\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) = \frac{8\alpha_S}{3} \int_0^1 du \frac{\phi_\pi(u)}{4u(1-u)} \int_{-1}^1 dx \left[\frac{e_d}{-\eta - x - i\epsilon} - \frac{e_u}{-\eta + x - i\epsilon} \right] [\tilde{H}^d(x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^u(x, \eta, t)]$$

LCSR for nonfactorizable amp.

$$M_{\text{LCSR}}^{0\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n)$$

$$= -ie \frac{q_{\text{th}}^2}{f_\pi Q'} \frac{1}{(p+p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{\mathcal{H}}_{\text{LCSR}}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p'-p)^+}{2M} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}_{\text{LCSR}}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{H}}_{\text{LCSR}}^{du}(\eta, t) = \frac{Q'^2}{2\eta q_{\text{th}}^2} \int_\eta^{x_0} dx \left[e_d \frac{\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \omega^2}{\gamma^+ + \eta \omega_B} \left\{ e_d \left[\tilde{H}^d(-x, \eta, t) - \tilde{H}^u(-x, \eta, t) \right] - e_u \left[x \rightarrow -x \right] \right\} \right]$$



Summary & ToDo

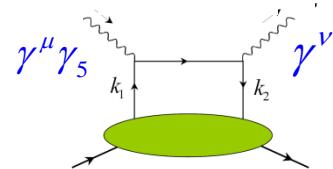
$\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- n$ at J-PARC

GPDs

LO ($O(\alpha_s^2)$) factorization formula is known, but it misses soft nonfactorizable mechanism (SNM)

LCSR at LO ($O(\alpha_s^0)$) is derived for largely model-independent estimate for SNM

$$\tilde{H}, \tilde{E}, q_{\text{th}}^2 (\sim 0.7 \text{ GeV}^2)$$



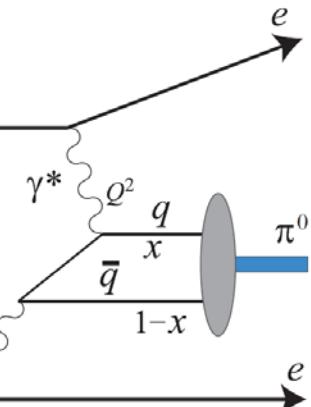
- numerical calculation at LO!
- NLO LCSR \longleftrightarrow quark k_\perp , pion pole contri.
- twist-3 LCSR \longrightarrow $M_{\text{LCSR}}^{\pm 1\lambda',\lambda}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma n)$

interplay of soft/hard QCD mechanism

Exclusive lepton pair production in πN scattering

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- n$$

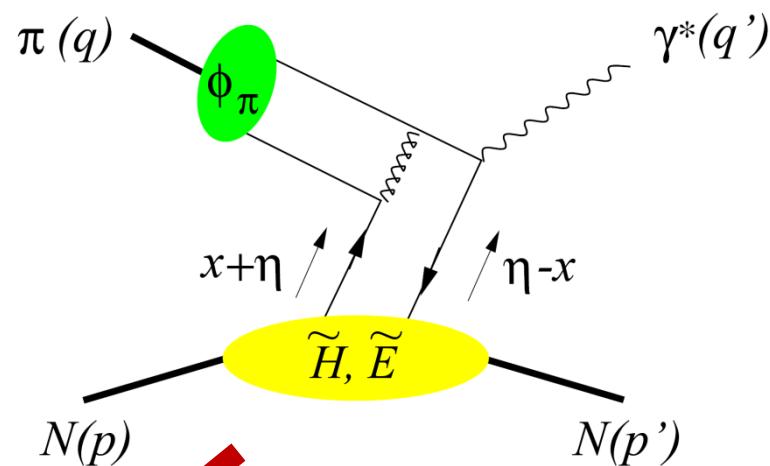
Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265



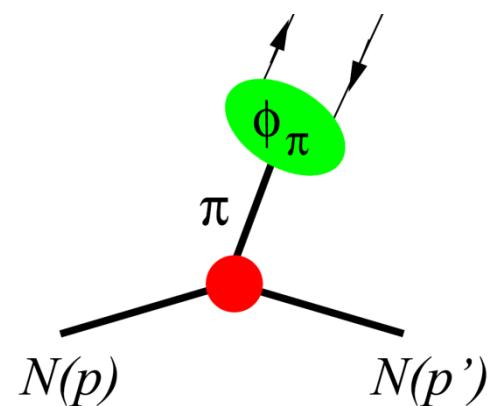
@Belle, Babar

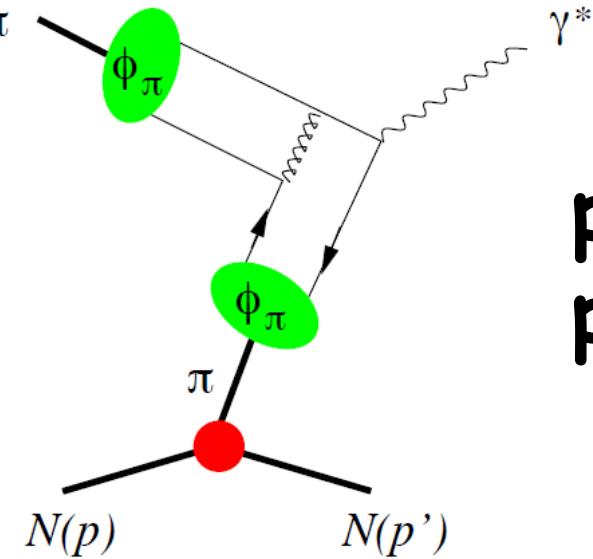
"exclusive limit of DY"

small $t = (q - q')^2$



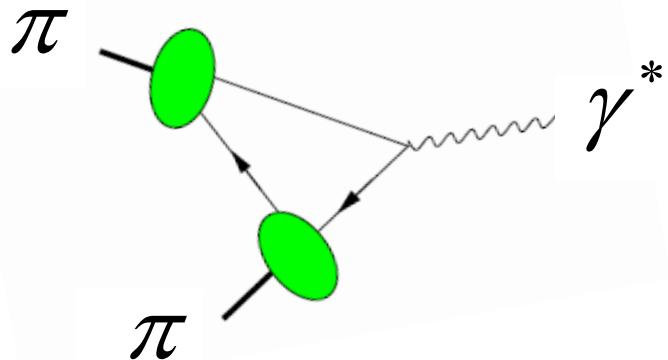
$$\Delta q(x) \xrightarrow{t \rightarrow 0}$$





**pion-pole contribution using
pion form factor $F_\pi(Q'^2)$**
Goloskokov, Kroll

$F_\pi(Q'^2)$: important soft nonfactorizable
contr. was shown with LCSR



Braun, Khodjamirian, Maul